$200,000 WILL FIGHT IS OPENED

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8 P.M. EDITION

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$3,000,000 SAVINGS BANK FAILURE

Greenfield Institution Closed by Order of the Court—Money Lost in Real Estate Transactions, 7,000 Depositors Will Suffer.

GREENFIELD, Feb. 1.—The Greenfield Savings Bank failed to-day. It was closed by State Bank Commissioner Pierre Jay. Judge Sheldon, in the Supreme Judicial Court of Boston, granted an injunction against the bank and gave a judicial order for its close.

The cause of the failure is given by Bank Commissioner Jay as bad real estate investments.

The statement of the condition of the bank on January 30 shows that it held $2,838,075 deposits. There are 7,000 depositors, mostly poor people—mill workers, factory hands and small farmers.

The balance sheet of the bank shows that its real estate loans aggregated $1,708,277. This is not the sum total of the real estate investments of the institution. It also holds $125,892 worth of real estate by foreclosure, and appears as owner of real estate value at $222,050. These figures are given as book value in the list of assets of the bank. It is not believed that anything like the sum that these items represent—$1,547,119—can be realized.

Failure Creates Tremendous Excitement.

The failure has created a tremendous sensation, and a large crowd surrounded the office of the institution all day. The failure is a severe blow to the city. Officers of the institution refused to make any statement as to the bank's failure and what the prospect is for the depositors. All inquiries were referred to Bank Commissioner Pierre Jay. Proceedings in the closing of the bank were brought through Attorney-General Malone.

Suspension Came As Great Surprise.

Nothing was known or even hinted of the suspension of the bank till the following notice was put up on the doors of the bank at opening time to-day:

"The Supreme Judicial Court has temporarily enjoined the Greenfield Savings Bank from receiving or paying deposits.

(signed) "PIERRE JAY,
"Bank Commissioner."

Crowds gathered in the street in front of the bank to read the notice which meant so much to them. Following the posting of the notice President Robert Abercrombie gave out the following statement to the public:

"I urgently advise all depositors of the Greenfield Savings Bank not to dispose of their deposit books at a discount, because after a short suspension of dividends, which I conclude will be not over two or three years, the bank will open again and resume business.

"Those who then desire to dispose of their books may do so at their full present value. (Signed)

"ROBERT ABERCROMBIE, "President."

Injunction Issued By Judge Sheldon.

The closing down of the bank followed action taken to-day in the Supreme Court in Boston. Justice Sheldon at that court to-day issued a temporary injunction restraining the bank from doing business or in the premises until it would be heard for the depositors for the bank to keep on receiving deposits. Bank Commissioner Jay asked for the injunction. He told the court that he had found that the assets of the bank could not be readily realized upon.

The Greenfield Savings Bank opened for business and was incorporated March 19, 1868. Robert Abercrombie is president; William F. Aiken, brother of Chief Justice Aiken of the Superior Court is treasurer, and the Board of Investment includes besides President Abercrombie, William A. Forbes, Seuren B. Slate, Levi J. Gunn and John H. Sanderson.

Bad Investments Says Pierre Jay.

Pierre Jay, bank commissioner, issued the following statement as to the failure:

"At a conference on Saturday afternoon with the trustees of the Greenfield Savings Bank following the recent examination, I advised that as a considerable proportion of its real estate is certain to call for little or no interest and appears unproductive and its normal earning capacity is consequently impaired, the bank should cease to receive or pay deposits until its real estate can be made productive and its value established.

"The trustees concurred with this view and application has been made to the Supreme Judicial Court to enjoin the bank from receiving or paying deposits until further order of the court. This step is taken in the interest of all the depositors, and its effect is to suspend dividends during the period of injunction.

"The affairs of the bank will be administered by its trustees, under the supervision of this department. The trustees will be authorized in cases of necessity to make loans to depositors on the security of their deposit books.

"Under this plan with a minimum of

Continued on Page 2, Column 1.

WAIT!---FOR TWO OR THREE YEARS!

The bank has only $2,403 cash on hand, although it has $130,000 deposited in other banks.

OPEN FIGHT FOR ESTATE OF $200,000

Judge George Jared Is distinguished array of counsel when the petition of Miss Susanne Wyman that a conservator be appointed for her estate, estimated at $200,000, came up in the Probate Court to-day. An opposing petition is by Mrs. Sallie Williams, her sister, and other relatives, who want a guardian instead of a conservator.

Miss Wyman is eighty-five years old and lives in the famous Wyman homestead at No. 80 Lamont avenue, Roxbury. There are three interests represented at the hearing. Attorney Charles H. Choate appeared for Miss Wyman, Attorney Herbert Parker for H. Irving Keiser, a nephew of the wealthy octogenarian, and Attorney Samuel H. Elder for Mrs. Williams.

There was a lengthy argument between counsel when the court took up the case as to procedure and Judge George decided to hear Miss Wyman's petition first. The first witness was Attorney Charles F. Offin, who was called in an advisory capacity by Choate.

Mrs. Wyman, dressed in a fashionable overcoat, was present. She was accompanied by her friend, Mrs. Isabella Treat.

FINISH CANAL IN SIX YEARS

PANAMA, Feb. 1.—The Panama canal will be finished within six years, according to a position made to-day by Colonel Goethals to President-elect William H. Taft.

Ships will be passing through the canal by Jan. 1, 1915," was the promise made by Goethals. It came after Mr. Taft and the party of special engineers had finished their inspection of Culebra Cut. They made the trip to and from the Cut in a special train.

Colonel Goethals declared he and Taft were delighted with the progress made on the cut, and that his enthusiasm was shared by all the engineers.

BOY DIES OF A CAT BITE

LOWELL, Feb. 1.—Emilio Milot, ten years old, died at the Lowell Hospital to-day from hydrophobia. The boy was bitten by a cat several months ago. He was supposed to have recovered. Last week he became sick and grew rapidly worse. He was taken to the hospital Friday night and died there to-day.

HELD ON CHARGE OF EMBEZZLEMENT

Harry S. Heath, held on the charge of embezzling $250 from the Mutual Life Insurance Company of Binghamton, N. Y., is not, as he told Inspector Knox when arrested last night, a member of the famous Ithan Cornell crew. He was arrested last night in the corridor of the Tourraine in this city. It is said he followed a show girl here.

OLD-TIME CONDUCTOR DEAD

Joseph Hoyt, a conductor on the Boston & Maine before the time it merged with the old Eastern Railroad, died at the Newburyport almshouse to-day from old age. He was one of the first popular men on the road in the old days and was given a cold watch by the patrons riding between Newburyport and Boston.

EXPERTS AT ODDS OVER POISON CLUE

LOWELL, Feb. 1.—William T. Boss, physiological chemist at the Massachusetts General Hospital, was a witness to-day for the defence in the trial of Napoleon Rivet for the murder of Joseph Gallioux, in an effort to offset the testimony of Professor Whitney, who, testifying for the Commonwealth, declared that he found traces of sulphuric acid in a sample of Gallioux's blood taken from a clot found near the body.

Dr. Boss admitted that he found traces of the acid in the sample of the blood sent to him, but declared that the symptoms shown by the dead man were not consistent with sulphuric acid poisoning.

"I did not find any trace of sulphuric acid in the sample of the stomach contents sent to me," declared the doctor. "Neither did I find any trace of an irritant or poison in the sample of the stomach lining which I examined."

Dr. Boss stated that he had examined the contents of the whiskey glass found near the dead body of Gallioux and found in the contents traces of crude sulphuric acid or oil of vitriol.

"I do not think, however," declared the doctor, "that the symptoms described are consistent with sulphuric acid poisoning. Where enough acid is taken to produce vomiting it seems immediately, or at least within half an hour."

Dr. Boss was preceded on the witness stand by Joseph Durant and Arthur Beaudry. They testified that they were with Rivet between 10 and 11 o'clock on the night of the murder in Richard's saloon, the time when the prosecution alleges that the crime was committed. They declared that he was with Rivet as late as 11 o'clock.

Attorney Bent in his opening declared he would prove that the defendant was free from the plumbing shop, on Hall street, where Gallioux's body was found, at the hour when the prosecution alleges the crime was committed.

GUNBOATS OFF FOR THE MOROS

MANILA, Feb. 1.—Three gunboats departed to-day for Jolo Island, where the warlike Moros are again reported to be making trouble.

The outcome of the campaign is awaited with anxiety, as the Moros are said to have 2,000 rifles and an unlimited store of ammunition.

URGE STATE TO PAY TOWNS FOR PAUPERS

Members of boards of overseers of the poor throughout the State to-day asked the Public Charities Committee of the Legislature to act favorably on their petition to change the present laws so that the Commonwealth may reimburse cities and towns for the support of paupers when no heirs of the cases are not given within sixty days. The law now provides that notice to the State authorities must be given within sixty days.

MRS. STIRLING OWNS SHE WAS INDISCREET

EDINBURGH, Feb. 1.—Manifesting deep anxiety for the first time since her divorce petition came to trial, Mrs. Clara Stirling broke down on the witness stand, and in tears admitted that she had been indiscreet with Lord Northland, named by her husband as corresponded in his counter action.

EARTHQUAKE IN MEXICO.

MEXICO CITY, Feb. 1.—A slight earthquake to-day was the second here within forty-eight hours. Cracks have appeared in some buildings in the city, but no further damage has resulted.

ROOSEVELT OUT IN DEFENCE OF CONNOLLY

WASHINGTON, Feb. 1.—President Roosevelt has come to the defence of James B. Connolly, the writer, whose conduct on board the battleship Illinois has been brought into serious question by the steamship company.

Although the President has thus far declined Connolly's request for a personal Roosevelt denunciation of the charges of which Connolly declares in a recent communication, is breaking him down, the President showed his warm sympathy with Connolly and vouchsafed his disbelief in the charges by authorizing the publication of two letters from William J. Pendergast and wife of Jefferson, Miss., fellow passengers with Connolly on the wrecked liner.

President Roosevelt declares Connolly was one of the coolest men on board, that he rushed to their stateroom and got them a life preserver when they were afraid to go themselves, that he got life preservers for others; that he did not leave either the Republic or the Florida until nearly every one had gotten off; that he was especially kind to ill, and a great favorite with the excited passengers because of his coolness, and that the charges made by the steamship officials were due to Connolly's refusal to obey orders for the proper care of the passengers.

Mrs. Pendergast corroborates and husband.

STEAMER LOST WITH 47 MEN

MELBOURNE, Feb. 1.—The British steamer Clan Ranald is to-day a total wreck near Edinburg, and her captain and forty-six members of the crew have been lost. Many of the crew were Asiatics.

The vessel was seen drifting ashore last night, but sank before the boats could reach her. Eighteen of the crew managed to float on the surface until picked up by other crafts. Twelve of the rescued are cooliies.

TWO DEAD BY GAS.

NEW YORK, Feb. 1.—Frederick Valley, forty years old, and his wife, fifty-nine years old, were found dead in their bed at No. 29 Hegue street, West Hoboken, to-day. Their apartment was filled with gas.

SAFE BLOWERS MAKE HAUL OF $500 IN CASH

PROVIDENCE, Feb. 1.—A fine job of safe blowing was perpetrated sometime between 5 o'clock to-day and Sunday midnight upon Reed, Wirth, proprietor of the Hofbrau Haus at No. 14 Garnett street, resting Mr. Wirth more than $500 in cash, the Saturday receipts from this restaurant and bar.

The proprietor did not know of the visit of the crackmen until he came down to lay to open his place.

From all signs the burglars got into the building by way of a skylight. Apparently they knew the locality of things, for they went directly to the office on the second floor.

They manipulated the safe combination on the outer doors. The inner door they again opened after blowing off the lock with chemicals. They were fifty crackers and in every sense did a neat job. Secondly was the lock on the inner doors blown off that they left no debris.

Nor did they leave hunch of anything, as they took in addition to the $500 in cash a number of valuable papers and checks, which they may be able to negotiate.

The burglars came away from the place by the front doors, which were found open when the force of help came down to the business.

Detectives have failed to get a clue, so far, to the crackmen.

ICY WATERS STAYED DESPONDENT MAN

Despondent because he was discharged January 5, from a position he had held fifteen years, Bernard Larkin of No. 9 Lawrence street, South End, started to drown himself in T wharf bathhouse this afternoon. He waded out well above his waist. The chill of the water struck into him so that he hesitated, then turned back. He was assisted to land by a young man who had just noticed his act. Bath Superintendent M. J. Kelly sent him to City Hospital in an ambulance.

VERY LATEST NEWS

SLEEPING IN FIRE HOUSE, MAN BADLY FROZEN

Leverett D. Newhall, 5, the only Melrose, Highlands fireman who sleeps in the house of Hose 3, and it was so cold in that building last night that three of his toes were frozen while he slept. It is feared that they must be amputated.

CHARLES BUSSE IN SHOOTING

Charles Busse, brother of Mayor Busse of Chicago, and Deputy Police Commissioner of Maione, N. Y., while visiting the latter Commissioner Arnold, U. S. A., at the latter's home. George Busse was explaining the mechanism of a revolver when it was accidentally discharged and the bullet struck Miss Tuckerman.

SUPREME COURT BLOW AT WALL PAPER TRUST.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 1.—The Supreme Court to-day held that the Continental Wall Paper Company, being a combination in restraint of trade, could not recover from a customer for the value of goods the latter purchased.

GUIDE IN POLICE COURT TO-DAY.

Among the witnesses to appear in the Police Court to-day against James F. Ryan, of No. 44 Bowen street, the guide charges Ryan with stealing his fur overcoat valued at $200. Mr. Jones comes from Carson City, Nev. Ryan was held in $200 for trial on Wednesday.

VICTORY FOR 80-CENT GAS IS COMPLETE

WASHINGTON, Feb. 1.—The petition of the Consolidated Gas Company of New York for a rehearing in the 80-cent gas case decided by the Supreme Court of the United States to-day.

This action of the court closes the 80-cent gas fight in New York, rendering complete and final the victory won by the Hearst newspapers over the trust.

BROWN TAKES OFFICE.

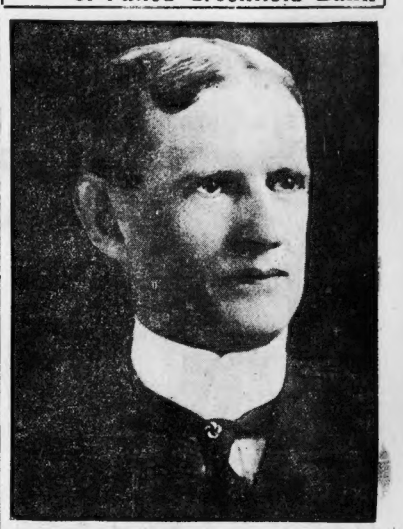
NEW YORK, Feb. 1.—Formally taking his seat as president of the New York Central road, W. C. Brown to-day announced there would be no radical changes in the staff of the system at present.

ST. LOUIS IN; CRIPPLED BY GALES AT SEA

NEW YORK, Feb. 1.—With a broken rudder and more than forty-eight hours late, the big American line steamship St. Louis, Captain John C. Jamison, crawled slowly up to quarantine to-day. Tugs met her at Sandy Hook to tow her into her docks. There were nearly 1,000 passengers on board.

The St. Louis had a rough passage over. Wireless messages told of her accident, and it is supposed that she has steered her way into port with her propeller, traveling at three-quarter speed. The dispatches also said that all were well on board, and for that reason no uneasiness was felt.

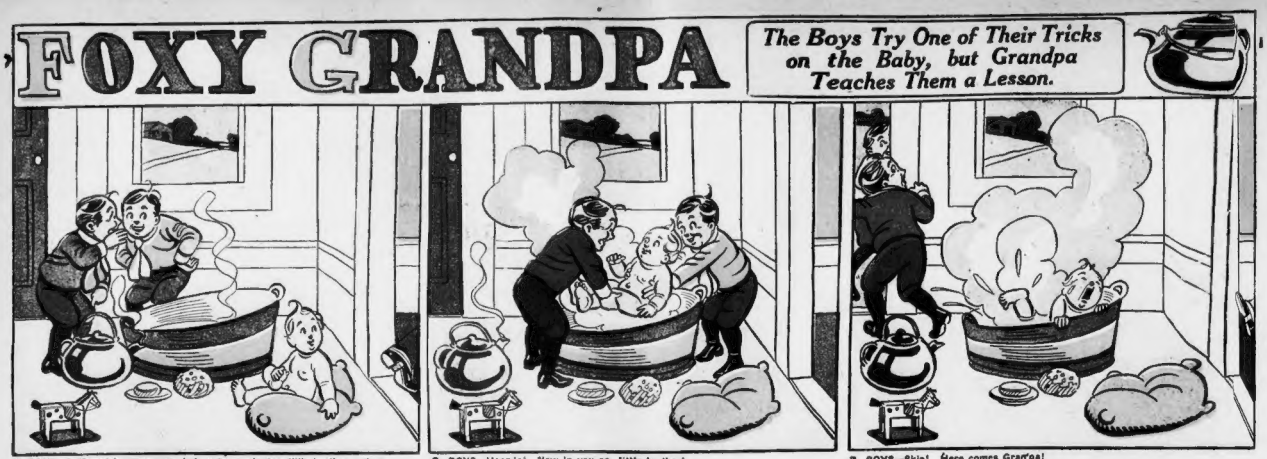
William F. Aiken, Cashier of Failed Greenfield Bank



Mr. Aiken is a brother of Chief Justice Aiken of the Superior Court.

FOXY GRANDPA

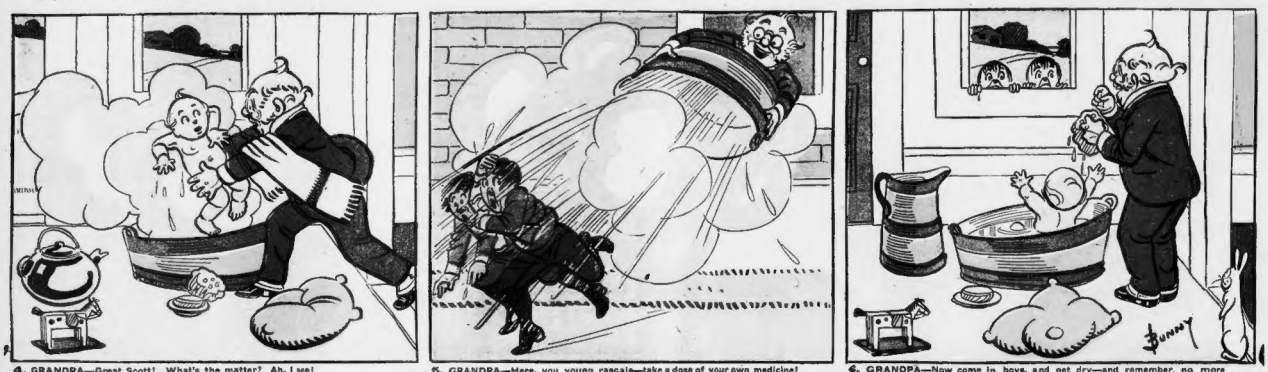
The Boys Try One of Their Tricks on the Baby, but Grandpa Teaches Them a Lesson.



1. BOYS—Let's put in some more hot water and give little brother a hot surprise while Gran'pa goes for the towels!

2. BOYS—Hoop-la! Now in you go, little brother!

3. BOYS—Skip! Here comes Gran'pa!



4. GRANDPA—Great Scott! What's the matter? Ah, I see!

5. GRANDPA—Here, you young rascals—take a dose of your own medicine!

6. GRANDPA—Now come in, boys, and get dry—and remember, no more such rough jokes with my little man!

Best Securely Packed to Prevent Breakage of Glass Slides.
Stationary Metal Lamp Costs to Run 1/2c an hour.
ANY BOY CAN HAVE THIS LANTERN
BIG MAGIC LANTERN FREE
GOLD WATCH AND RING
Genuine Typewriter
WITH BATTERY READY TO RUN
Genuine Hamilton Take Down Hunting Rifle
FREE

BOYS send your name and address for 24 packages **BLUINE** to sell at 10 cts. a package. Return our $2.40, and we will send this **Magic Lantern and outfit,** with full instructions. You can easily sell the **BLUINE** because every housewife used it on washday.

THIS IS A PERFECT GERMAN STEREOPTICON, the largest ever given away. Over a foot tall and half a foot through. Lamp either burns kerosene or lard oil. The adjustable lenses are double telescopic and make very large, clear pictures. We give with the lantern 50 colored pictures and 2 continuous moving picture slides; many are comic, all pictures are different and all new.

We trust you with the BLUINE. If you return our money within 10 days after receipt of **BLUINE** we send you **free with lantern 25 exhibition tickets and a large white exhibition screen.** YOU CAN MAKE MONEY GIVING SHOWS AND CHARGING ADMISSION

BLUINE MFG. CO.
950 Mill Street, Dept. L, Concord Junction, Mass.

GOLD WATCH AND RING

Guaranteed American Watch, gold-laid case, beautifully engraved. Perfect timekeeper; very thin. Also a handsome Ring set with brilliant. Both for 24 packages of **BLUINE** to sell at 10c. a package. Return our $2.40 and we will send you the Gold Watch and Ring. Write for **BLUINE MFG. CO.** $50 Mill St., Concord Jct., Mass. Dept. 5.

Genuine Typewriter, valuable, thoroughly useful, beautiful. With it you can write business letters and earn money. Self-inking, self-spacing. Given for selling 24 packages **BLUINE** at 10c. each. When paid return $2.40 and we send Typewriter. **BLUINE MFG. CO.,** 950 **MILL ST., Concord Jct., Mass. Dept. 30.**

Real beauty, made of fine nickeled steel, hand somely ornamented, with which you can make fine lace. Given for four dolls. Write for 24 packages of **BLUINE** to sell at 10c. a package. When sold, return our $2.40 and we will send the Machine, needle and full spool of thread. **BLUINE MFG. CO.,** 950 Mill St., Concord Jct., Mass. Dept. 32.

Remarkable effective Electric Engine. Runs forward or backward, fast or slow; 200 to 2,000 revolutions per minute. Will run other machinery. Send for 24 packages **BLUINE** to sell at 10c. each. Return $2.40 and we ship you this splendid Engine and Battery complete. **BLUINE MFG. CO.,** 950 Mill St., Concord Jct., Mass. Dept. 6

Genuine **Hamilton Take Down Hunting Rifle,** shoots long, short 22 calibre cartridges, kills at 100 yards. Black walnut stock, steel barrel and frame, peep sights, automatic shell extractor. Write for 30 pkgs. Bluine to sell at 10c. each. When sold return $3.00 and we send rifle. **Bluine Mfg. Co., 950 Mill St., Concord Jct., Mass. Dept. 14**

FREE
Upright steam engine, modeled after a big horse-power engine, has real glass water gage, steam whistle, safety valve, large piston driving wheel over which to throw the belt, and many small machines. Write for 24 New Art Jewelry Novelties to sell at 10 cents apeice. When sold, return $2.40 and we send engine just as shown.
FRIEND SUPPLY CO., Dept. 169, Boston, Mass.
A large, handsome, fine toned, good model Violin of highly polished, beautiful wood, ebony trimmed finger board and tail piece, 4 silver strings, 3 gut strings, long bow and white horse hair, box of resin and fine SELF-INSTRUCTION BOOK. Send for 24 Jewelry Novelties to sell at 10c. each. When sold, return our $2.40 and we will send you this beautiful Violin and outfit. **FRIEND SUPPLY CO., Dept. 168, Boston, Mass.**
An American movement Watch with Gold Case, warranted to keep correct time, similar in appearance to a solid gold watch; warranted for 25 years. Also a solid gold ring, set with imitation diamond. Both given free for selling only 24 Jewelry Novelties at 10c. each. Send your name and address for Jewelry. When sold send us the $2.40 and we send you the watch and ring.
FRIEND SUPPLY CO., Dept. 170, Boston, Mass.
Gretchen, big beauty doll, fine bisque head, curly mohair, jointed body, pretty bisque hand, curly wig and lovely complexion, and eyes that close. Beautiful stylish dress, big picture hat, lace trimmed underwear, stockings and working shoes to match. Write for 24 pretty art Jewelry Novelties. Send us your name and address for 24 pieces of Jewelry to sell at 10c. apiece. When sold, return our $2.40 and we will send you this beautiful doll and her picture at once. Friend Supply Co., Dept. 174, Boston, Mass.
BOYS—Get this "Navajo" Indian warrior suit. Made of buckskin, beaded leggins with bright fringe. Long "scout" trousers, fringed coat like a "big chief's." This suit may be slipped on over regular clothes. Feather bonnet dress in true Indian style. We give this Indian suit complete for selling 24 Jewelry Novelties at 10 cents each. Write for 24 Jewelry Novelties and address for Jewelry. When sold send us the $2.40 and we send you full Indian suit.
FRIEND SUPPLY CO., Dept. 171, Boston, Mass.
Fine Camera, complete, with instruction book, pictures can be taken rapid dry plates, metal Tripod for developing and trimming pictures, package Sensitized Genuine Printing Paper, package Hypo Paper, directions for making Ruby Lamp. Write for 24 Jewelry Novelties to sell at 10c. each. When sold, return $2.40 and we will send Camera and outfit. Friend Supply Co., Dept. 176, Boston, Mass
We Give this Splendid Rifle FREE
It weighs 2 lbs., steel barrel, walnut stock, metal gun, peep sights, shoots BB shot or darts. Send name and address for 24 pieces ART JEWELRY to sell at 10c. each. When sold return $2.40 and we WILL SEND RIFLE. Address FRIEND SUPPLY CO. Dept. 172, Boston Mass

Take This Big Offer:

Review just a *few* among the many other distinguished contributors whose work will appear in the magazine: Chauncey M. Depew—COSMOPOLITAN is the one magazine that has finally succeeded in securing this busy, brilliant, statesman-banker, who will write his anecdotes and reminiscences for you; Elias Calvert Hall, whose wonderfully clever, "Aunt Jane" stories have called forth such emphatic praise from President Roosevelt; Henry C. Bowland, inimitable writer of short-story tellers, will furnish COSMOPOLITAN'S readers a whole series of his brilliantly interesting, powerful stories. Finance and Wall Street will be worked up into a cycle of fascinating fact-stories by the gifted Edwin Le Fevre. Contributions, (telling "Little Sermons") will also appear from the pen of the distinguished lecturer and editor, Elbert Hubbard, of "Philistine" fame; and these are but a *few* of the master minds who will make COSMOPOLITAN one of the most brilliantly interesting, fascinating national magazines you will read in 1909.

Think of just 100 pages of the most brilliantly interesting stories you've ever read—of the wonderful history of Cotton—of the colonial character of Lincoln—of the overpowering "Owners of America," etc. Imagine the beautiful subtleties of art as Milton and Charlemagne. Think of such fine reading—then multiply this one collection by *three*—totalling 300 pages in all—and you will get the great bargain of the 25 numbers of COSMOPOLITAN MAGAZINE offered you below.

No matter how many magazines you take, COSMOPOLITAN is the one you cannot afford to do without. Its subscribers of last year are subscribers this year, with their friends—and this, after all, is the real test of a magazine's merit.

The three big numbers of COSMOPOLITAN above, if bought at the newsstand at the 15-cent price, would cost you just 45 cents. To insure you, however, an insight into the wonderfully interesting contents of COSMOPOLITAN, we will, for a short time only, mail you the three numbers illustrating above—300 pages in all—for merely a quarter. In addition, your remittance will also entitle you to our great new FREE OFFER, which we are now in the act of preparing.

Insure yourself the 300 pages of reading matter referred to above—as well as our additional FREE OFFER—by mailing us your quarter to-day—now. Merely fill out the coupon opposite.

COSMOPOLITAN MAGAZINE,
Room 13, 2 Duane St., New York City.

Cosmopolitan Magazine, Room 13, 2 Duane St., N. Y. C.

COUPON

Gentlemen—In consideration of your extending me your special offer of the 45 cent combination, composed of the December, January and February issues of COSMOPOLITAN, I am mailing you herewith 25 cents in payment. In return I am also to receive your additional special FREE OFFER.

Name .....
Street .....
City .....
State .....

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"At a conference on Saturday afternoon with the trustees of the Greenfield Savings Bank, following the recent examination, I advised that, as a condition, the proportion of its real estate in certain localities is of uncertain value and unproductive and its normal earning capacity consequently impaired, the bank should cease to receive or pay deposits until the real estate can be made productive and its value established.

"The trustees concurred with this view and applications have been made to the Supreme Judicial Court to enjoin the bank from receiving or paying deposits until further order of the court. This step is taken in the interest of all the depositors, and its effect is to suspend dividends during the period of injunction.

"The affairs of the bank will be administered by its trustees, under the supervision of this department. The trustees will be authorized in cases of necessity to make loans to depositors on the security of their deposit books.

"Under this plan with a minimum of

Continued on Page 2, Column 1.

ROOSEVELT OUT IN DEFENCE OF CONNOLLY

WASHINGTON, Feb. 1.—President Roosevelt has come to the defence of James R. Connolly, the writer, whose conduct on board the ill-fated Republic has been brought into serious question by the steamship company.

Although the President has thus far declined Connolly's frantic appeals for a Roosevelt investigation of the charges of which Connolly declares in a recent communication, is breaking him down, the President showed his warm sympathy with Connolly and emphasized his disbelief in the charges by authorizing the publication of two letters from William J. Pendergast and wife of Jefferson, Mass., fellow passengers with Connolly on the wrecked liner.

Pendergast describes Connolly as one of the coolest men on board, that he rushed to their stateroom and got them a life preserver when they were afraid to go themselves; that he got life preservers for others; that he did not leave either the Republic or the Florida until nearly every one had gotten off; that he was especially kind to all, and a great favorite with the excited passengers because of his coolness and that the charges made by the steamship officials were due to Connolly's vigilance of them for improper care of the passengers.

Mrs. Pendergast corroborates her husband.

STEAMER LOST WITH 47 MEN

MELBOURNE, Feb. 1.—The British steamer Clan Ranald is to-day a total wreck near Edinburg, and her captain and forty-six members of the crew have been lost. Most of the crew were Asiatics.

The vessel was seen drifting ashore last night, but before the tugs could reach her, flighteen of the crew managed to float on the surface until picked up by other crafts. Twelve of the rescued are coolies.

TWO DEAD BY GAS.

NEW YORK, Feb. 1.—Frederick Valey, forty years old, and his wife, fifty-nine years old, were found dead in their bed at No. 29 Hague street, West Hoboken, to-day. Their apartment was filled with

SAFE BLOWERS MAKE HAUL OF $500 IN CASH

PROVIDENCE, Feb. 1.—A big job of safe blowing was perpetrated sometime between 3 o'clock to-day and Sunday midnight upon Jacob Wirth, proprietor of the Hofbrau Haus at No. 14 Gaspee street, costing Mr. Wirth more than $500 in cash, for Saturday receipts from his restaurant and bar.

The proprietor did not know of the visit of the cracksmen until he came down to-day to open his place.

From all signs the burglars got into the building by way of a skylight. Apparently they knew the locality of things, for they went directly to the office on the second floor.

They manipulated the safe combination on the outer doors. The inner door they could not open, and after boring off the lock with chemicals. They were fully successful to every sense did a neat job. So cleanly was the lock on the inner doors blown off that they left no debris.

Nor did they leave much of anything else. They took in addition to the cash in case a number of valuable papers and checks, which they may be able to negotiate.

The burglars came away from the place by the front doors, which were found open when the force of help came down to work this morning.

Detectives have failed to get a clue, so far, of the robbery.

ICY WATERS STAYED DESPONDENT MAN

Despondent because he was discharged January 5, from a position he had held fifteen years, Bernard Larkin of No. 9 Lawrence street, South End, started to drown himself off L street bathhouse this afternoon. He waded out well above his waist. The chill of the water struck into him so that he hesitated, then turned back. He was assisted to land by a young man who had just noticed his act. Both Superintendent M. J. Kelly sent him to City Hospital in an ambulance.

VICTORY FOR 80-CENT GAS IS COMPLETE

WASHINGTON, Feb. 1.—The petition of the Consolidated Gas Company of New York for a rehearing in the 80-cent gas case decided by the Supreme Court of the United States to-day.

This action of the court closes the 80-cent gas fight in New York, rendering complete and final the victory won by the Hearst newspapers over the trust.

BROWN TAKES OFFICE.

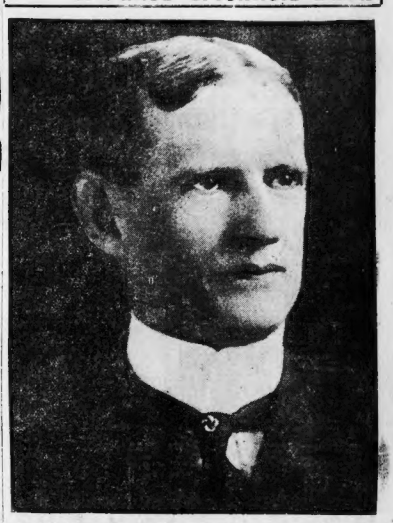
NEW YORK, Feb. 1.—Formally taking his seat as president of the New York Central road, W. C. Brown to-day announced there would be no radical changes in the rest of the system at present.

ST. LOUIS IN; CRIPPLED BY GALES AT SEA

NEW YORK, Feb. 1.—With a broken rudder and more than forty-eight hours late, the big American line steamer St. Louis, Captain Joan C. Jamison, came slowly up to quarantine to-day. They met her at Sandy Hook to tow her into her docks. There were nearly 1,000 passengers on board.

The St. Louis had a rough passage over. Wireless messages told of her accident, and it is supposed that she lost her way into port with her propellers, traveling at a three-quarter speed. The despatches also said that all were well on board, and for that reason no uneasiness was felt.

William F. Aiken, Cashier of Failed Greenfield Bank



Mr. Aiken is a brother of Chief Justice Aiken of the Superior Court.

VERY LATEST NEWS

SLEEPING IN FIRE HOUSE, MAN BADLY FROZEN

Leverett D. Newhall, is the only Melrose Highlands fireman who sleeps in the house of Hose 3, and it was so cold at that building last night that three of his toes were frozen while he slept. It is feared that they must be amputated.

LIEUTENANT GOVERNOR BUSSE IN SHOOTING ACCIDENT

Lieutenant Governor Busse, brother of Mayor Busse of Chicago, and Lieutenant Governor Wilmot Wilkinson of Mobile, Ala., who were on her father, Colonel C. S. Girard, U. S. A., at the latter's home. George Busse was explaining the mechanism of a revolver when it was accidentally discharged and the bullet struck Miss Tuckerman.

SUPREME COURT BLOW AT WALL PAPER TRUST.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 1.—The Supreme Court to-day held that the Continental Wall Paper Company, being a combination in restraint of trade, could not recover from a customer for the value of goods the latter purchased.

ROCKEFELLER GUIDE IN POLICE COURT.

Captain Joseph Bender, known as Rockefeller's guide to Tender Benevent, was the complainant in the Police Court to-day against James F. Ryan, of No. 47 Bowen street. The guide charges Ryan with stealing his fur overcoat, valued at $200. Mr. Jones comes from Carson City, Nev. Ryan was held in $200 for trial on Wednesday.

EXPERTS AT ODDS OVER POISON CLUE

LOWELL, Feb. 1.—William T. Boss, physiological chemist at the Massachusetts General Hospital, was a witness to-day for the defence in the trial of Napoleon Bives for the murder of Joseph Gallions, in an effort to offset the testimony of Professor Wiltner, who, testifying for the Commonwealth, declared that he found traces of sulphuric acid in a sample of Gallions's blood taken from a clot found near the body.

Dr. Boss admitted that he found traces of the acid in the sample of the blood sent to him, but declared that the symptoms shown by the dead man were not consistent with sulphuric acid poisoning.

"I did not find any trace of sulphuric acid in the sample of the stomach contents sent to me," declared the doctor. "Neither did I find any trace of an irritant or poison in the sample of the stomach lining which I examined."

Dr. Boss stated that he had examined the contents of the whisky glass found near the dead body of Gallions and found in the contents traces of crude sulphuric acid or oil of vitriol.

"I do not think, however," declared the doctor, "that the symptoms described are connected with sulphuric acid poisoning. Where enough acid is taken to produce vomiting it occurs immediately, or at least within half an hour."

Dr. Boss was preceded on the witness stand by Joseph Durant and Arthur Beinder. They testified that they were with Bives between 10 and 11 o'clock on the night of October 29 in Richard's saloon at the time when the prosecution alleges that the crime was committed. Beaudry declared that he was with Bives as late as 11 o'clock.

Attorney Best in his opening declares he would prove that the defendant was not from the plumbing shop on Hall street, where Gallions's body was found, at the hour when the prosecution alleges the crime was committed.

GUNBOATS OFF FOR THE MOROS

MANILA, Feb. 1.—Three gunboats departed to-day for Jolo Island, where the warlike Moros are said to be making trouble.

The outcome of the campaign is awaited with anxiety, as the Moros are said to have 2,000 rifles and an unlimited store of ammunition.

FINISH CANAL IN SIX YEARS

PANAMA, Feb. 1.—The Panama canal will be finished within six years, according to a promise made to-day by Colonel Goethals to President-elect William H. Taft.

"Ships will be passing through the canal by Jan. 1, 1915," was the promise made by Goethals. It came after Mr. Taft and the party of special engineers had finished their inspection of Culebra Cut. They made the trip to and from the Cut in a special train.

Colonel Goethals declared that Mr. Taft was delighted with the progress made on the cut, and that his enthusiasm was shared by all the engineers.

BOY DIES OF A CAT BITE

LOWELL, Feb. 1.—Leslie Mills, ten years old, died at the Lowell Hospital to-day from hydrophobia. The boy was bitten by a cat several weeks ago. He was taken to the hospital Friday night and died there to-day.

HELD ON CHARGE OF EMBEZZLEMENT

Harry S. Hendle, held on the charge of embezzling $250 from the Mutual Life Insurance Company of Binghamton, N. Y., is not, as he told Inspector Knox when arrested last night, a member of the famous Hendle crew. He was arrested last night in the corridor of the Touraine in this city. It is said he followed a show girl here.

OLD-TIME CONDUCTOR DEAD

Joseph Hoyt, a conductor on the Eastern Maine before the time it merged with the old Eastern Railroad, died at the New-Bedford suburban's today from old age. He was one of the most popular men on the road in the old days and was given a gold watch by the patrons riding between Newburyport and Boston.

URGE STATE TO PAY TOWNS FOR PAUPERS

Members of boards of overseers of the poor throughout the State to-day asked the Public Charities Committee of the Legislature to act favorably on their petition to change the present laws so that the Commonwealth may reimburse cities and towns for the support of paupers when no heirs of the estates are not given within sixty days. The law now provides that notice to the State authorities must be given within sixty days.

MRS. STIRLING OWNS SHE WAS INDISCREET

EDINBURGH, Feb. 1.—Manifesting deep emotion for the first time since her divorce petition came to trial, Mrs. Clara Stirling broke down on the witness stand, and in tears admitted that she had been indiscreet with Lord Northland, named by her husband as corespondent in his counter action.

EARTHQUAKE IN MEXICO.

MEXICO CITY, Feb. 1.—A slight earthquake to-day was the second here within forty-eight hours. Cracks have appeared in some buildings in the city, but no further damage has resulted.

CZAR'S POLICE MAKE BIG HAUL OF SUSPECTS

ST. PETERSBURG, Feb. 1.—The police at midnight raided the headquarters of the union of clerks and shop employes and arrested all the men who were found on the premises. They searched the place and discovered a number of manifestoes and a quantity of correspondence and illegal literature.

As they were about to depart a young girl appeared and was immediately arrested. She was found to be carrying a roll of papers which included a manifesto written in invisible ink. She was identified as the daughter of Rear Admiral Batakoff of the Russian navy.

Six other persons were subsequently arrested, one of whom is a daughter of a colonel. The policemen made doubleliary visits to about twenty houses last night. Many additional arrests were made.

The arrest of Lukhipin, former chief of the police of the empire on the charge of being a revolutionist, has created a great sensation. The circumstances of his arrest were dramatic. At 6 o'clock his home was surrounded by police who were bullet proof cuirasses. Lukhipin was awakened and appeared half dressed.

When the order for his arrest was shown to him he replied calmly: "Gentlemen, do your duty."

Former Minister Prince Nouss ff, a brother-in-law of Lukhipin, arrived at the house while the police were searching it and was placed under arrest. But he was liberated after having been searched. Other residences were raided by the police, including one occupied by M. Silowsky, an advocate, who acts for the Ministry of the Interior.

Lukhipin is charged, together with M. Burzeff, a leading member of the Paris office of the Russian revolutionary Socialist party, with defrauding a bank by the exposure of Eugene Azef, long a trusted agent of the party, and by receiving the paid agent of the Russian secret police.

In many ways Azef was the most valuable man to the police in Russia, as he dipped off to the authorities most of their assassination plots.

Plots which Azef nipped were an attempt to wreck a train on which the Grand Duke Nicholas Nicolaievitch was a passenger; the attempt on the life of General Trepoff, the grand inquisitor at Moscow and Cronstadt, and the effort to blow up the premises of the Duma. In all these cases he betrayed his "confederates."

PLAN UNITED WARFARE ON HOUSE RULES

WASHINGTON, Feb. 1.—Some time within the next two or three weeks the insurgents of the House propose to launch their concerted assault on the rules and lay siege to the citadel at the "ship four." Meanwhile, Republican Speaker Cannon, "general" of the insurgent camp, is not yet willing to speculate on the war program, but it is known that Colonel Peter C. Hepburn, the Iowa veteran and hero of many a rapid-fire conflict, will command one wing. The colonel's unfeeling "constituency" return him to the next Congress, so he has very much to gain.

Hayes, Republican, California, was unseated in the next Congress by Julius Kahn and revision of the rules platform will also be one of the planks.

Nathaniel Gardner, Republican, Massachusetts, another of the insurgent parliamentarians of the House, has already announced his intention to run in the present race, which closes March 4 next.

The plans of insurgency are not yet matured, but it is known that the insurgents are in close touch with the Democratic leaders and that the Democrats of the House will support the insurgents in their fight for the overthrow of Speaker Cannon's power. The insurgents propose to have the rules changed so that the Speaker will not be a member of the Committee on Rules, and that the Committee on Rules will not report rules for the consideration of bills which have not been reported by the committees having jurisdiction over the bills. The insurgents propose to have the Committee on Rules made up of members elected by the House, and to have the Speaker deprived of the power to appoint the committee.

2,400 IMMIGRANTS COMING TO BOSTON

Over 2,400 steerage passengers, the great majority of them immigrants, are due on incoming steamships from abroad at this port of entry, as the result of the sailing of seven vessels from foreign ports yesterday. Among the passengers coming are 1,000 Italians, 1,000 Russian Hebrews, 200 Portuguese, 200 Greeks, 200 Poles, 200 Syrians, 200 Hungarians and others from Lithuania and Turkey. The vessels with 1,950 and 1,600 each are expected to arrive first.

BOSTON FIRM TO BUILD BIG DEPOT

The contract for the new Union station at Worcester has been awarded by the Boston & Albany Railroad to Messrs. Woodbury & Leighton of Boston.

The station complete will cost approximately $500,000, and the contract calls for the station to be ready for occupancy not later than July 1, 1910.

STRIKING SHOE MEN HOLD MASS MEETING

The striking employes of the F. P. Reiser Shoe Company of Chelsea will hold a mass meeting of sympathizers at 8 o'clock tonight in Grand Army Hall. Addresses will be made by Charles F. Harris, Frank Speis, Daniel O. White and M. J. Tracy, three of strikers' agents of the Shoe Workers Union and the United Shoe Workers' Union. They have been on strike for a week.

CURES A COUGH OR COLD

The following formula is a never failing remedy for coughs or colds:

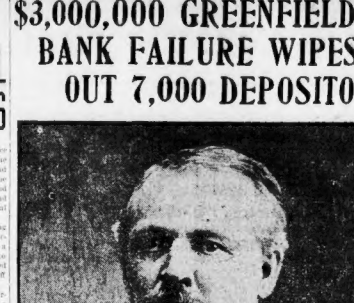
Two ounces of glycerine, one-half ounce of Concentrated pine compound, one-half pint good whiskey; mix and shake thoroughly each time and use in doses of a teaspoonful to a tablespoonfull every four hours.

This will cure any cough that is curable or break up an acute cold in twenty-four hours.

Concentrated pine compound is a product of the laboratories of the Globe Pharmaceutical Co., Chicago, but it as well as the other ingredients can be had from any good druggist.

Don't get anything but the "Concentrated" pine, as it is a special pine product refined for medicinal purposes and comes only in half ounce bottles, each inclosed in a tin screw-top case which is air-tight to preserve the full force of its full strength.

$3,000,000 GREENFIELD BANK FAILURE WIPES OUT 7,000 DEPOSITORS



Judge Henry N. Sheldon, of the Supreme Court, who ordered bank closed.

Continued from First Page.

xpense the deposits will be kept intact and the assets conserved and the bank continued as a going institution.

"When all unproductive assets have been eliminated and a sound financial condition exists, application will be made to the court to permit the bank to open and resume its usual business.

"PIERRE JAY,
"Bank Commissioner."

Boston, Monday, February 1.

"Further Business Risk to the Public."

Bank Commissioner Pierre Jay, accompanied by Assistant Attorney General James E. Curtis, appeared at the Suffolk county courthouse shortly before noon today and went immediately to the judges' lobby of the Supreme Court, where the case was ordered into the presence of Judge Sheldon, and they presented to the judge the following bill:

"Pierre Jay, Bank Commissioner for the commonwealth, versus Greenfield Savings Bank. To the Honorable the Justices of the Supreme Judicial Court sitting in equity:

"Pierre Jay, Bank Commissioner for the commonwealth, respectfully represents:

"That the Greenfield Savings Bank is a corporation duly incorporated by statutes of the Commonwealth, duly organized and now doing business in the town of Greenfield, our county of Franklin, and is subject to the provisions of the acts of the year 1908.

"That upon examination by the petitioner into the affairs of said corporation it appears that the condition of said corporation is such as to render the continuance of business by it dangerous to the public and to those having funds in its custody and

Order of Notice Returnable February 9.

"Wherefore, your petitioner prays that writ of injunction may be issued by this Honorable Court to restrain said Greenfield Savings Bank and its officers, agents and servants communicating them, and each of them, thereby to desist and refrain from further proceeding with the business of said corporation until a hearing can be had on this petition and until the further order of this court shall be made in the premises and for such further orders and decrees in the premises as may be meet.

"Signed by Pierre Jay, Bank Commissioner for the Commonwealth, and Dana Malone, Attorney General, as counsel."

On the petition Judge Sheldon issued a temporary injunction and also issued an order returnable February 9, calling upon the bank to show cause, if there be any, why a temporary injunction restraining the bank from transacting business should not be made permanent.

First Savings Bank Crash in a Decade.

The closing of the doors of the Green field Savings Bank caused a great stir in financial circles all over the state. There has not been a savings bank failure in Massachusetts for more than ten years, and it was believed that all institutions of this class would be able to weather the financial storm which broke over the country in the Fall of 1907.

The failure of the Commonwealth, conducting savings banks is an error so unique in the world, and has never before been enforced, but the supervision has been of the strictest character.

In fact, all over the land Massachusetts banks are regarded as models of conservatism, subjected to scrutiny which renders them worthy of no complaint on the part of the depositors.

The last time that a savings bank suspended in Massachusetts was in Bridgewater, the Hampshire Savings Bank of North Hampton went under. It had $1,547,000 in deposits.

Institution Has Paid 3½ Per Cent.

The Greenfield Savings Bank was incorporated in 1869 and for the past year has been paying to its depositors interest at the rate of 3½ per cent. Its president is Robert Abercrombie and its treasurer William F. Aiken. The investment committee during the past year consisted of William A. Forbes, S. B. Stone, Levi J. Gunn, J. P. Jackson and Robert Abercrombie. Nearly all of the officers are prominent residents of this town, and its depositors are scattered about Franklin county as well as up and down the Connecticut valley.

John Sanderson, William Keith and Chester Conant were named as incorporators of the bank, which was opened for deposits on April 1, 1869. William G. Packard made the first deposit. The bank began business in the rooms of the Franklin County National Bank and remained until it to its new building in 1870. In 1881 it dissolved its relations with that institution and took the rooms now occupied by it in the Metoxit House block.

The following have been officers of the institution: Presidents, John Sanderson, 1869-1882; Newell Shaw, 1882-1888; Robert Abercrombie, since 1888. Treasurer, Rufus A. Packard, 1869-1872; Henry K. Simons, 1872-1881; Albert M. Gleason, 1881-1888; William G. Packard, since then.

Chester C. Conant was secretary for about twenty-five years.

$2,947,630 Liabilities by Last Statement.

Here is the last detailed statement of the financial condition of the Greenfield Savings Bank as made public in their last balance sheet as of January 30, 1909:

Liabilities.

Deposits	$2,838,037
Guaranty fund	101,693
Profit and loss	3,000
Interest	4,951
Total	$2,947,630

Assets.

Public funds	$64,550
Railroad bonds	796,793
Street railway bonds	110,000
Telephone company bonds	49,956
Bank stock	49,000
Loans on real estate	1,198,275
Loans on personal securities	130,967
Real estate by foreclosure	125,899
Real estate in possession	222,950
Securities received in settlement of indebtedness	59,950
Expenses	1,450
Miscellaneous advances	1,721
Cash in banks	120,428
Cash on hand	2,482
Total	$2,947,630

$176,650 in Realty Loans During Year.

The following facts as to the expenses and other items of the Greenfield Savings Bank are made public today:

FOR THE YEAR.

Salaries	$5,097
Advertising	92
Other Expenses	1,706
Total	$7,012

DEPOSITS AND WITHDRAWALS DURING

Amount of deposits	$548,986
Number of same	2,599
Amount of withdrawals	$654,777
Number of same	3,170
Net decrease in deposits	$105,841

CASH ON DEPOSIT IN BANKS.

Greatest amount during year	$142,794.81
Least amount during year	5,014.54

DEPOSIT ACCOUNTS.

Number opened during year	525
Number closed during year	927

STATISTICS OF LOANS.

Number not exceeding $5,000 each	59
Amount of same	$947,634
Number of loans on real estate	60
Average amount of same	$1,878
Amount of loans on real estate during year	$176,650
Number of non real estate loans made during year	43

Bank	Shares.	Par value.	Estimated market value.	Book value.
Boylston National Bank, Boston	70	$7,000	$7,140	$7,099
Commercial Bank, Concord	30	3,000	3,000	3,000
First National Bank, Greenfield	34	3,400	3,100	3,400
Franklin Co. National Bank, Greenfield	100	10,000	10,000	10,000
City National Bank, Holyoke	50	5,000	6,000	5,000
North Adams National Bank, North Adams	60	6,000	6,000	6,000
First National Bank, Northampton	12	1,200	1,200	1,200
Orange National Bank, Orange	25	2,500	4,625	2,500
Palmer National Bank, Palmer	67	6,700	6,700	6,700
Shelburne Falls National Bank, Shelburne Falls	25	2,500	2,625	2,500
Chapin National Bank, Springfield	75	7,500	8,250	7,500
Chicopee National Bank, Springfield	18	1,800	2,700	1,800
Union Trust Company, Springfield	50	5,000	8,250	5,000
Tucker National Bank, Turners Falls	15	1,500	2,100	1,500
First National Bank, Westfield	25	2,500	3,375	2,500
		$66,400	$80,125	$66,499

$80,125 IN STOCK OF OTHER BANKS

Following is the schedule of the bank stock owned by the Greenfield Savings Bank:

LYNN MAN IS HELD UP AND ROBBED

Ernest E. Cram of Lynn was gagged, throttled, chloroformed and robbed by highwaymen within 300 yards of his house at No. 240 Broadway.

Between 7 and 8 o'clock he was returning in his buggy from Peabody, and when at Brown's trail, within 300 yards of his house, Mr. Cram was startled by two men who leaped at his horse's head.

In another jump they had climbed into the buggy.

One of them clutched his throat while the other held a cloth saturated with chloroform to his mouth.

Cram fought hard, but the chloroform got in its work and in a second or two he was limp and motionless.

Then the robbers rifled his pockets, took $15 in cash away from the unconscious man and escaped.

The horse started up and trotted towards home. At the tram train passing the fire station on Broadway Captain Phillips of the fire department saw the senseless man inside the buggy. Grabbing the horse, he recognized the situation and drove him to his home.

Dr. Deselle was called, and after half an hour's hard work Cram regained his senses.

Then he told his story up to the time he fell under the effect of the drug.

The police have been searching for the highwaymen, but Cram cannot give them any clew to work on.

PLEAD GUILTY OF ATTACK ON AGED WOMAN

Augustus Williams and William McRae pleaded guilty in the Chelsea Police Court before Judge Bussey today to the charge of the police term "the most brutal assault reported in years."

They attacked Mrs. Charlotte W. Murdock, seventy years old, in her little store at No. 99 Broadway, Chelsea, when she was alone, and while one pointed a revolver at her head the other held a handkerchief under her nose. She was beaten about the head and face and left lying unconscious on the floor.

Her assailants rifled the old-fashioned money drawer taking $20, and escaped. The police obtained a good description of Williams and McRae and arrested them in the North End in Boston. When the prisoners were searched a revolver, a black jack and a two-pound iron maul filled with chloroform were found.

There was no testimony heard in court today. The prisoners pleaded guilty as soon as the charge was read and were held in $5,000 each for the grand jury. Mrs. Murdock was in court with both eyes blackened and suffering from a scalp wound. Williams is eighteen years old and lives in Everett. McRae is five years his senior and his home is in East Boston.

MEET TO END OPIUM EVIL

SHANGHAI, Feb. 1.—The international opium conference, arranged by the United States, opened today. Mr. Rockhill, the viceroy of Nanking, Provincial Treasurer Jui Cheng and the consul of Shanghai, Tsai, were present as the special commissioners of the Chinese government.

Viceroy Tuan Fang, in his opening speech, sneered at the statement of Bishop Mr. Leeds, the British secretary, suggesting the control of opium by granting China a monopoly in the sale of its native and imported drug. The viceroy said that China probably would not lend ten years for the abolition of opium by granting China ten years would perhaps be sufficient.

Bishop C. H. Brent, the American delegation was elected permanent chairman.

ARREST WOMAN AFTER SENSATIONAL CHASE

After a sensational chase, during which she tried to get away by jumping on a pung, Mrs. Adelina Bonetti was arrested today by inspectors Carter and Dunphy of Somerville, and later locked up in one of the Boston police. She was arrested on a charge of warrant issued in connection with the larceny of small sum of money from Luigi Delfregolf of No. 11 Sullivan square, formerly of East Boston.

When Inspectors Dunphy and Carter went to a house in Vine avenue, Somerville, today to arrest Mrs. Bonetti she saw them first. She fled by way of the back door, but up the street ran into a pung and on it sped, but she was overtaken. Mrs. Bonetti will be arraigned on the charge in the East Boston court Wednesday.

CALL FOR $25,000 FOR BAND CONCERTS

Before the Legislative Committee on Metropolitan Affairs today Chairman William B. de las Casas of the Metropolitan Park Commission asked that the commission be authorized to continue their public concerts and to expend $25,000 each year for them. Chairman Warren and Secretary Smith for the department asked that authority be given for only one year, as the concerts are still experimental.

$3,000 FOR WIDOW OF HERO MATER

Before the Committee on Metropolitan Affairs today at the State House, members of the Park Commission spoke in favor of a bill ongoing to give $3,000 to the widow and child of William Mayer, a park department engineer who lost his life while trying to save a drowning man in Pemkapaug Pond about three weeks ago.

IS BALDNESS DOOMED?

Baltimore Specialist Says It Is Unnecessary, and Proves It.

The intense interest in the wonderful work that is being accomplished in Baltimore and other cities by William Chas. Brooks, president of the Capillarine Co., continues unabated. Many cases of baldness and forked hair of long standing have been remedied by the remarkable preparation being distributed from Mr. Keene's laboratory. Many of the worst cases of dandruff and wide and thousands of persons are using this remarkable hair food with gratifying results.

What makes this treatment more popular is the fact that free trial outfits are sent by mail prepaid. Those who wish to try it are strongly advised to write to Mr. Keene at the Lorraine Institute, Branch 175, Baltimore, Md. They will receive the full trial outfit free of charge and much useful information about the hair which will put them on the road to a rapid and certain improvement.

WOMAN DEFIES LOWELL MAYOR, RESIGNS OFFICE

LOWELL, Feb. 1.—Miss Mary C. Brennan, assistant superintendent of the State Aid Department, who for the past week has been engaged in a controversy with Mayor George H. Brown over extra work that he wanted her to take up, handed in her resignation today.

Miss Brennan made the following statement:

"On January 13 Mayor Brown sent for me. I was introduced to him and after some talk about the municipal worker, he informed me that I was to attend to that work in addition to my regular duties that my position and my living depended on him and him alone."

Threatened With Discharge.

"When I suggested the Board of Alder men might have a deciding vote he told me that if I should show any strength on the board he would show the board that there was not enough work in this city for every person being put on and to mention two, and that he would abolish the position if I did not do as he did in things as he wished, and also that I would be out of a job.

"I never had to ask a Mayor or an Alderman for a position, but I see now that things are different. Mayor Brown has made a political office of the State Aid Department. He has declared war on me who never knew him, even by sight until Jan 4."

Miss O'Brien Appointed.

"I have never lived or worked where conditions were so bad. I have decided that I certainly never will until circumstances are more compelling than at present. So I now re ne sign of the great majority who elected Mr. Brown to his office, and will re tire to private life, which will be a pleasure under the present conditions."

Mary F. O'Brien has been appointed to fill the position of Miss Brennan and her appointment will be acted on at the meeting of the Board of Aldermen to-morrow night.

BIG RUSH TO CAST BALLOTS

Now that everybody knows when the big European Tour Contest for Sunday School teachers of Boston and suburbs is going to close—Saturday, May 1, or earlier—the battle of ballots will begin in earnest next week.

Whirlwind voting will rule from today on.

Millions of ballots will have been cast in the contest before the present week end, and there will not be enough left if some of the present district leaders were not entitled to receive more.

In accordance with the rule that all outside votes must be received by mail or left on or before February 10, after which date the big local contest closes, the several hundred candidates for the AMERICAN'S free European Tour trip will now get ready to show what they have been doing in the way of "saving up."

This week and next week, with the exception of the final week, will be the two most exciting weeks of the contest.

Behind-hand workers who may have overlooked the important announcements to be published in the AMERICAN will be reminded in the Saturday and Sunday AMERICAN that the contest is closing rapidly.

READ THEM CLOSELY. Here they are:

1—Beginning today voting coupons are eliminated from the DAILY VOTE BY SPECIAL BALLOT published in the AMERICAN every day.

2—The value of the Sunday coupon will be multiplied by 100 votes, after represent twenty votes, instead of ten, as heretofore announced.

3—On and after this date, votes received by mail will be credited ten days after publication. Thus, the vote published today will be credited February 11, and so on, unless voted by February 17.

All candidates' original subscription cards in the contest MUST end them on or before February 10.

4—Coupons clipped from the publication will be void after February 10.

5—The value of the Sunday coupon will be multiplied by 100 votes, after February 17.

WATCH FOR NEW CANDIDATES!!
VOTE BY SPECIAL BALLOT!!
WATCH FOR NEW DISTRICT LEAD ERS!!

$1,800 ASKED FOR SEWERAGE BOARD

City Engineer William Jackson of Boston and Engineer Goodenough of the state Board of Health were at the State House today to advocate before the committee on Metropolitan Affairs an appropriation of $1,800 this year for the commission created with making plans for a drainage treatment of the sewerage system in this city.

Inventory

We close tomorrow at 1 o'clock to complete our Semi-Annual Inventory and prepare for the greatest sale of the year.

Watch Tuesday evening and Wednesday morning papers for details of extraordinary bargains. Remember—

Sale Begins Wednesday, Feb. 3rd

A. Shuman & Co.

FREIGHTERS READY FOR LONG SEA RACE

Ready for a 7,000-mile race to Buenos Ayres, the Norwegian square-riggers Dewent and Agda are at Mystic wharf awaiting a favorable change in the weather. Their cargoes have been put aboard, the hatches fastened and their captains keeping their weather eyes open for a sign of fair weather. The Dewent carries 1,000,000 feet of lumber and the Agda 1,000,000 feet less.

TO CURE A COLD IN ONE DAY
Take LAXATIVE BROMO Quinine. All druggists refund money if it fails to cure. E. W. GROVE'S signature is on each box. 25c.

THE DAYLIGHT STORE
GILCHRIST CO
BOSTON'S FASTEST GROWING DRY GOODS STORE
WASHINGTON AND WINTER STREETS

New Party Slippers At Decided Savings

Women's Fancy Slippers—In patent leather, kid and in colors Worth $2.00 pair. Sale Price..... 1.00

Women's Party Slippers—Cuban and French heels, all styles and shapes. Worth $2.50 to $3.50 pair. Sale Price. 1.49

Misses' and Children's Sandals—In patent leather, for party wear. Worth $1.00 to $1.50 pair. Sale Price... 89c

Great Lace Reductions
Eleven Very Remarkable Values

Nottingham Allovers, 18 in., figured and striped effects. Regular price 50c. Sale Price 25c

Spotted Filet Allovers, 42 in., in arab and white. Regular price 50c and 65c. Sale Price 29c

Raised Spot Nets, for tucking, also waists and gowns, 42-inch, white and arab. Regular price $1.00. Sale Price 69c

Wash Blond Net, 72 in., white, butter and arab. Regular price 75c. Sale Price..... 37½c

Colored Brussels Net, 72 in., in all the new colors. Regular price 75c. Sale Price 37½c

Imitation Irish Crochet Edges, also Venise lace bands, 1½ and 2 in. wide. Regular prices 12½c and 15c. Sale Price..... 6c

Silk Filet Bands, white and ecru, also Venise bands, 2 and 3 in. wide. Regular prices 50c and 65c. Sale Price..... 33c

Oriental Allovers, 42 in., exceptionally fine nets, figured and spotted effects, white, butter and arab. Regular price $1.25 to $1.50. Sale Price..... 89c

German and French Val Laces, edges and insertions, some matched sets, desirable patterns and widths.
37½c quality, per doz. yds. Sale Price..... 19c
55c quality, per doz. yds. Sale Price..... 33c
95c quality, per doz. yds. Sale Price..... 55c

Annual Bedspread Sale

The first week of February marks the date of our Great Annual Sale of Bedspreads.

Housekeepers Attention!

Immense purchases each year at this time enable us to demand from the manufacturers the following splendid lot of merchandise, which we offer at these unusually low prices.

White Crochet Spreads, full size, hemmed, ready for use. Regular price $1.00. Sale Price 69c

Heavy White Crochet Spreads, hemmed. Marseilles patterns. Regular price $1.25. Sale Price..... 93c

Hemmed Crochet Spreads, extra heavy, handsome patterns. Reg. price $1.50. Sale Price.. 1.05

Fine White Satin Damask Bedspreads, handsome pattern, with fringe and cut corners. Regular price $3. Sale price 1.95

White Satin Damask Spreads, full size, beautiful designs. Regular price $2.25. Sale Price..... 1.69

White Satin Damask Spreads, fine quality, hemmed. Regular price $3.00. Sale Price..... 1.95

White Crochet Spreads, with heavy fringe. Reg. price $1.50. Sale Price 1.19

Fine White Crochet Bedspreads, with heavy fringe and cut corners for metal bedsteads. Regular price $1.75. Sale Price 1.28

Art Embroidery Exhibition
Our 5th Annual Event Opens This Morning

Beginning to-day there will be placed on exhibition in our Millinery Parlors a most remarkable and beautiful collection of embroideries and needlework, consisting of Battenberg Lace Collars, Lace Draperies, Centre Pieces, Scarfs, Table Covers, Bedspreads, Pillow Tops, Embroidered Shirt Waists, etc.

The many pieces to be shown are the work of students, who, under our own free instructions from day to day, have during the past year been skilfully engaged in competing for a series of prizes, which will be awarded during the week by competent judges. A most wonderful display of Mt. Mellick Centre Pieces, including Floral and Continental designs, brought out in natural colors on Pillows and Covers, are included in this annual exhibition, to be held from Feb. 1st to 15th. Free embroidery lessons are given each day (except Wednesdays) from 9 a. m. to 1 p. m. and 2 to 4:30 p. m. to all purchasers of materials from our embroidery department. You are cordially invited to attend.

Fur Coats At a Third and Scarfs Regular Price

Fur Lined Coats, fine quality chiffon broadcloth, in black only, 50 inches long, lined with gray and white or all gray squirrel or marmot, collars of natural Marten, Persian Lamb, Japanese Mink, etc. Regular price $87.50. Sale Price..... $50

Russian Pony Coats, 50 in. long, fine quality, satin lined. Regular price $40.00. Sale Price..... $35

Black Lynx Muffs, large pillow shape, fine quality. Regular price $15.00. Sale Price..... $10

Fur Scarfs, in plain and fancy shawl, pelerine and tie effect, in Marten, Isabella and Sable Fox, Japanese Mink, River Mink, Blue Wolf, etc. Regular price $18.75. Sale Price.. $10

Double Stamps Every Forenoon

CALIFORNIA IS WARNED BY THE PRESIDENT

SACRAMENTO, Calif., Feb. 1.—President Roosevelt's letter to Governor J. N. Gillett was received today, regarding the anti-Japanese legislation now pending in the legislature. He says:

"The White House,
"Washington, D. C., Jan. 28, 1909.
"My Dear Governor—Prior to receiving your letter and accompanying copies of bills on had sent identical telegrams to the Secretary of State and myself and to the Senate, the Secretary of State answered:

"Jan. 25, 1909.
"Hon. J. N. Gillett, Governor of California, Sacramento, Calif.:
"I have no objection to the passage of a law which treats all aliens alike in acquiring and transferring real property. To avoid conflict with the Constitution of the United States, however, such statute should contain an expressed provision excepting from its operation any rights secured by treaty between the United States and foreign nations. See decision of the Supreme Court of the United States.

"(Signed) ELIHU ROOT."

Secretary Root's Warning.

"I have now received your letter and the copies of the bills. The Secretary of State has submitted to me the following memorandum which has my cordial approval:

"The Secretary here presents a detailed discussion of the bills presented to the Legislature.

* * * * * * *

"The exclusion of Asiatic laborers through the cooperation of their own government in the case of Japan, has proved to be far more successful and satisfactory than the enactment by the action of the government by the simple enforcement of a statute on that subject by the citizens of the State of California. The same would inevitably be the case with Japan. Exclusion laws passed by Congress would be so efficient as the recent arrangement and it would be accompanied inevitably by ill-feeling and resentment, the consequence of which would be of the most serious character.

"Viewing it in a larger aspect the relations of California to the rest of the Union, it is difficult to find words strong enough to characterize the violation of patriotic duty which would be involved in a careless and objective enactment constituting a serious affront to a friendly nation and certain to plunge the entire nation into the direst conditions of enmity to a great and hitherto most friendly people which is our neighbor upon the Pacific.

"ELIHU ROOT."

President Urges Caution.

"To this memorandum I have little to add. The United States government has no objection to the enactment of a law in California as regards the rights of aliens to hold estate, provided that the suggestions of the Secretary of State are complied with as contained in the above memorandum.

"But for reasons set forth in the President's memorandum the Federal government would most emphatically object to the passage of the proposed second legislation, and also object to legislation such as the press dispatches describe as having been proposed to force the Japanese to live in separate residential quarters.

"I most earnestly trust that, for the reasons set forth in the President's memorandum and for the reasons set forth in my previous letters and telegrams, none of the objectionable proposed legislation will be enacted into law.

"THEODORE ROOSEVELT."

SINCLAIR STIRS UP CLERGYMEN

NEW YORK, Feb. 1.—The declaration by Upton Sinclair, the famous author of the "Jungle," that the marriage service should be abolished and that divorce should be adopted as a private contract, aroused a great deal of discussion among clergymen in New York today. The Rev. Merle St. Croix Wright, pastor of the Lenox Avenue Unitarian Church, was one of those who strongly disagreed with Sinclair's views.

"He ought to me to be sincere," said Mr. Wright, "that he will some day change his mind. His idea of marriage is purely juvenile."

"THE ROSE OF INDIA," BY NEWTOWNE CLUB

Members of the Newtowne Club and their friends will crowd the club's auditorium at North Cambridge tonight for the opening presentation of "The Rose of India" by club cast. This is the annual club theatrical and will run every night this week. The book and lyrics are the work of Stanley Hill. The music is by Charles F. Rowe. Each evening performance there will be dancing till 1 a. m. to night and Friday night and until 12 midnight on other nights.

RHEUMATISM PRESCRIPTION

The following prescription, while very simple and harmless, will be found to work wonders in curing same back and all kinds of rheumatism, purifying the blood and kidneys and restoring the system to normal health and vigor. It is inexpensive, considering its effectiveness, and can be mixed at home.

"One ounce compound syrup of Sarsaparilla; one ounce Toris compound. These to be added to half pint of whiskey and used in teaspoonful doses before each meal and at bedtime. The bottle must be shaken well each time."

Toris compound is a product of the laboratories of the Globe Pharmaceutical Co., Chicago, but it as well as the other ingredients can be had from any good druggist.

Good results from this treatment are apparent after the first few doses, although it would be a mistake to discontinue its use until the health is fully restored.

DOUBLE STAMPS
Brine's
EVERY MORNING

To reach Wolf's "My Clothier," cor. Hanover and Portland streets, if the Washington street tunnel passengers going south should leave at Friend street exit; those going north at Union street.

Read the "Want Ads" Next to Last Page.

FAMOUS DR. PARKHURST WRITES FOR AMERICAN; PRAISES ROOSEVELT

DR. CHARLES H. PARKHURST.

By Dr. CHARLES H. PARKHURST, Who To-day Begins a Series of Articles for the Boston American.

There is a great deal more in the events recorded in a live newspaper than readers ordinarily notice at first blush. A gang of burglars sweeps down upon a bank, blows open the vault, and rifles it of its contents. All that, of course, interests the bank officers, the stockholders and depositors, and any record of it made in the AMERICAN will be seriously read by them. But quite apart from the personal interest they take in it, there is another kind of importance attaching to it in the fact that a bank robbery tells, not only the bank people, but all the rest of us, something as to the condition of the times, the lawlessness of the times and the inability or the indisposition of the authorities to repress lawlessness.

A man runs away with his neighbor's wife. A woman tires of her husband and settles the thing in a divorce court, all of which concerns not only the parties immediately involved, but also concerns everybody else, for it affords a symptom of the prevailing tone of life. It is important that all these things be recognized at sight, and in the light of what they mean. We all of us want to know and to think about them candidly and seriously.

Some people complain that newspaper columns contain a record of so many murders, burglaries, etc.; the thing primarily to complain of is not the record of misdeeds, but the misdeeds and the general state of morals that renders it possible for such things to exist.

It is beneath the dignity of any reader, rich or poor, ignorant or learned, to read such incidents and then to think only of the incidents and not have a thought broad enough to feel their side import and their relation to the common condition and to the interest of us all.

Criticism of Roosevelt.

If people have been until latterly, wild in their admiration of Mr. Roosevelt, they are now, many of them, showing symptoms of being quite irrational in their vituperation of him. Although we are Americans, with a considerable infusion of Teutonic blood, we are nevertheless, an extremely cent fok, and are almost as disposed as the French or Irish to receive disposed proceedings on our intelligence, and to pronounce judgments at the impulse of passion.

It is a great thing to have had for six years a Chief Executive that a majority of people believe to be honest, to be intentious, clean in his life and patriotic in his purposes and plans. He may have been unwise, pugilistic and meddlesome, but he has done things and thrown a dam across some streams of bad tendency.

He has had a lot of heart and a lot of intelligence—more of both than any one of the two work together. He is a medley of arrogance and unselfishness, of which very incompatibilities are captivating. He probably has an excess of self appreciation.

Roosevelt Seen by His Son.

A Cambridge gentleman was recently quoting a son of Mr. Roosevelt concerning his father's self-esteem to this effect, that when Mr. Roosevelt went to a wedding he thought he was the bride, and when he went to a funeral he thought he was the corpse. Some may feel that the country will be safer after the fourth of March, when Teddy is out among the elephants and the marcodiles; but we are to him in a way that we cannot quite get over, and we hope that if the panthers get a taste of him they will have enough of him to cause them to get back to America well and happy.

It is a bad symptom of human nature, and of that feature that pertains to the national depravity, that we are mere interested in the defects of men than in their excellencies, and that while one virtue counts to hide a multitude of sins, we let one sin hide a multitude of virtues. Most of Mr. Roosevelt's mistakes and acts of malfeasance and hot temper will be forgotten, and while history will never give to him the honored place occupied by Washington and Lincoln, he will, in course of time, be placed in the company of those who have deserved best at the hands of their countrymen.

The Jewish Convention.

Gentiles ought to be interested in the recent Jewish convention at Philadelphia. The Jewish population in this country has doubled three times since 1880, and constitutes an element that, not only in numbers, but in strength, requires to be taken account of.

It is a little late to have our judgments handicapped by racial prejudices, and in a country like ours we have all got to be learned to look upon one another with a universal eye.

One important question that the Philadelphia convention interested itself in was to do with the discrimination which the Russian government makes against the Jews bearing American passports. A passport is a certificate of citizenship, and a foreign power insults our government when it refuses to honor one of our official certificates of civic character.

One reason why we could give to Russia, and that might help to promote in her an appreciation of Western civilization, would be to make this matter a question of international diplomacy, and to convey to the inert Muscovite mind the idea that an American believes to that extent a brother, and that to discriminate against a brother is to offront the whole American family.

SUMMON MACK IN CANAL LIBEL

BUFFALO, N. Y., Feb. 1.—Chairman Norman E. Mack of the Democratic National Committee was served with a subpoena by United States Marshal Conklin commanding him to appear in the United States Court at New York to-morrow morning. In the action brought by the United States government against the New York World (The Press Publishing Company), in connection with the Panama Canal articles printed in that paper some time ago.

Marshal Conklin said the subpoena came from United States Attorney Henry L. Stimson of New York, and was signed by him. Mr. Mack will leave for New York tonight in order to answer the summons.

ARCHBISHOP SPEAKS AT ROXBURY DINNER

Archbishop O'Connell will be one of the speakers at the eighth annual banquet of St. Alphonsus Association of Roxbury in the hall of Smith Street School on February 10. Others will be Vice-General Joseph Anderson, former Governor James H. Higgins of Rhode Island, United States District Attorney Mark H. Sullivan and James Magrath of Boston School Committee. James P. Fox will be toastmaster.

THAWING PIPES COST $800.

Thawing out pipes caused an $800 fire in the two-family house on Cross street, Quincy, to-day.

Business Notice.

CASTORIA
For Infants and Children.
The Kind You Have Always Bought
Bears the Signature of Chas. H. Fletcher

ENDED LIFE TO ESCAPE ARREST

Mrs. Opal Lewis, the eighteen-year-old wife of Charles T. Lewis, who committed suicide at Woonsocket, left her home in Reading for the purpose of having no one claim its body. It is believed fear of arrest on charge of larceny of $400 caused the young woman to end her life. She left a four-months-old babe. The little one was to-day placed in the care of his grandmother, Mrs. Pickel, No. 28 Falmouth street, this city.

VAN VLECK VOTED YALE STAR ATHLETE

NEW HAVEN, Ct., Feb. 1.—The Yale senior class of the academic department today issued a part of the elections on the various characteristics of its members. J. M. Howard of Montclair, N. J., was chosen the most popular man with 107 votes, and Van Vleck was declared the best athlete with 70. Van Vleck, who played football, baseball, took part in track and other athletics, is also chosen as the all-around athlete, while M. O. Parry of Indianapolis, president of the Yale Dramatic Association, is called the wittiest man. Charles S. Lamb of Sioux Falls, N. J., and James R. Grant of Denver are voted as having done the most for Yale.

SEES PROGRESS IN SOCIAL UPHEAVAL

NEW HAVEN, Ct., Feb. 1.—New Haveners to-day are wondering what has really had better begin saving the bread crusts or cultivating a cavalry swagger in anticipation of the elimination of the middle class? panic, unless the capitalists force a widespread war, as prognosticated by Robert H. LaMonte in his Socialistic address. It was LaMonte's first public appearance for several years. His topic was "Earthquakes and Panics," and he likened the physical upheavals of the earth, causing quakes, to the upheavals of class, which, he said, would cause social upheavals. This, he said, was the course of true progress in this world—not revolution.

PREDICT ZERO WEATHER DROP AGAIN TONIGHT

Midnight	10 degrees above
1 a. m.	9 degrees above
2 a. m.	8 degrees above
3 a. m.	7 degrees above
4 a. m.	7 degrees above
5 a. m.	6 degrees above
6 a. m.	5 degrees above
7 a. m.	4 degrees above
8 a. m.	4 degrees above
9 a. m.	4 degrees above
10 a. m.	6 degrees above
11 a. m.	10 degrees above
Noon	11 degrees above
1 p. m.	11 degrees above
2 p. m.	12 degrees above
3 p. m.	14 degrees above
4 p. m.	15 degrees above

After rising from below zero at dawn to eleven above zero at noon, the Boston temperature is slated to go down rapidly tonight for another cold least.

The official temperature record gives four above as the oldest mark today. Reports from many suburbs show that the average community was shivering in temperatures far below that.

Most suburbs thought themselves lucky to get off at even zero. From zero the reports run down to as low as ten below at Lincoln.

Reports from weather stations over the country indicate that Boston is not alone in the very coldest place in all the United States at present. Caribou, Me., and Winnipeg, Canada, at twenty-four below. New Kingsland's record is Northfield, Vt., which has twelve below.

The warmest place in the United States, by way of contrast, is Key West, which is quite balmy at forty-eight above. The warmest place in New England is Nantucket, at eleven above.

The local forecast is:

"Fair and colder to-night. To-morrow fair, with rising temperature.

Suburban weather reports tell a cold story.

Woburn, Melrose, Wakefield and Fitchburg report 20 below.

Nearer the shore the temperature was slightly higher. Revere had 4 above zero.

Zero reports are sent in from Mt. Auburn, Brattle square, Cambridge; Lasell Cemetery, Dedham, Arlington, Winthrop, Medford, Newton and Somerville.

North Cambridge had two above. Harvard University recorded the same. Hyde Park was comparatively comfortable at six above, considering the average of low temperature.

Minot st tae south and Malden at the north were equal to two above.

The official weather record gives more conservative report, as usual, its records on top of the Pemberton building never equal ling those taken at more exposed places.

Commuters came to town swearing, each having stories of zero weather or worse. The weather bureau's story told the truth. Frost-bound rails were slippery and the motormen found it difficult to make time.

On the railroad lines the engineers found the usual difficulty in getting up a good head of steam. Suburban runs were hindered on this account.

The ferry ride across the harbor from the Charlestown navy yard side was rapping enough to suit the oldest inhabitant to-day. Only the most hardened stuck to the deck on the trip across the windswept water. The cabin was good enough for most.

Plumbers and coal dealers are briskly on the job to-day and from many a "steam-fitted" apartment in the residential suburbs arise loud calls for the janitor and more heat.

CHICAGO REPORTS ANOTHER STORM IS RUSHING EAST

CHICAGO, Feb. 1.—Another snowstorm from the West is heading eastward, according to the official forecast of the Weather bureau here, and will arrive in Chicago early or to-morrow. It has not yet assumed the proportions of a blizzard, and the government meteorologists say it will be merely a harmless fall of snow.

The weather is much warmer to-day. The effects of the rising temperature were felt in the places of relief to the poor. Fewer men applied for lodgings at the municipal lodging houses, and the police stations reported almost no homeless men in search of a bed. The snow was declared a godsend to the poor, as it afforded men out of work an opportunity to earn money for food and fuel.

LOUISVILLE, Ky., Feb. 1.—Frozen sidewalks and turned-up collars were the most prominent features of the first day of the present Winter weather. The thermometer throughout the supposedly sunny section Sunday hovered between 10 and 20 degrees above zero.

NO TRACE OF TRAIN LOST IN BLIZZARD SINCE LAST FRIDAY

MILWAUKEE, Wis., Feb. 1.—Train No. 23 of the Southern Minnesota division of the Chicago, Milwaukee & St. Paul Railway, which since Friday has been missing in the blizzard, is still unaccounted for. The train is supposed to be stalled in some drifts near Jackson, Minn. All other trains operating into Milwaukee have practically resumed their normal schedules, and the temperature has risen to a few degrees above the zero mark.

ATLANTA, Ga., Feb. 1.—With the thermometer hovering around 15 degrees above zero, reports records were broken in Atlanta to-day and reports received here indicate that the cold snap was general throughout Georgia, Alabama and Florida. The lowest temperature recorded in Atlanta was 10 above. At Birmingham the coldest was 11 above; at Montgomery, 16, and at Mobile, 23.

"The orchardists believe that the cold weather will be of inestimable benefit to the peach crop in Georgia, reports indicate that strawberries and vegetables have been practically ruined as far south as the northern part of Florida.

PLAN BLUE LAWS FOR CALIFORNIA

SACRAMENTO, Cal., Feb. 2.—"Ouster reform reform" is now the slogan of the opponents of the anti-race track gambling bill, the passage of which is practically assured. The race track legislators are now preparing to attempt to turn the reform wave into a farce by making a great effort to pass a series of "blue laws" which will be introduced in the Legislature soon. The most revolutionary measure published is a bill which will strike a deathblow to the boxing contests.

REDUCED PRICES VALUE OF TRADE

WASHINGTON, Feb. 2.—Reduced prices were largely the cause the fall of $267,000,000 of value of imports and $107,000,000 in exports in the foreign trade of the United States in the calendar year 1907, the bureau of statistics of the Department of Commerce and Labor has just completed an analysis of the trade of the year. It shows that importation of foodstuffs dropped from $305,000,000 in the calendar year of 1907 to $292,000,000 in 1908; crude materials for use in manufacturing from $464,000,000 to $393,000,000.

FROHMAN GIVES $6,000 AND SEASON ON STAGE TO 6 GIRLS

Charles Frohman, the theatrical manager, here with makes, through the BOSTON AMERICAN, an original and tempting offer to stage aspirants. He will give a season's engagement to each of six pretty New England girls, selected by contest through the BOSTON AMERICAN.

This engagement consists of forty weeks on the stage at a weekly salary of $25. To any girl who soon real talent he will at the close of their season offer two and three years contracts.

Miss Hattie Williams, the Boston girl, who is crowning her modest opera tic career by making a triumph in "Peter Pan," rose from the ranks, and there are two things in her favor because she has learned them by experience. One is that opportunity is the thing. Prince every girl, whether her aspirations be toward the stage or elsewhere, is waiting for; and the other is that there is no better place and no better training ground for a girl who has decided upon a stage career to start than the bottom rung of the ladder of a New England comedy.

Miss Hattie Williams.

Was Hattie Williams's Idea.

Actuated by these ideas and by the letters she received from some Boston young women who wish to go upon the stage, Miss Williams proposed to Charles Frohman that he give a number of New England girls a chance to try their fortune before the footlights and see if the acting profession was the thing for them to adopt. Mr. Frohman said he would agree to any plan Miss Williams desired that would include as many as six New England girls, no sorts of whom she would promise a season's employment in musical comedy at a salary of $25 a week.

Miss Williams proposes a beauty contest—as beauty is a most desirable quan-

tity in young women beginning stage careers—the selection to be made from photographs sent in to the AMERICAN, and Miss Williams, who will be at the Park Theatre for several weeks, is to be one of the judges.

The AMERICAN will print in instalments fifty photographs picked from those sent in and will ask its readers to select the lucky six by ballot from this galaxy of the half hundred of the handsomest and most ambitious of New England girls.

The six winners will be given stage tuition to fit them for the work they are to do. They will each receive a year's contract at $25 a week and to the ones showing the most ability and industry Mr. Frohman may give a London engagement before their year is up. It is possible they will be given pieces in the production of "The Dollar Princess," a new musical play which Charles Frohman will put on in New York next August.

All Given Equal Chances.

There is the further chance that Mr. Frohman may discover special ability in them and extend their contracts for two or three years. In any event the six winners will have a better chance at the very dog of their stage work that Hattie Williams, Edna May, Marie Doro, Pauline Chase, Billie Burke and many other actresses of international fame who might be named, and who rose from chorus to stardom. The prizes are certainly worth working for.

The balloting system is the fairest and best that could be employed. It gives all contestants an equal chance and makes the result one to some extent upon their own personal efforts.

The voting coupon will appear in the BOSTON AMERICAN with the first instalment of photographs on February 14, and will be printed every day for the succeeding five weeks in which the voting contest will close. This will give ample time for the mailing of votes.

Photographs may be sent in at once. Candidates should respond to the offer tomorrow, if not to-day.

Here Are the Conditions.

The conditions of the Charles Frohman American beauty contest are simple.

THE OFFER IS NOT OPEN TO WOMEN NOW ON THE STAGE OR WHO HAVE HAD ANY STAGE EXPERIENCE.

Young women who wish to compete for the prizes are asked to send in their photographs with their names plainly written on the back, also giving complexion, height and address. Photographs will be received at the BOSTON AMERICAN office, Nos. 58-62 Summer street, until February 14. None will be accepted after that date. Miss Williams will examine every photograph submitted up to the time of the closing of the contest, and after making the half hundred selections will mark them from 1 to 50 in the order that they appear in the AMERICAN, while the voting coupons will be printed during that time.

The contest will close March 8. All ladies must be by force of that date.

No photographs will be returned.

No personal letters to Charles Frohman, Hattie Williams or the editor of the AMERICAN or anyone in any way connected with the contest will be given any consideration.

THE BOSTON AMERICAN renders will make the final decision.

All communications must be sent to the Charles Frohman American Beauty Contest Editor."

Filene's
Washington and Winter Sts.

Filene's
Washington and Winter Sts.

The Tunnel Bargain Basement

Among Many Other Sales Not Advertised.

2 Entire Basement Rooms will be given over to selling

AN EXTRAORDINARY SALE
OF
HIGH-GRADE UNDERMUSLINS
THIS WEEK

¶ A purchase of 17,000.00 worth to be sold at Bargain Basement Prices.

¶ All new, fresh garments.

Tuesday, February 2:

Women's 35c Trimmed Corset Covers 19c
Women's 1.75 White Skirts 95c
Women's 1.00 to 1.50 Gowns 78c
Women's 1.50 Trimmed Nainsook Gowns 95c
Women's 2.00 and 2.50 Nainsook Gowns 1.29
Women's 1.00 Cotton Chemises 58c
Women's 1.50 Nainsook Chemises 95c
Women's 1.00 Combinations 58c
Women's 2.00 Nainsook Combinations 1.29
Women's 1.00 Trimmed Drawers 58c
Women's 37½c Trimmed Drawers 19c
Women's 2.75 White Skirts 1.65
Women's 5.00 White Skirts, Embroidery Flounce, 2.45

No Other Store Like This in the World.

The Automatic Price Reductions

We expect the first price will sell out the lot. By any chance should part of a lot remain unsold at the end of two weeks

Then begin the Automatic Price Reductions:

Beginning 3rd Week—¼ Reduction

Then—should any be left—

Beginning 4th Week—½ Reduction

Then—should any be left—

Beginning 5th Week—¾ Reduction

All should be sold by this time. Should any be left, however,

They Will Be Given Away

NOTE: Every price tag is stamped with the date the article was received so that it will be very clear just what the proper reduction should be in every instance.

Reductions taking place every day. See to-day's new prices on lots not advertised.

The Filene guarantee of dependable quality with everything sold here.

BARKING DOG SAVES FAMILY FROM FLAMES

The handsome Concord residence of Dr. Fred E. Cheney, who has an office at No. 126 Commonwealth avenue, was destroyed by fire early this morning in the suburb of Ayr, consisting of the doctor, his wife, four children and his aged mother, Mrs. E. H. Cheney, who was forced to flee for their lives into the intensely cold air in their nightclothes.

The loss on the house and its furnishings amounts to $15,000.

Had it not been for the barking of a pet dog, the whole family might have been suffocated or burned to death. The dog's evidence was stimulated a quarter of a mile to the Monument street, and is credited by them with saving their lives.

Mrs. Cheney, who was forced to flee for her life into the intensely cold air in her nightclothes, was overcome by the smoke which had filled the entire house, and was evidently overpowered in flames so rapidly that practically none of the furniture was removed. The dog who rescued the seven persons was stunned a quarter of a mile away on Monument street, and is credited by them with saving their lives.

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The fire started on the second floor, and is supposed to have been due to a defective flue.

MAY DURYEA'S PAY HELD UP

Attorney Thomas J. Barry has secured a Superior Court injunction holding up the last week's salary of May Duryea at the Bijou Theatre because he says she owes him a balance of $278.75 on a bill of $453 for professional services.

Barry found out that Miss Duryea's contract called for payment of salary on Sundays, a day on which he could not get at her. Miss Duryea's salary was held up in order Saturday afternoon so as to be in force when a hearing later on the order.

Barry says that he was counsel for Miss Duryea when she brought suit against a Dr. Hall in 1901.

HOUND GUARDS ITS DEAD MASTER

ROCHESTER, N. H., Feb. 1.—A faithful hound that had been with his master on a hunting trip guarded the body of Warren Hansoom of Winter street, this city, when the sledding reference and police tried to approach it. The dog could not understand why his master slept so long in the cordite and when the Boston & Maine track at Summit crossing, outside of Rochester, but, although he howled occasionally in his grief as he kept his all-night vigil, he would not let strangers come near until he finally was driven away.

Mr. Hansoom's body was frozen and badly bruised. It is thought that while walking up the track toward his home late Saturday evening he was struck by a passenger train. He was discovered dead this morning.

February 1st to 6th, Quaker Oats Week.

This is "Quaker Oats Week" all over the United States. Are you observing it? Eat Quaker Oats at least once a day.

Delicious with cream.

DEMAND GRAND JURY INQUIRY IN FITCHBURG HOSPITAL SCANDAL

Common Council to Be Asked to Take Action To-night on the Charges.

Remarkable Testimony Brought Out in Examination of Hospital Nurse and Others.

FITCHBURG, Feb. 1.—The Common Council will be asked by several members to-night to demand a Grand Jury inquiry into the Burbank Hospital situation. The public is more than ever dissatisfied with the situation after yesterday's hearing. On every corner one hears nothing but talk of whitewash.

The testimony of the interne, Dr. Melvar, that he had allowed the nurses to "put" him on the check and the categorical denial of questions by implicated nurses was all brought out by the nature of the questions put. All these seemed to be framed by the committee members with the idea of defence.

The public wants District Attorney George S. Taft or some strong lawyer acting as a prosecuting attorney to probe into the very depths of the matter and cross-examine rigidly. The publicity so far given has not only aroused the people, but exasperated them as well, and the most caustic expressions are going about. There is little doubt that the Grand Jury and Common Council will both take drastic action.

The hearing Sunday brought out some remarkable testimony regarding the conditions in the hospital.

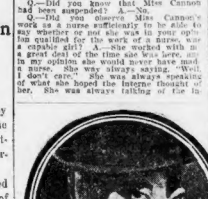
We are never intended to be intimate with the patients.

Q.—Would you feel free to go to Miss White and make a complaint? A.—Indeed, I would.

Q.—Have you any reason to complain of Miss White's treatment of you? A.—No. She has always been friendly, fair and I respect and love her.

Q.—Did you know that Miss Cannon had been suspended? A.—No.

Q.—Did you observe in Miss Cannon's work as a nurse sufficiently to be able to say whether or not she was in your opinion qualified for the work of a nurse, was a capable girl? A.—She worked with me a great deal of the time she was there and in my opinion she would never have made a nurse. She was always saying, 'I don't care.' She was always speaking of what she hoped the interne thought of her. She was always talking of the interne, always.



Harrah K. Bennett, president of Fitchburg Common Council.

Q.—What was the nature of the conversation about the interne? A.—Oh, I feel that she liked him pretty well. I knew by her manner and her general way of talking that she liked the interne.

Q.—Did you ever hear the nurses speak of Miss Cannon's work for the interne? A.—We used to joke her about it at the table when she came in.

Q.—Was there a common belief among the nurses that she cared a great deal for the interne? A.—Why, I guess so. Why, yes, we all thought she did.

Q.—Did Miss Cannon at any time make any charge to you against any nurse in this hospital for the enforcing the rules? A.—No.

Q.—Did she ever make any complaint to you about Miss Lemay? A.—She simply said she hated her.

Told of Hatred for Another Nurse.

Q. Did she ever say anything to you against any other nurse? A. Yes, she said she hated Miss Miller.

Q. Did she tell you that she hated Miss Miller? A. Yes, she did.

Q. Did you ever hear any immoral talk among the nurses? A.—No, sir.

Q. Have you ever heard it from any other nurse about the nurses? A.—I never talk much and do not care to listen to such things. I spent more of my spare time in my room and do not care to talk people about those things. I do not care to interested.

Q. Did you ever hear that any immoral practice was carried on in the nurse's or another nurse in the presence of the interne? A.—No, sir.

Q.—Did Miss Cannon ever tell you that Miss Lemay had made improper advances to her or any time? A.—No, I never remember it.

Q.—Miss Foote, if you had a sister would you be willing to have her come to the Burbank Hospital? A.—What is good enough for me is good enough for my sister, and I would be willing to have her come if she is very thin.

Q.—Did you ever hear from any nurse that a certain nurse entertained a male visitor on the night she was on duty? A.—I was on duty. A.—No, I never did.

Q.—Did you ever hear against Miss that any nurse did that? A.—No, Miss Cannon told me that she had a male friend who called, she talked with me it was always about common things. She never had company when on duty. She never had the special interest in the hospital that she had in her work and whether the hospital progressed or not.

Q.—By Mr. Ware.—Were you the nurse who had charge of Mrs. Hassell? A.—Yes.

Q.—She was the nurse who had Cate, who was a witness the other day? A.—Yes.

Q.—Did you ever hear Miss Cannon on the men's side. I suppose because the women's side was full. I had charge of her. I did for her what was done, with the help of Miss Cannon part of the time.

Q.—Did you hear a statement that her hair was never combed when she came in and that you used a brush on it and fresh towels on her face? A.—It was very sore. I used to use alcohol and ether on it. She was sore. I had to do it myself. I never took such good care of anyone as I did of that old lady. She was so cheerful and sweet and patient.

Q.—And she suffered? A.—Yes.

Q.—What was her condition when she came into the hospital? A.—I never saw any thing like it. I never saw any thing like it. I never saw any one suffer as much as that. Her head was full of sores, and her body from the top of her head to the soles of her feet was one mass of sores. She suffered so much. She said that the patient could not lie down except upon her side, and that it was necessary to place her upon the side dressing the larger sore. Miss Foote said that she "hated to go near her," and explained that this was because of the nature of the woman's affliction.

Q.—Did Mrs. Hassell ever make any complaint to you at any time about her treatment? A.—No. She was always very grateful. She used to write to her sister and get letters back in which the sister said that she was so well satisfied and being treated so well. She used to write to her sister of how much she liked her two nurses.

Q.—The day that her mother died Mrs. Cate was here? A.—Yes, she was. I held her mother's head, and when she died Mrs. Cate got up and left the room and her friend who was with her. She said she could not bear to stay there.

Q.—Did Mrs. Cate at any time make any complaint to you about her mother's treatment? A.—No, she never complained about anything. Mrs. Hassell herself told me that she had never had any care at home, and that she thought her daughter did not want to have to take care of her. She told me to and to the night nurses, Miss Staples.

Q.—By Mr. Ware.—Did you ever hear it said that her daughter came here and found a cold water bag at her feet? A.—No, I never did.

Q.—Note explained that the bag of hot water was placed at the old lady's feet to warm them and make her more comfortable, also providing a soft place for her feet. The temperature was usually about 115 degrees.

Q.—Did you ever hear any nurse or nurses say in the dining room or any part of the hospital words to this effect: 'That fresh patient—I did not care for her. I would rather take care of a dog than her. I am on duty as long as there is any more work to do for her.' A.—No, I never heard that said by Miss Miller. I thought it was very good.

Nurses Were Jealous of Each Other.

Q.—It has been said that Miss Cannon told you that the reason for the jealousy between her and Miss Miller was on account of the friendship of Miss Miller and Miss Haddow? A.—Yes.

Q.—Did you ever hear Miss Cannon speak of any jealousy against Miss Haddow or Miss Miller. A.—No.

Q.—Other witnesses were asked to ascertain the feeling of the nurses toward the interne. Miss Foote declared that they were very cordial. "I think," said she, "that if you only knew the kind of hospital she will say that Miss White is the cause of all the trouble. She is not a capable nor competent matron. That is my opinion of her."

Q.—Did you ever hear a nurse say that she did not like to take charge of a patient coming in from the operating room at night? A.—Yes, I have spoken to the nurses about it. They all take their turn of duty. I have never heard of any nurse refusing to take charge of a patient coming in from the operating room at night. We have orders in the X-ray room to attend to.

Hatred and Jealousy Between Employes.

Q.—Have you ever heard of an immoral remark being made by a nurse in the presence of the interne? A.—I have never heard of any thing of the kind in this house. There may be joking remarks made, but never with any immorality in them.

Miss Staples denied knowledge of any case where a nurse had omitted strychnine in a case of collapse, saying of that: "I am the world die sooner. She said she had been Miss Lemay and Miss Miller. "Miss Cannon told me that she was jealous of Miss Miller."

Q.—Have you heard anything of the regard Miss Cannon is supposed to have had for the interne? A.—I have heard of it. We treated it as a joke. She was always wondering what the interne thought about her.

Q.—Was she pretty generally teased by the other nurses about it? A.—Generally so.

Q.—Did you ever hear of any nurse examining a male visitor on the stairway in the dark for several hours? A.—No.

Miss Staples said that she was night nurse on Mrs. Hassell's case, and that her morphine order sheet showed that the orders were countermanded.

Q.—Did she say anything to you while you were on duty about the fact that the patient was not to be left alone? A.—She told me that she had been left alone.

Q.—Was she left alone by you? A.—No, sir.

Q.—Did you ever hear of any nurse entertaining a male visitor on the stairway in the dark for several hours? A.—No.

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CHORUS GIRL'S FIRST STORY OF WOOER-SUICIDE

Florence Gibbs, a chorus girl with Walker's "Red Raven" extravaganza company, whose refusal to marry Charles T. Lewis of Reading, known also as William Kent and Frank Jones, was thought to have caused him to commit suicide in the St. James Hotel, Woonsocket, R. I., Saturday, to-day at her home, No. 5 Washington street, Cambridgeport, told her side of the story to a reporter.

"On Tuesday, January 19, I was playing at Walker's Museum on Hanover street, Boston," said Miss Gibbs. "On that afternoon I met Lewis. Later I received a bouquet and a note asking me out to supper after the show from 'Thomas Lewis.' I accepted the invitation and dined with him. I met him several times after that. Last Sunday the company left Boston for Woonsocket, for a week's engagement.

Met in South Station.

"I was much surprised to meet Mr. Lewis in the South Station. We chatted a while and to my surprise he boarded the train with me. When we arrived at Woonsocket the company put up at the Commercial House, and Lewis registered as 'William Kent.'

"Monday afternoon he came into my room suddenly and said to me, 'If you don't marry me I'm going to shoot you.' This frightened me greatly. He came back Wednesday afternoon and asked me if I would marry him. I refused, and he became angry. I screamed and Nina Series, leading woman in the company, came into the room, and ordered Lewis out.

Demanded Answer in Street.

"I saw him the next day in the street and he asked me what my answer was. I told him to go away as I would have nothing more to do with him.

"I learned then that he had changed his hotel, going over to the St. James. He came down to a rehearsal Saturday morning. The next I heard in the afternoon after the show was that he had shot himself.

"Nearly all the girls in the company went with me to see Davis's body. He left the following note for me:

"'There is no one to blame. I'm tired of living. I am no good to myself or anybody else. When you find this letter, take it to the Hub Theatre and give it to Florence Gibbs. Good-by, Florence. KENT.'

"P. S. For God's sake don't let your mother know what has happened. Tell her you don't know. Florie, I loved you with all my heart, but you do not care for me, so good-by, dear.'

"He was a quiet sort of a chap, a bit inclined to be moody. I did not encourage him one bit. I'm awfully sorry for the poor fellow."

Miss Gibbs has been on the stage four years. In 1907 and 1908 she was a member of the pony ballet of "Fluff, Fluff, Fluff."

PAINTINGS WORTH $50,000 ARE STOLEN

LONDON, Feb. 1.—Burglars broke into the Van Hier gallery, on Jermyn street, and stole thirty of Van Hier's best paintings. They were valued at $50,000. A number of international diplomatic orders were also taken.

FLORENCE GIBBS, WHO SPURNED HOTEL SUICIDE

BIG MERCHANT MEMBERSHIP

With the addition of 130 new members to its rolls, the enlarged Boston Merchants' Association now numbers 1,143. The membership committee, pleased with its work, is going after more members with renewed energy. This week a new special committee will be formed of the candy manufacturers now in the association, with a view to getting into the association other candy manufacturers not now enrolled.

There will be one more election of members before the annual election of officers and directors on February 17. The election is expected to bring out a large vote.

Chairman Frederick H. Curtiss of the membership committee says:

"We have a membership that is large, but a work that is larger. We need 5,000 members. I believe we will soon have them."

MOTHER SEES LION FEASTING ON BABY

BALBOA, Cal., Feb. 1.—A mountain lion crunching the lifeless and mangled body of her two-year-old boy was the sight that greeted Mrs. Chris Brown when she entered the family tent, four miles from the Hotel Isthmus, after a short walk. The mother in despair rushed screaming at the beast. The lion growled savagely and backed slowly out of the rear of the tent and disappeared.

$10,000 WEEK FOR ROOSEVELT IN WILD WEST

BRIDGEPORT, Ct., Feb. 1.—Professor James M. Atlas declares he has written President Roosevelt offering his an engagement of thirty weeks at $10,000 per week ($300,000 in all) to head a Wild West show, to be known as the "Theodore Roosevelt Rough Riders' Congress of the World." Atlas says he is ready to guarantee him all or any part of the money before the show starts, and will be ready by May 1, 1909.

Also he agrees to fit up several special cars so that the President could pursue his literary activities en route.

Bridgeport is the home of the Buffalo Bills, Pawnee Bills Wild West Show and the Barnum & Bailey Shows, but Atlas refuses to admit that agents of these aggregations are his backers. He has tried to get in telephonic communication with the White House, without success, but thinks that the President has his offer under consideration.

GIVES LIFE TO AID SCIENCE

FORT WAYNE, Ind., Feb. 1.—Dr. Herman G. Nierman, a young and wealthy physician of this city, is dead after settling the medical world astir by voluntarily undergoing an intestinal operation to prove a radical theory he first advanced at the Washington Medical Congress, that the large colon was unnecessary for one's health, and that because of its being a breeding ground for diseases, was harmful.

Dr. Nierman submitted to the operation on Tuesday and local doctors say that the surgery was faultless. Death resulted from uremia and peritonitis.

Dr. Nierman had asked a number of outside surgeons to perform upon him, but all refused.

It is believed that this was the third operation of this kind known to science, the other two having been performed by Dr. Nierman himself.

GREAT AIR FLEET FOR THE GERMANS

BERLIN, Feb. 1.—Evidence is afforded daily of Germany's remarkable progress in the construction of an aerial fleet. The firm of Siemens & Schuckert have almost completed the construction of a new large Parseval airship, and the Zeppelin Airship Construction Company, at Friedrichshafen, has begun the new year with a staff of four engineers and ninety workmen. The technical staff and the number of workmen will be largely increased in the Spring, when the construction of several new airships of the Zeppelin type will be begun.

FLEET STARTS ON HOMEWARD TRIP SATURDAY

GIBRALTAR, Feb. 1.—Formal salutes were exchanged to-day between the American battleship fleet and the English naval establishments at the fortress. The British welcome was hearty and cordial and during the rest of the visit here the English officers plan a continuous round of entertainment for the American officers. There will be dinners and parties ashore, an elaborate dinner at the admiralty house, a race meeting and grand ball for the officers and many athletic contests for the crews.

The fleet will start for home when anchors are weighed next Saturday. The voyage across the Atlantic will be made leisurely in order to give ample time to perfect the programme of welcome on February 22. The fleet will be met by the third squadron of the Atlantic fleet, under command of Rear Admiral Arnold, and escorted to Hampton Roads. President Roosevelt, aboard the Mayflower, will review the warships as they pass between the Horseshoe and Lynnhaven Bay at noon on the 22d. Rear Admiral Sperry with other commanders and executive officers will go aboard the Mayflower to receive the President's greetings, after which the President will visit the flagship of each division and meet the principal officers and men selected from the division.

The Yankton leaves Gibraltar to-day for home.

NEW PLAN TO REMOVE SNOW

ATHOL, Feb. 1.—A confectioner on the Main street, tired of the delay in removing the snow from the street in front of his store, sit upon a novel device for cleaning it away himself.

He procured an empty molasses hogshead and bored several holes in the side, about two feet from the bottom. Then he attached a pipe from a boiler under his store to the barrel.

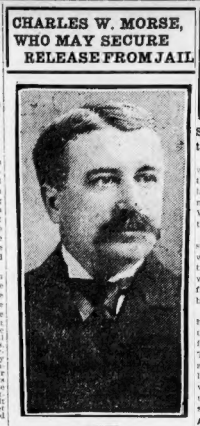
When the stream was turned on his employes shoveled the snow into the hogshead, where it quickly melted, the water pouring out through the holes in the side. In less than an hour all the snow had been cleared away from curb to curb for a distance of forty feet. Meantime a crowd of people applauded the work.

BILLIK BEGINS LIFE SENTENCE

CHICAGO, Feb. 1.—Herman Billik, necromancer and accused murderer of the Vrzal family, whose remarkable fight for freedom attracted worldwide attention, was taken to Joliet to-day to begin his sentence of life-imprisonment.

"I'll be out in a short time," declared Billik. "I'm innocent, and God won't allow an innocent man to suffer behind prison bars."

CHARLES W. MORSE, WHO MAY SECURE RELEASE FROM JAIL



FINANCIERS TO AID MORSE

NEW YORK, Feb. 1.—Friends of Charles W. Morse, the convicted banker, are preparing a petition to the judges of the United States Circuit Court of Appeals, asking them to admit Mr. Morse to bail pending the outcome of his appeal from Judge Hough's sentence of fifteen years in the Federal prison at Atlanta for violation of the national banking laws.

Scores of prominent merchants and bankers, it is said, have already signed the petition, which will be presented to the court in the near future. Mr. Morse is in the Tombs.

Both M. Milliken, ex-president of the Mercantile National Bank, and James Talcott, commission merchant and capitalist, are heading the movement, and others working in behalf of Mr. Morse include Charles M. Schwab, Edward J. Berwind and ex-Governor William T. Cobb of Maine.

UNION MILLS PAY BIG DIVIDEND

FALL RIVER, Feb. 1.—The announcement of the payment of a 25 per cent. dividend by the Union Cotton Manufacturing Company today is taken to mean that the cotton mill business is again on a substantial basis. The dividend calls for the disbursement of $300,000.

TODAY'S CABLE NEWS

From All the World Up to 6 O'clock, London Time

Strauss Upsets the Wagner Idol.

DRESDEN—Musicians from the world over are gathered here studying the Strauss methods, as shown in his latest opera, "Electra." One critic makes the sensational assertion that Wagnerian music is now a thing of the past. He says:

"Wagner belongs to the historic past since the production of 'Electra'; with the first performance of 'Electra' Wagnerism was buried. Millions will deny it, but time will prove it a fact. For years vain attempts have been made to get away from Wagner.

Most divergent ways were adopted by great composers to create what they all anticipated, but could not sufficiently realize. No one succeeded. Then came Strauss. Slowly but surely he forced his way through a labyrinth of obsolete form. His style was new and unique. People did not understand it; perhaps Strauss himself did not understand."

Azef's Life Sought.

PARIS—The revolutionaries of Europe are looking for Azef, for fifteen years head of the Russian branch. It is charged that he was an agent provocative of the Czar's police and as such ordered the "execution" of Father Gapon while ostensibly a great friend of the people. His own "execution" has been voted and his life is worthless.

The Oceana at Kingston.

KINGSTON, Jamaica—The steamer Oceana has arrived here with a large party of tourists. They split up into parties and have gone sightseeing to different parts of the island, using trains, automobiles and buggies.

Nations Join to Fight Opium Trade.

SHANGHAI, Feb. 1.—The international opium conference, suggested by the United States and out of which it is hoped to develop a plan for controlling the opium traffic of the world, convened here to-day. The United States, England, France, Germany, China, Holland, Japan and Turkey are taking part in the conference. The American delegates are the Rt. Rev. C. H. Brent, Episcopal bishop of the Philippines; Dr. C. D. Tenney, secretary of the American legation at Pekin, and Dr. Hamilton Wright of Washington.

Fisheries Treaty Held Up.

LONDON—The treaty with the United States concerning the Newfoundland fisheries is held up because of the politics in that country. It is believed however that such exigencies will not cause its sacrifice, as the government here will negotiate it without the colonial legislature's sinction if necessary.

Socialists Routed.

HANOVER—The Socialists conducted enormous agitations to-day over their demand for the extension of suffrage and general electoral reform. There was the usual demonstration, a clash with the police, and thirty or forty of the revolutionaries were injured.

Yankee Beats Marquis.

PARIS—Ellis Wainwright, who has been trying to collect $2,500 which he lent the Spanish Marquis Amodio, who married his cousin, Josephine Wainwright, has given up hope of getting his money. So he attacked the marquis on the Boulevard des Italiens and inflicted a good deal of punishment before bystanders interfered. Amodio, who is a large, fat man, did not defend himself, but denounced Wainwright as an American barbarian.

Cuba Asks Free Ore Market.

HAVANA—President Gomez will ask the Cuban Congress to remove all imposts on iron ore exported from the island to the United States, and would like to see the American Congress give Cuban ore on the free list. The envoy extraordinary and minister plenipotentiary soon to be accredited to Washington to replace Manuel Quesada, who is transferred to Paris, will be instructed to take the matter up in connection with negotiations for an extension with an amendment of the existing reciprocity treaty.

High Treason Charge Brought.

ST. PETERSBURG—M. Lopukine, former director of police of the department of the interior who has caused hundreds of revolutionists to be hanged and shot has been arrested on a charge of high treason.

1,500 Families Starving.

CONSTANTINOPLE—There is widespread suffering owing to the failure of crops in many districts of Asia Minor.

From Erzeroum come distressing appeals for aid for towns and villages between there and Birlis from pastors and preachers, who report that in many places there is lack of food, clothing, fuel and seed for Spring sowing.

It is estimated that 1,500 families are slowly starving.

France to England by Air Route.

PARIS—Colonel Lowther, military attache of the British Embassy, has told the AMERICAN correspondent to-day that the attempt of M. Clement to cross the Channel in a dirigible balloon would be postponed until the short Winter days were over.

This extraordinary trip is looked upon with the keenest interest, especially by military men. The only passengers carried will be a French officer, representing the French Ministry of War, and Colonel Lowther, of the British Embassy.

Powers Work for Peace in Turkey.

PARIS, Feb. 1.—An exchange of views is now taking place between European chancelleries, it developed to-day, looking to the conciliation of the Bulgarian-Turkish dispute. The French foreign office is hopeful that the concerted action will speedily end the present difficulty. Neither Bulgaria nor Turkey has yet given any indication of receding from its position in the indemnity dispute. Turkey still insists on a $20,000,000 indemnity, while Bulgaria stands firm at $10,400,000.

Awaits Word from Caracas.

THE HAGUE—Dr. Paul, the special Venezuelan envoy, has gone temporarily to Brussels. As he says his negotiations thus far have been satisfactory. The main questions have been settled, but he has to await instructions from Venezuela before a final agreement can be made.

FORTY YEARS OF BOSTON ALE-BREWING

FORTY years ago today—February 1, 1869—the first cask of ale went out from our Highland Spring Brewery.

In March previous, Henry H. Rueter and John R. Alley had traced with a stick on the snows of a vacant Roxbury field the outline of the first brewhouse. They chose the site for its spring of living water. Hence the name. Henry H. Rueter drafted the plans with his own hands.

His faith was founded on belief that in brewing a fine American ale is both honor and profit. Quality commands success, and the business of Rueter & Alley grew with a steadiness that stamped the growth sound and enduring.

On February 1, 1885, John R. Alley retired. Henry H. Rueter continued as Rueter & Company in active control until his death in 1899. Since then the industry has been continued on the old lines by his four sons, each in charge of his own department—general policy, brewing, sales, and law.

And though Rueter & Company became Rueter & Company, Incorporated, on February 1, 1895, neither Henry H. Rueter nor his sons ever lost sight of one purpose. That is to keep Rueter & Company a great family enterprise under intimate personal direction. To that end it has withstood alliances and consolidations, and has never enlisted foreign capital.

THOUGH the age of specialization came later than 1869, from the first the Highland Spring Brewery specialized in ales. It brewed no lager beer, but centered its skill on ales and their complement—a straight-brewed porter.

It has left the malting of barley to specialists in that line. To brew sound ale, true to type and never varying, is enough. In the wide market supplied by the world's most skilled maltsters it buys the best barley malt, taking the whole output of certain malthouses favorably located.

Good brews are worth their cost. Rueter & Company's brews have always competed with all others in quality. They have never competed with any other in price. They stand today the highest-cost domestic ales in the market, yet command the largest sale.

That is why success, after forty years, is doubly pleasing, and why we have a right to pride in our share in having made Boston what it is—the leading ale centre of America, brewing more ales and finer ales than any other city on this continent.

To this supremacy, Rueter & Company's greatest contribution has been Sterling Ale. Brewed first in 1882, Sterling has steadily won favor until today it is virtually the only product of the brewery. On draught and in bottle, it is more often called for by name than all other American ale-brews put together.

RUETER—COMPANY—HIGHLAND SPRING BREWERY—BOSTON
A L E
STERLING ALE

Sterling Ale

A L E
STERLING ALE

THE reason is simple. Sterling—though often weakly imitated since it began to attract notice from the ale-brewing world—is a distinctive ale.

Years ago the American ale-lover began to turn from the highly-alcoholic heavy old stock ales to brews better described as exhilarating than inebriating. Quick to see this trend—and to recognize in it a real advantage for all concerned—Rueter & Company originated, and has since carried near perfection, a new ale which it named Sterling.

In this good brew are kept all the rich food values of unstinted barley malt. The tonic properties and agreeable tang of choice hops are even increased. But the brew is as mildly alcoholic as squares with soundness and keeping quality without a suspicion of preservative agents.

That is Sterling Ale in a nutshell—a hearty, wholesome beverage, but in no sense strong drink.

To foresight in originating, Rueter & Company has added energy in safeguarding the brew. The Official Sign, displayed only where Sterling Ale is sold, was devised by us. It has been imitated even oftener than the ale. The Official Faucet, from which only Sterling Ale may be drawn, is an added guarantee to the buyer, and is protected by patent at home and abroad.

REWARD has been ample. In place of the brewhouse of forty years ago stands a great modern brewery—the largest ale-producer in America, whether reckoned in barrels brewed or in value of the product. It is notable that during this year just closed—a year of hard times in the general industrial world, a year marked by a so-called "wave of prohibition," which in some instances rose high enough to submerge common sense, a year in which various causes conspired to restrict the licensed sale of malt beverages without especially affecting the sale of spirituous liquors—Rueter & Company sold more ale than ever before.

One cause was the thrift of the workingman who, with fewer nickels to spend, made sure of the best return for his money by demanding Sterling. Another was its sale at the best bars, which have held their patronage. A third was the living fact that there is a sane and sober demand for fermented beverages, light in alcohol but rich in malt and hops, which takes no account of passing conditions. People are not drinking more ale, but more people are drinking ale.

To supply an honest demand with an honest product is worthy. A business founded on that principle is bound to survive. The rock-bottom reason why we are adding to our plant as we face the future is this—that in the brewing of the finest American ale is not only profit, but honor.

RUETER & COMPANY, *Ale and Porter Brewers,* BOSTON

REPORT THOUSANDS WON TO CHRIST AT BIG CHAPMAN RALLY

The Chapman-Alexander revival has swept Greater Boston and is reaching out through New England as no previous religious awakening has done in more than a quarter of a century.

This was the tidings brought to Tremont Temple at the Good Cheer meeting to-day by the leaders of the various groups of workers.

Hundreds, and may be thousands, have been brought to God since the meetings began last week. Tremont Temple will be jammed to-day by 11 o'clock. In many ways it was the most remarkable demonstration to that edifice since the revivals began.

When some of the reports were read the great audience broke out in tumultuous and prolonged applause. Here are some of the facts brought out:

There will be a parade of the workers in the South End to-night.

East Boston workers will parade in the street to-morrow night.

Every church in the group has been redenominational.

Women in Dorchester are holding meetings in private houses.

Many Harvard men in Cambridge presided at one of the meetings yesterday.

A policeman told the leader that if they kept up the police would be put out of jobs.

Students Seek Religion.

Harvard College students are attending the meetings.

One woman has telegraphed to Canada for her son to come home and be with her for he can to come home and be with her for he can be being brought to Christ.

A man living partly at sea far away wrote that the revival had fired his town to the highest fervor.

A member of a family wrote that it had been united to God through the revival.

Another man from an outside town wrote that they had heard revivals were out of date—now they know what they want.

These were the features of the great Tremont Temple meeting to-day. One of the most inspiring sights in the great auditorium since the meetings began there was when more than 1,000 men and women stood up on the main floor and in the rear galleries and raised their right hand while they sang "I Surrender All." Some excellent singing was done by choirs. There were also solos and duets that were effective.

Dr. Conrad Reports.

The first report of the progress of the work so far was made by Dr. Conrad, the chairman of the general committee:

"From every direction comes the most enthusiastic words of appreciation that the most sanguine expectations have been discounted. All of the best Christian people of Boston and of New England are with us."

The Rev. Dr. Arthur Little of the Codman Square Congregational Church reported for that group. He said that there had not been such a religious demonstration in Dorchester for 270 years—time being about the time of the settlement here.

"We have workers in small groups in our section," he said, "and some of them are holding meetings in private houses.

"We are having marvellous meetings in Cambridge," it was reported from there. "We have had overflow meetings. The Mayor of the city (Walter A. Wardwell) presided yesterday afternoon. He said: 'I met a policeman on the street and he said these Chapman meetings are carried on so well he will not be needed.'"

The representative from East Boston said: "Rev. B. B. Bates of Lynn has not been anything like the movement there in years."

Sen Brought to God.

"Watertown is 280 years old," said another man, "and it never saw such a demonstration as it is now seeing."

"Melrose never saw such a spiritual awakening in twenty-five years," was the report from another part.

"Yesterday was one of the greatest days in the history of Medford," said the representative from there, "and one of the best things to me is that my son was brought to God.

"In the sixteen years that I have been working in Boston," said a clergyman, "I have never seen the Christian forces so united."

When Mr. Alexander took charge of the meeting for the opening song service, he asked:

"Now, will some one suggest a gospel hymn that has helped you?"

"Ask for the old 'Rock of Ages,' came from back in the hall.

"We will sing it, and when you come to the words, 'He will carry you through,' just think what that means to you. That's the way. Now, our friends in the gallery, the best voices in Boston. Sing! All! What did I tell you?"

Women in Chorus.

"Now, will the ladies sing it? Ah, that was all right, but you couldn't begin in time. That is the difference between the men and women. Why don't you start before you finish?

O. F. Pugh led the singers in a chorus, "What Did He Do?" Every word was loudly rendered. When they had finished voices cried out:

"Please!"

"Do it again!"

"Give us the song again!"

One night after a Sunday meetings this: Women with great bundles in they arms standing in the aisles and galleries.

A three-year-old girl in the lap of her father in the front row of the second gallery.

An aged man sitting alone every hymn unaccompanied on the main floor.

An aged man, gray and trembling, sat in front row of the main floor, listening to the singing and the preaching through a cupped ear trumpet.

Dr. Chapman's sermon was a powerful illustration of the regenerating power of God's love. It was from Jeremiah xviii., 4: "So he said, make it over again."

"Jeremiah went to the potter's house and there he found the potter making a vessel of clay. It was injured, but it did not suit the potter. He crushed the clay in his hands. The vessel lay strewn on the floor. Then he set to work patiently, carefully, and he gathered up the clay and he made it over again.

As Clay in God's Hands.

"Friends," asked the Doctor, "can you see the lesson here? The clay was nothing. The potter was everything. You are as clay to be made over again. You cannot do it without the work of the great Potter, the great Master, who will make you over again if you come to him. Friends now is the time.

"Last year I was travelling some on the Santa Fe Railway, and when we came to the great American desert I pulled down the shades on the window in my section. Sitting in the seat with me was a man who appeared to take a delight in opening the shades of the car. He would lift them up and look out on the great expanse of sand, and he seemed to enjoy it. So I said to him:

Great Gifts of God.

"'Isn't this awful,' I said. 'All this sand and suffocation!' He replied: 'Why, man, I think it's grand—it's perfect.' I thought he must be bereft of his reason so I said: 'Why, Mr. Hays, what's your business?' How can you think that this awful picture of waste and hopelessness, this awful blinding field of sand, can be grand?'

"'I'm in the irrigating business,' he said simply, and I began to think.

"'Friends, do you see the lesson in this? As we passed out of the desert and came to fields verdant with water and sunshine, I saw the great lesson. Here were the gifts of God let in on the sand and land on earth and it was at once green and lovely.

"You business men here to-day; you mothers; you society women living as in the Great Desert without the love of God in your heart let it in now. You sufferers know that as you suffer it is the finger of God reaching your hearts. Only by a stirring of the heart strings can your notes be beautiful. I knew a woman who had a beautiful voice, but she did not learn to use it until after she had been made to offer a great sorrow.

Savior Calls to All.

Then Dr. Chapman told a story of a young girl who went as a missionary for "The King's Business" to China and was there at the time of the Boxer uprising.

"We feel greatly for her," said the preacher, "and wanted besides to send her something that would uphold her and encourage her in the time of her peril. We sent her a phonograph with the records that we sent with it were our voices—ours and the voices of her father and of her mother. She wrote us that that was God's phonograph, for it was between living unknown to God, talk to him. Talk and he will be like God's phonograph—your heart will answer back.

"Is there a business man in this building out of touch with God? Now is the time to meet him. I want to introduce you to Jesus Christ. It would be an awful thing to miss him. Up and down the states he is meeting now. Friends, do not let him pass you by."

BIG MIDNIGHT SERVICE PLANNED IN LOCAL THEATRE

Impressed with the good accomplished by the nightworkers' mass colocuted every Sunday morning, and the need of an early Sunday morning service, Dr. Reginald J. Campbell of Cambridge told of the great success achieved in that city and said that it was being carried on there by two services daily in that city by Rev. Harry Brown.

One thing is assured, that he will have at least one big midnight service. He plans to hold it in one of the theatres, as no Boston has its greatest seeking crowds after the theatres are over. The scheme for Saturday night:

Dr. Chapman has already assigned him self to conduct services this week. He held three meetings yesterday and speaks to-night and to-day. At the Good Cheer meeting, at 11 a. m. at the regular noon hour service, at 4:30, and to-night at the temple. He will preach three times to-morrow, at 10 o'clock in the morning in the Back Bay, at noon time and at night in Tremont Temple. Tuesday he will preach again on Wednesday and on Thursday exchanges will be changed.

Friday Dr. Chapman will hold an afternoon service in Tremont Temple. In addition, he will conduct other services.

Leaders Rest Saturday

Saturday will be a day of rest outside of the meeting that is planned for the evening.

In addition to the regular group services of the South End, Cosmopolitan and Temple, which are held at 7:30 p. m., there will be services on Tuesday, Wednesday and Thursday afternoons at 3 o'clock in the Fifth Presbyterian Church, Berkeley and Newbury streets.

The Rev. Henry Taylor announces that he will have meetings on Tuesday and Wednesday afternoons at Appleton Methodist Church. Negro meetings are held on Thursday in Trinity Church, in the West End, and in Zion Church.

The Rev. Thomas Needham will have Bible expositions in connection with his services in the Maverick Congregational Church, East Boston, on Tuesday, Wednesday and Thursday, the subjects being "The Christian Warrior," "The Cave Dwellers" and "The Good, Great and Chief Shepherd."

Bible readings will also be given by the Rev. E. I. Schuyler at the Fourth Presbyterian Church, South Boston, at 3:15 every afternoon this week except Saturday, the subjects being "The Soldier of the Cross," "Comes Seeing of Jesus," "Sin, Grace and Consecration."

Mr. Schuyler has talks for boys on each afternoon, except Saturday, as follows: Monday, "A Loud Shout"; Tuesday, "Eagle"; Wednesday, "A Plugged Quarter"; Thursday, "Out to Sea"; Friday, "A New Heart."

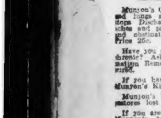
Two Remarkable Conversions.

The Rev. Frederick Taylor, who preaches at the noon services at the Park Street Church, beginning to-day, inaugurated the evangelistic services in Boston three years ago in company with Revs. Dunbe E. Toy and Rev. Henry Hallock. Then Mr. Taylor departed from Boston he was assured by the committee of local ministers that they would not be easy till they had a big simultaneous campaign such as is now being conducted.

The Rev. George F. Stair, who conducts the evangelistic services in Jamaica Plain, tells of two conversions at Tremont Temple, Friday. There was a poor victim of drink brought into Tremont Temple to be saved, by a young man named Williams. While the prayers and evangelistic singing and the young man confessed his sins, repentant. Then the saved man turned around and entreated Williams to be saved, and the latter complied.

The women of the party who are conducting services are Mrs. Ralph C. Norton, Mrs. Henry Stough and Mrs. William Asher.

COLDS
CURED IN ONE DAY



Munyon's Cold Remedy Relieves the head, throat and lungs almost immediately. Checks Fevers, Stops Discharges of the nose, takes away all aches and pains caused by colds. It cures Grip and Bronchitis and prevents Pneumonia. Price 25c.

Have you stiff or swollen joints, no matter how chronic? Ask your druggist for Munyon's Rheumatism Remedy and see how quickly it will be relieved.

If you have any kidney or bladder trouble get Munyon's Kidney Remedy.

Munyon's Vitaliser makes weak men strong and restores lost powers.

If you are in doubt as to your diseases consult Munyon's Doctors. 1505 Arch st., Philadelphia. Advice absolutely free.

Double Legal Stamps will be given with every purchase mornings until 12 o'clock noon at Wolf's, "My Clothier," corner Hanover and Portland streets. Single stamps thereafter.

Read the "Want Ads" Next to Last Page.

CHILDREN SAVED FROM BLAZE AT LYNN DWELLING

ESTHER VARNEY.

RUTH VARNEY.

OPEN SERIES OF NOON MEETINGS AT PARK ST. CHURCH

The noon hour services of the simultaneous evangelistic campaign at Park Street Church were inaugurated to-day. The meeting was opened with a solo and two verses of "He Will Hold Me Fast" beginning "Hungering." Then Miss Cox had his fine organ soprano voice.

Next Frederick L. Taylor, D. D., was the preacher, taking as his text: "For I am not ashamed of the gospel of Christ: it is the power of God unto Salvation to every one that believeth."

In opening Dr. Taylor stated emphatically that all other gospels than that of Jesus fade into significance compared with the saving conducted in this city, and that there are more manifestations of the power of God in Boston every day than is usual at the end of other campaigns.

"I am not ashamed of the Gospel of Christ," he said, "because it means the proper need of the times. Many a minister of his mighty power to save men; because it will not. I have found that the gospel holds a man steady in the hour of temptation, because it holds Jesus Christ. It is the power of sorrow; because it holds a man steady in the hour of sorrow; because it holds a man steady in the hour of bereavement. The gospel is always and because it gives a man a hope of Heaven.

A solo by Harper G. Smith, the director of the choir, and Mrs. Smith, was also a feature. Miss Alice Freeman Clark was the accompanist. Rev. Dr. Reginald J. Campbell and Rev. Dr. Heath invoked the divine blessing. Dr. J. J. Campbell of Cambridge told of the great success achieved in that city and said that services were being held there daily in two services daily in that city by Rev. Harry Brown.

REVIVAL MEETINGS IN GREATER BOSTON SCHEDULED TO-NIGHT

Here is the schedule of revival meetings for to-night:

7:45 p. m.—Central, Tremont Temple, J. Wilbur Chapman, D. D., speaker; Charles M. Alexander Director of music; South End (Hanover), Clarence McCauley; Dartmouth and West Concord streets, Rev. Daniel S. Gray; South End (Wesley), Tremont Temple, Columbus avenue and Berkeley street, Rev. H. S. Needham; Bethany, Rev. Frederick L. Taylor; Immanuel, Rev. Arthur H. Ford; Jamaica Plain, Boylston Congregational, Boylston and Sedgwick streets, Rev. George F. Stair; Upham's Corner, Stoughton Street and Dudley street, Rev. Frederick Allen; Ralph Atkinson; Fields Corner, Parkman street and Dorchester avenue, Rev. Harry Taylor.

Quincy, Bethany Congregational, Payson and Hancock streets, Rev. John W. Walden; South Boston, South Baptist, Fourth and Dorchester streets, Rev. Chandler; East Boston, Maverick, Congregational, Meridian and Paris streets, Rev. Needham; Charlestown, Winthrop Congregational, Green and Bunker Hill, Rev. Russell.

Everett, First Methodist, Norwood street, Rev. Dr. Gray; Malden, Centre Methodist, Washington street, Rev. Frank Granstaff, D. D.; Melrose, First Baptist, Main and Upham streets, Rev. A. J. Smith, D. D.; Melrose Highlands, Melrose Highlands Congregational, Franklin and Ashland streets, Rev. A. W. Spooner, D. D.; Stoneham, Stoneham Methodist, Common and Central streets, Rev. B. F. Davidson.

Brookline, The Baptist Church, Beacon and Pierce streets, Rev. E. E. Taylor, D. D.; Allston-Brighton, Allston Congregational, Quint avenue, Rev. Richard Roberts; Belmont, Watertown, First Baptist, Mt. Auburn street, Mt. S. M. Seaford; Newton Centre, Newton Centre Methodist, Rev. J. A. Earl; Newton, D. J. Cumbridge, First Congregational, Commonwealth and River streets, Rev. Henry W. Stough; Somerville, Broadway Congregational, Sycamore street, Rev. Henry N. Faulconer.

DR. CONRAD TELLS WHY EVANGELIST DELAYED COMING

Rev. Dr. A. Z. Conrad, chairman of the executive committee of the simultaneous evangelistic campaign, in an interview to-day said that when first approached that May Dr. Chapman declined to come to Boston for the campaign, giving as his reasons that he did not think the time was ripe.

Dr. Conrad says he did not read his answer to a single person, and, replying, told him of his belief in the appropriateness of the time and the great opportunity that Dr. Chapman to come to this city in most important. The synod was summoned to a conference. This request was accepted by the synod and Dr. Chapman was to conduct the campaign.

Now he is heartily in favor of the campaign, Dr. Conrad is the chairman of the executive committee and says: "It's the most successful campaign I have ever known in my life."

Dr. Conrad said: "I am convinced not only from personal observation, but also from letters, messages and telephones that this Boston revival will be the greatest revival in the history of evangelism."

He told of a prominent citizen of Boston who, although not a member of any evangelical church, attended one of the two afternoon meetings in the Back Bay, and is in thorough sympathy with the campaign. He said: "If that is evangelism, then I am with you."

This man is a Unitarian.

Dr. Conrad is sanguine that the money needed for the campaign will be raised.

FIRE IN LYNN DRIVES ELEVEN OUT INTO COLD

Eleven people narrowly escaped with their lives from a fire at No. 4 Beede avenue, Lynn, early to-day. They fled, clad only in their night-clothes, into an outdoor temperature of three degrees below zero.

Jacob Estes, an aged Grand Army veteran, was overcome by smoke and was rescued by his son, George Estes, who took him downstairs and outdoors on his shoulders.

The refugees suffered from smoke and fright in the fire and then from the fearful cold into which they were driven.

Seventeen-year-old Irving Varney ran 200 yards in his bare feet and nightshirt and cut to ring in an alarm. His feet were cut on the frozen road.

Old Colonial Dwelling.

The fire was in the old colonial dwelling home owned by Richard Duffy and occupied by Fred O. Varney and family downstairs and Jacob Estes and family upstairs.

The dwelling was burned out with a damage of $10,000 to house and contents.

In the Varney family are the parents, Mrs. Eleanor Edgerly, a relative, and four Varney children, Irving, seventeen; Esther, fourteen; Ruth, twelve, and Fred, eight.

Fred's wife, Mr. and Mrs. James Estes were their son George Estes and the maid, Hannah Sullivan, and Mrs. Sarah Ring.

The fire was discovered at 6 a. m. by Fred Varney, who smelled smoke. He woke Mrs. Edgerly in the next room, then went to the cellar door seeing flames blazing about the furnace Varney ran back, roused his family and then ran downstairs. George Estes answered his loud raps on the Estes door.

Veteran Saved by Son.

"Get out in a hurry. The house is afire!" yelled Varney through the gathering smoke.

Then Varney dashed up in the attic and roused Hannah Sullivan, the Estes domestic.

Hannah Sullivan and Mrs. Estes got out in their night clothes. Jacob Estes, the aged Grand Army veteran, started out, but was so overcome by smoke that he became helpless. He was picked up the old man and carried him down again and out into the house of John Ford next door.

Boy Proves Hero.

Meanwhile Mrs. Varney had sent Irving, her eldest son, out to give an alarm. Irving went out into the nipping cold in scant attire, nearly freezing his bare feet in the 200-yard run to the nearest fire alarm box.

Mrs. and Mrs. Varney and Mrs. Edgerly, without stopping to dress, dashed out into three other children, Mrs. Varney taking out eight-year-old Freddie in her arms. A cat got out with the children.

When Mrs. Varney staggered onto the veranda the eight-year-old Freddie Chapman, Frank R. Austin came running over from his house and took Freddie over to his house, followed by Mrs. Austin and three children.

On the way over Freddie whimpered that he wanted to save his "puppy."

Save Dog in Crib.

Meanwhile the firemen, though nailing a cold run, were hindered by a frozen hydrant. By the time they got the first good stream on the fire the house was in flames from cellar to garret. The interior was burned out, leaving only the walls and roof.

Irving Varney, going and coming through the Varney sleeping rooms to see if any one remained, discovered Fredie's dog shut over the children's beds. In Freddie's bed he found a woolly something which squeaked dismally when taken up.

Irving Varney made a bundle out into the air and found he had rescued Freddie's much-loved puppy.

There was a joyful reunion between boy and dog on Councilman Austin's home lot. But the Varney cat and enamy bird were not so lucky. They suffered the death of cremation. It is evident that the fire was caused by the furnace overheating the adjacent woodwork.

COLD WEATHER SENDS FISH UP

The cold weather is attended by equally weather out on the water, particularly on account of forty-five miles an hour, is from the Grand Banks report that fish are scarce and sailing difficult.

The fishing fleet here brought into T Wharf to-day did not amount to over 75,000 pounds of cod and other fish, not more than a respectable cargo for one good sized fisherman. In consequence of the shortage the price of fish went up with a jump. Cusk, usually selling from 2½ to 3 cents a hundredweight, brought as high as $7.50.

The schooner Benjamin F. Poole arrived to-day in tow of a tug from Vineyard Haven. She was out nine days out from Rendita, West Indies, having been tossed by gales all the way.

Two British herring schooners, the Clinton and Judith, came in to-day from New Foundland after taking fourteen days for a trip that is usually made in four days.

Washington Briefs

Powers Eulogized.

The House of Representatives convened in special session to hear eulogies on the late Congressman Llewellyn Powers of the Fourth Maine Congressional District, who died on July 5.

O'Keefe Calls Labor Heads.

Daniel J. O'Keefe, who was rewarded for his support of Taft by being made commissioner general of immigration, has called a conference of twenty labor leaders at the department of Commerce and Labor to talk over remedial labor legislation.

Army War on Typhoid.

The military authorities will fight typhoid in army camps by vaccination, but no soldier or officer will be vaccinated against his will. Dr. William T. Councilman of Boston, was one of the board of eminent physicians appointed to consider typhoid which made this recommendation.

New England at Inaugural.

Some of the New England organizations which will participate in the Taft inaugural are: Central High School, Springfield, with fifty men under A. H. Packard; the Taft Club, New Haven, President Frank B. Butterworth, also two companies of the Connecticut National Guard; probably the Second and second companies of the foot guard of Governor Lilley of the same state. The Governor of Maine and two guard companies; the Governor of Massachusetts with a brigade of guards and the Worcester Continentals which are independent of the guards.

YOUNG MAN TRIES SUICIDE.

WILKESBARRE, Pa., Feb. 1.—William Tarman, a young man of Baltimore, attempted suicide to-day at Ashley, near here, by shooting himself in the head. He is not expected to live.

Waif of Messina Adopted by King Emmanuel of Italy

Here is a waif of Messina who has been adopted by King Victor Emmanuel. His name is unknown and his age about a year. Just as the King was passing some soldiers found the child crawling among the ruins after the earthquake. The child has been christened Umberto, in memory of the present King's father, who was assassinated in 1900. The photograph from which the picture was reproduced was taken by an Italian infantry officer.

NO TRACE OF BIG STEAMER LOST AT SEA

NORFOLK, Va., Feb. 1.—The identity of the steamer which was said to have passed down Chesapeake bay with all lights of Diamond Shoals, fourteen miles from Cape Hatteras, N. C., remains unknown.

Daylight furnished no way of corroborating the testimony of those aboard the Diamond Shoals lightship, who say they witnessed any of the latest tragedy of the well-named "graveyard of the Atlantic."

Not a single piece of wreckage has been found either up or down the line coast, but it may be several days before anything is discovered.

No definite news has come to the Norfolk navy yard from the revenue cutter Onondaga, which is at the scene of the reported wreck.

The Savannah line steamer City of Savannah, which reached Savannah from New York, brought no news that might aid in clearing up the mystery, although her wireless operator caught a message from the lightship and was positive that the ship was described as a single funnelled vessel.

Local shipping authorities are of the opinion that the steamer probably was an abandoned derelict.

The wind which blew off shore at a rate of forty-five miles an hour, is considered to some extent.

The reporting of the Carolina steamship company's steamer Theodore Weems, which passed in Capt Henry bound from George-town to Boston, is one of the few facts known that vested from consideration as being the lost ship.

SAMPSON CASE BEFORE GRAND JURY

LYONS, N. Y., Feb. 1.—The Grand Jury of Wayne County to-day took up the murder case of Mrs. Georgie Allyn Sampson, charged with the murder of her husband, Harry Sapson, a nephew of the late Senator Edward Sampson of Macedon, two miles from here. It is expected that an indictment charging murder in the first degree will be found.

Mrs. Sampson has been in the county jail here since November 25 last, when she was arraigned following the finding of the coroner's jury which charged her with the confession of the crime on Sampson's deathbed. The coroner's jury declared that Mrs. Sampson shot her husband with a .22-calibre rifle with "premeditated intent and design to kill him."

The trial of Georgia Sampson, which is expected to follow her indictment by the Grand Jury at an early date, promises to be one of the most sensational ever known in the western part of the State. The charge against the widow is based on a peculiar circumstance—the fact that young Sampson, when he was found dead in the pantry of his home, had a bit of bread and cheese in his hand. Except for this apparently trifling fact Sampson's death might have passed for suicide.

But upon this apparently trifling ground the district attorney has built up a strong case against Mrs. Sampson. He has found a motive—the allegation that Mrs. Sampson was in love with another man—and the discovery of this fact by her husband, leading to a quarrel.

MISS REDFERN'S WEDDING GREAT SOCIETY EVENT

To-day is a busy one for society, for besides the wedding at noon of Miss Redfern and Mr. Bradley, there is the recital at Jordan Hall by the popular young French artists, Mme. Germain Arnaud, at 4 p. m.; the second in Miss Terry's fashionable series of concerts at Fenway Court, at 3 p. m.; Mrs. John Perry's reception at her home in the Fenway and the tea at the Laughton studios, Pierce building, from 3 to 5 p. m.

The most important event, however, was the wedding of Miss Marion Redfern and Francis Bradley of Philadelphia.

Miss Redfern, who is one of the smartest girls of the Back Bay, recently left her aunt, Miss Sewell, at No. 230 Massachusetts avenue, and it is there that the wedding took place. The ceremony was performed by the Rev. Robert French, a personal friend of the bride, and was witnessed by only the two immediate families.

The large drawing room where the wedding took place was handsomely decorated with pink Killarney roses, palms and bay trees, and over the altar hung the luxurious wedding bell of pink carnations. The dining and other rooms were also decked with Killarney roses and carnations.

The bride was attired in a handsomely brocaded gown of white satin and lace, a tulle veil and carried valley lilies. Her maid of honor was Miss Richard F. Waters, her cousin, who wore a modified directoire gown of grey satin and a large grey hat trimmed with lace and flowers.

The groom is a Tech ('02) man and has for his best man John C. Newell of Philadelphia, and the ushers, all Boston men, included Joseph Clubman of Cadet fame, Richard Waters, Leverett Edgar of Brookline, Robert Daniels and Dr. Charles Keep.

Mr. and Mrs. Bradley will spend immediately for Cuba, where they will spend their honeymoon and upon their return will reside in Germantown, Pennsylvania.

Among well-known society people sailing Saturday for the Mediterranean were Mr. and Mrs. Philip Stockton (Margaret Heath, Mrs. and Mrs. A. de Montagnac (Antoinette Hewitt), who were married Wednesday at Ardsley-on-the-Hudson; Hugh Tyson, son of Mr. and Mrs. William H. Tyson of Beacon street, and Constant Wendell, son of Mr. and Mrs. Evert Wendell of Jamaica Plain; Mr. and Mrs. Louis Higginson, Miss Alice Nichols, daughter of Dr. and Mrs. Arthur Nichols of Mt. Vernon street and Mr. and Mrs. William H. Driver of Marlboro street.

Sailing earlier in the week for Bermuda were Mr. and Mrs. John S. Lawrence (Emma Atherton), who will be gone for some weeks.

Miss Marie Sinclair, who has been enjoying Winter life at Montreal and Quebec will return to-day to Boston. She has returned to the Somerset.

Mrs. Bayard Thayer, who has given more large entertainments this Winter than any other society woman in town, is to add still another to her list, for she has just issued cards for a large dance to be given the night of the Symphony Pension Ball, who came up late from their Lancaster estate to attend the Symphony concert Saturday Scars house on Arlington street, which has one of the finest ballrooms of any house in the city.

Mr. and Mrs. Clarence Moore, who have been frequently entertained in Washington, are now at their shooting box near Warrenton, where they are entertaining a big house party. Warrenton is within such easy distance of Washington that the Moores can easily attend to their social duties, in the case of Mrs. Georgie Allyn Sampson, charged with the murder of her husband, Harry Sapson, a nephew of the late senator Edward Sampson of Macedon, two miles from here. It is expected that an indictment charging murder in the first degree will be found.

Mrs. Sampson has been in the county jail here since November 25 last, when she was arraigned following the finding of the coroner's jury which charged her with the confession of the crime on Sampson's deathbed. The coroner's jury declared that Mrs. Sampson shot her husband with a .22-calibre rifle with "premeditated intent and design to kill him."

The trial of Georgia Sampson, which is expected to follow her indictment by the Grand Jury at an early date, promises to be one of the most sensational ever known in the western part of the State. The charge against the widow is based on a peculiar circumstance—the fact that young Sampson, when he was found dead in the pantry of his home, had a bit of bread and cheese in his hand. Except for this apparently trifling fact Sampson's death might have passed for suicide.

But upon this apparently trifling ground the district attorney has built up a strong case against Mrs. Sampson. He has found a motive—the allegation that Mrs. Sampson was in love with another man—and the discovery of this fact by her husband, leading to a quarrel.

BOSTON ELEVATED

To and From the South Station

On Wednesday, the 13th of January, there was provided a service to and from the South Station, by transfer at the Boylston Street Station of the Subway. This service is quicker than the former train service via Pleasant Street.

We have always been aware that the number of people who formerly went to the South Station by means of the Pleasant Street train service, was an exceedingly small percentage of our whole business. The daily average use, however, in each direction, of the new service, is only about 500, out of approximately 1,200,000 passengers carried each day on the entire system.

As the service now provided is quicker than the former train service via Pleasant Street, we think the patronage should be larger, and that probably the public have not become fully informed. We therefore call the attention of our patrons to the following, which was printed in substance conspicuously in the daily papers, and also posted in prominent places in our cars:

BOSTON ELEVATED

Notice to Our Patrons

BOYLSTON ST.-DEWEY SQ. TRANSFERS

Conductors of Boylston St. cars entering the subway will issue upon request, when a cash fare is paid, a transfer from the Boylston St. Station to surface cars for Dewey Sq. good at Boylston St., corner of Tremont St., only.

Conductors of return cars from Dewey Sq. will, on the same condition, issue a transfer to the Boylston St. cars leaving the subway, good at the southbound Boylston St. Station only.

Boston Elevated Railway Co.

RATHSKELLER
NEW
American House
Grand Opera Concerts by the Auxetaphone every evening. Carpos, Pianos and others.

WORK GIVEN TO 600.

PITTSBURG, Feb. 1.—The Forge and Bolt Company of Newcastle resumed operations to-day, affording employment to 600 men. The plant has been closed down four months.

TODAY'S STOCK MARKETS: FINANCIAL NEWS

SMALL LOCAL STOCK TRADING

There was very little trading at the opening of the Boston stock market today. Prices were inclined to be somewhat lower at the start, but the decline was not very noticeable. The Copper stocks were the ones in which most of the interest that did exist centered.

Boston Stock Exchange—Monday, February 1, 1909.

Sales of listed and unlisted securities at the Boston Stock Exchange today:

Sales from 10:00 to 11:00 a. m.

BONDS.

$1000 Mass. Gas 4½s, registered 95¾

STOCKS.

255	Allouez	2¾	10	do..... 2¾
250	Amalgamated	74¾	10	do..... 74¾
35	do	74¾	10	do..... 74¾
25	do	74¾	10	Old Dominion 28
25	do	74¾	50	do..... 28
850	do	74¾	50	Parrot..... 26
10	do	74¾	10	do..... 26
242	do	74¾	50	do..... 26¼
100	do	74¾	10	do..... 26¼
100	do	74¾	50	do..... 26⅜
50	do	74¾	100	Rhode Island 14
50	do	74¾	100	Santa Fe..... 4
50	do	74¾	10	do..... 4
100	do	74¾	50	do..... 4
10	do	74¾	25	do..... 3⅞
10	do	74¾	50	do..... 3⅞
200	do	74¾	50	do..... 3⅞
50	do	74¾	50	do..... 3⅞
200	do	74¾	50	do..... 3⅞
50	do	74¾	50	do..... 3⅞
100	do	74¾	50	do..... 3⅞
125	do	74¾	50	do..... 14
50	do	74¾	50	do..... 14
100	do	74¾	50	do..... 14
50	do	74¾	50	do..... 14
50	do	74¾	50	do..... 14
50

JEFF SORRY THAT JOHNSON WILL MEET LANGFORD

BOSTON AMERICAN SPORTS

BRIGHT OUTLOOK FOR BASEBALL AT OLD HARVARD

Johnson Should Avoid Langford

JEFF GETS AFTER JACK

BY TAD.

Although Jim Jeffries shows every evidence of returning to the ring, those near him are still up in the air as to whether the retired king will take the plunge or not. One Los Angeles newspaper man, a very close friend of Jeff's, writes the following letter concerning the boilermaker and his plans:

Dear Tad:

Will Jeff fight or not? Candidly, the big fellow has got Tex Rickard and the whole Kinsger building. I have been so close to Jim during the past year that even the local newspaper man, with answer to the one asked me.

He has done some pretty fair work since those $10,000 offers have begun to pour in on him, and it would not surprise me a bit if the big fellow should change his mind in time and consent to fight if the money is right.

A little incident that occurred at Mission Club recently has given me the impression that Jeffries will not fight. It was then announced that Johnson and Langford had been signed up to fight in the Frisco arena, and Jeff was speech right away. What's the matter with Jack?" he roared. "Why don't he get somebody liable to hurt me, drawing power for drawing power, I'm as much entitled to a crack at the championship as Johnson, and I'm willing to meet him any time, any place." I was impressed with Jim's sincerity at the time, and it is as far as he had more than a passing interest in Johnson's plans, and as far as Jeffries' end is concerned, I might again believe at the present moment that it is a fight to a finish between Johnson and Langford.

Here's Dan McKetrick's address on Jeffries' other side: 30 Rue de Neuilly, Neuilly-sur-Seine, France. Can you beat it?

Tom Thomas, the English middleweight, has challenged Willie Lewis to battle for a side bet of $1,000. They haven't heard from Willie as yet.

According to London papers, "Ell Artha" Johnson will be the colored Dixie Kid for the next couple of years with his stage jobs.

One article on the champ says:

"Jack Johnson will soon be staging a full harvest of the spoils which fell to the victor, for we are reliably informed that he has already booked up to 1911 with some half-dozen theatrical managers, and that his salary for that period, therefore, will be well out to as near one million dollars as makes no difference. Johnson will positively be devoted at the National Sporting Club as arranged, and will defend his title against all comers."

Charley Mitchell, manager of Langford, says that the champion has signed with him. He has the engagement completed, and Sam Bill will a tabloid tour of the Hebrew theatre.

This will not prevent Johnson from meeting Sam Langford, and the contest has now been fixed to be decided at the Ringside Sporting Club in Derby town. From another source we learn that Johnson has been matched to meet Jeffries in Monte Carlo next year. Right again, we will be busy for a couple of months following some kid engagement.

J. K.—No. Jimmy Britt was never champion in any class at any time.

Billy Gibson, of the Fairmont Club, New York, is now trying to get Abe Attell and Jem Driscoll together. That is, what is the go concerning the weight, but this is all probability will be fixed up, as Abe has no opponents in sight and cannot get the money he might get here.

Sailor Burke says that if he fought Billy Papke as he thought he should have, instead of the way Billy fought him on the occasion, there would have been mourning bands decorating the streets of Kewanee that next morning.

Nice work, Sailor, old boy.

THAT'S WHAT THEY ALL SAY---BY TAD.

Roxbury Slugger Faces Champ

M'KINNON TO BOX LEWIS

PRINCIPAL BOUTS CARDED THIS WEEK

TO-NIGHT—Jim Driscoll vs. Tommy Langford, Young Sharkey vs. Bobby Williams, Phila-delphia; Billy Murphy vs. Patsy Flaherty, Providence; Jed Doherty vs. Lew Sheppard, Albany; Kid Graves vs. Young Nonpareil, Lynn.

TUESDAY—Bill McKinnon, ex-Harry Lewis, Boston; Jack Dillon vs. Patsy Flaherty, Providence; Bill Smith, Armory A. A., Kid Broad vs. Young Nonpareil, Lynn; Jack Dillon vs. Dick Nelson, Young Corbett vs. Danny Hoy, Troy

BOSTON AMERICAN SPORTS

JOHN L. ON WAY TO COAST TO SEE JEFF

PITTSBURG, Feb. 1.—John L. Sullivan closed his theatrical engagement in the Smoky City and announced that he will go direct to the coast to see Jim Jeffries with whom he has been in communication relating to the big $75,000 purse John L. offered for a Jeffries-Jack Johnson contest.

Sullivan is very confident that he will get the signature of Jeffries to a set of articles for a match with the reported heavyweight champion even if the affair with Johnson falls through. Articles and agreements are over.

Before he left on the trail Sullivan said:

"I am prompted to take the action I have in going to see Jeffries in this emergency. In the letter I received from the retired champion recently he intimated very plainly that I should come out and see his conditions and hinted that maybe he might be capable of coming back in the ring.

"He seems to have lost faith that my judgment of his fighting form will be of value to him, and may be the wedge that will decide the issue one way or the other in his future determination as a fighter.

"I am anxious to help him if his letter about himself I feel very confident that he will return to the ring.

"After I get to the coast and visit Jeff I may call off my tour around the country in order to promote the big contest, as Jeffries has signified his willingness of accepting the purse which I offered, knowing that it is the real article."

RUBE SCARED NEW PLAYER

And speaking of Mr. Waddell, there is one man who blames Rube for his downfall in the big league. This man is "Bill" Schwartz, one-time first sacker for the Naps. Here is his story:

"Rube Waddell started me on my downward path as a major leaguer. Until I went up against him in a game at Philadelphia I was playing first base for Cleveland and hitting pretty well. Armour was managing the Blues. Rube, however, made me 'gun shy' and it wasn't very long after that that my career as a Nap came to an end.

"Waddell sized me up as being the kid I was, and, though I had always stuck close to the plate, I couldn't help pulling away.

"Name? Rube inquired, as I came up.

"Never mind who I am, I'll show you I got to do is to pitch," I replied.

"Right, oh!" laughed Waddell. "Well, that's what I'm paid for. Now, kid, here's a nice, juicy one."

"He put all his great speed behind a ball that came straight for my head. I ducked and Rube smiled.

"Look out!" he warned, and I got ready to jump, but the next one was nice and easy and right over the plate.

"Some place," Rube announced, and let another loose for my head. Then he put a curve over and I walked back to the bench swinging at the last one, which I missed on a foul.

"Rube kept up his circus antics throughout the game, protesting all the time that he thought I was a nice kid and he wanted to help me.

"Two days later Manager Armour put Addie Joss on first base until a new man could be signed to cover the bag, and a short time later I was out of the league days for the time being were over."

WILLIE LEWIS WINS IN PARIS RING

PARIS, Feb. 1.—Willie Lewis, the American pugilist, added another scalp to his belt by knocking out Charlie Hickman in the first round of their fight. Lewis gave his rival down for the count with a good old-fashioned right to the jaw. The blow caught Hickman flush, and he toppled to the floor of the ring as if struck by the good leg of a healthy mule. Lewis' manner of finishing the fight and Hickman's inability to keep out of the American's way after the opening showed his superiority. But Hickman as well have tried to counter an avenging cyclone, for Lewis tore after him and battered away with both hands. Hickman with getting groggy after he had received the full force of several of Willie's heavy right and left swings, and Lewis soon ended the round the American put on the finishing touches. Among the American contingent were Kid McCoy, Ted Sloan and Frank Erne.

NO MORE BOXING ON THE POTOMAC

WASHINGTON, Feb. 1.—Senator Gallinger has outlined a plan to completely stop the holding of prize fights on vessels anchored in the Potomac River between the city of Washington and Alexandria. Boats have been "pulled off" for a number of years, to the great annoyance of police authorities in Washington and the Virginia town. Neither had jurisdiction over the point of anchorage, which usually was in midstream. To meet this condition Senator Gallinger has introduced a bill providing that no boat on which a prize fight takes place shall be permitted to use wharf property in the District of Columbia. As practically all vessels plying on the Potomac River are compelled to use Washington wharf property, if he believed that the prize fighting can be stopped.

MASCOT FOR QUAKERS.

HAZLETON, Pa., Feb. 1.—Catcher Jack Lapp of the Athletics has found a new bulldog. Mickey, South with the team.

Mickey was the mascot of the Hazleton club. When Lapp was in the act of signing against the grand stand while chasing a high foul, he accidentally stepped through the wire netting along the bleachers and a fight for life followed. It is said Mickey was always rushed first to his side. Mickey was also Lapp's constant pal, and was necessary to eye umpires a stand up fight. They were about showing a fair spirit toward the home nine.

DE ORO WILL MEET ALL.

The local billiardists was figure they are good three-cushion canon right will have an opportunity to test their skill against Alfred de Oro, the world's champion, at Main Murray's Academy of Music. De Oro will be ready to meet all comers. Next Spitzer, then, the classed as one of the best in this city at that style of billiards, will play de Oro this afternoon, at 2 o'clock. Murray Campbell, another local crack, will meet the champion.

HICKMAN A POLICEMAN.

Charley Hickman, the great American traveler, who was with two National League teams and for the American League clubs, getting two chances with the Naps, will be "One of the Finest" by one consecutive day.

The senior member of the sporting goods firm of Hickman & White will be a special policeman in Washington on the day when President-elect William H. Taft is inaugurated.

HARVARD NINE'S PROSPECTS ARE THE BRIGHTEST

In the baseball schedule for the Harvard varsity nine, ratified by the Athletic Committee, six games played in 1908, and the game regarded as among the chief contests of the season, have been eliminated, the chief of these being the game with the University of the United States Naval Academy at Annapolis. The reason for dropping Annapolis was the disagreement and unpleasant results in last season's game.

The teams left off the Harvard schedule, in addition to Annapolis, are Bowdoin, University of Maine, Wesleyan, and the University of Vermont, while to the schedule are added the University of Virginia, Pennsylvania State and Colby.

The season will open on April 21 with the University of Virginia, at Charlottesville, Va., and because the Harvard series with Yale will be played on May 1 the schedule will not end until a week after the customary time. The early training will be at Charlottesville, Va., and the stage from Annapolis, where the varsity nine trained last year and the year before.

Harvard varsity will start the year strong in many players, but the most prominent available for Captain Currier's early work is soaping up in the box. Including Burrell, Lowry, Simons, short stop, and Harvey, outfielder, all veterans of last year's varsity will be called into the training stage. It is likely that McCall, who played second base for Harvard last year, will turn for the second half year, while besides these old men there are Cahill, Hickey, Lawson, outfielders on last year's varsity nine; Hicks, the pitcher, and Briggs, the first baseman. A recruit to the varsity who is regarded as of great promise is Hall, who is the pitcher on the freshman team last season.

Under the plans of the directors of baseball at Harvard the candidates for the Harvard battery will report on Monday next, and after two weeks of preliminary work will go under the instruction of Carisy Mathewson, the New York National League pitcher, who is to remain at Cambridge as baseball instructor until May 1. On February 15 the other candidates for the varsity will be called into the cage and in the cage, and will take up regular training under Captain Currier, Manager Moran and Trainer Donovan as trainer last year. The schedule for the season is as follows:

April 21—Virginia at Charlottesville, Va. 22—Virginia at Washington, D. C. 27—Bates at Cambridge.

May 1—Yale at New Haven. 5—Holy Cross at Cambridge. 8—Brown at Cambridge. 12—Dartmouth at Cambridge. 15—Colby at Cambridge. 19—Princeton at Princeton. 20—Princeton at New York. 22—Pennsylvania State at Easter at Cambridge. 29—Cornell at Ithaca.

June 2—Brown at Cambridge. 5—Williams at Cambridge. 9—Dartmouth at Hanover. 12—Pennsylvania at Cambridge. 16—Cornell at Cambridge. 19—Pennsylvania State at Cambridge. 20—Yale at New Haven. 26—Yale at New York (in case of tie).

July 3—Yale at New York (in case of tie).

TEAM WORK IS ESSENTIAL

"What constitutes team work," is a question often asked, and the fans are constantly reminded that this feature of a club's play is one of the most important essentials.

Naturally they wonder what really constitutes team play, and the answer to the above question is so often asked. Team play is nothing more than a perfect understanding between all the members of a club as to what is going to be done on any particular play.

For instance, there is a man on first with but one out. If the base runner decides to try for second he should first inquire the batsman's line for the batter, so that the man at the plate can in any legitimate way, help him make the steal in safety, or vice versa.

This applies to every play a team may make, where there are two or more men concerned with the play. It is not to say that with a man on first the guardian of the sack decides that he will risk a throw to catch the base runner napping.

The first sacker, accordingly, signals the catcher to throw down there on the next ball pitched. In order for the catcher to be sure that his end of the play is going to be made right, the batsman or pitcher knows what he is going to do, so that the low ball will be over the left side of the plate that the batter will not have a chance to hit the ball and thus make the attempted play.

When the understanding is not thorough it is certainly works havoc with a club's team play. With a man on first and third and the hit and run play is attempted.

That is the batsman's signal on that play and gives the signal. He takes it for granted the man at the bag knows what on the next ball pitched, and to help him out swings at the ball, no matter where it is.

Instead of the base runner starting for second, he remains glued to his bag, simply because he has missed the sign. The man at the bat is caught flat-footed and the play and possibly misses hitting the ball.

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DEFIES FOR FRANK GOTCH.

Frank Gotch, the champion wrestler of the world, has sailed for this country on the steamship Lusitania. When he arrives here he will be challenged by Madison Square Garden to meet Ad Siegfried, the German Oak. Chicago and Kansas City have been offered a $10,000 purse for a match between Gotch and Mahmout, but it is said they will not meet. Gotch will probably take a hold for the bout to be decided in Madison Square Garden. Siegfried is said to induce Hackenschmidt to meet him in Europe, but Gotch has given up the game and says that he can never have another match.

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AFTER YOUNG CORBETT.

NEW YORK, Feb. 1.—Since Young Corbett has shown his return to form in the fighting game by defeating Phil Brock and Harry Ferns at New Orleans there has been a demand for him to come to New York and appear before some of the local clubs. A number of the managers of the clubs have wired the former featherweight champion offers to come North.

'THE BARRIER' By REX BEACH

A Romance of the Klondike. The Story of a Kentucky Soldier's Love for a Child of the North.

CHAPTER IX.

The Awakening.

EARLY the next morning Corporal Thomas came into the store and found Necia reading it while Gale was out. Ever since the day she had questioned him about Burrell, this old man had taken every occasion to talk with the girl, and while he sensed her dim mourning about the reports concerning Lee's strike, she told him of her trip, and all that had occurred.

"You see, I'm a mine owner now," she concluded. "If it hadn't been a secret I would have told you before I went, so you could have been one of the first."

"I'm goin' anyhow," he said, "if the Lieutenant will let me and if it's not too late."

Then she told him of the trail by Black Bear Creek which would save him several hours.

"So that's how you and he made it?" he observed, gazing at her shrewdly. "I supposed you went with your father."

"Oh, no! We beat him in," she said, and fell to musing at the memory of those hours passed alone with Meade, while her father and her escort lagged behind. The corporal saw the look, and in it how much of love and longing for the past month, so, as he lingered, he knew that Meade had left his mark behind for some time. As a rule he was not a man to trust in his superior's indiscretion, but this momentary lapse in the judgment of his commander for the love of the girl and feared to say too much.

"Meade's a square man, a smart young fellow," he began, "and it was slick work pullin' that Nome expedition. I just like him for a befriend a girl like you—I've seen him do it before—"

"What?" exclaimed Necia. "befriend other girls?"

"Or things just like it. He's always doing' that sort of thing. I remember his turn for the second half year, while besides these old men there are Cahill, Hickey, Lawson, outfielders on last year's varsity nine; Hicks, the pitcher, and Briggs, the first baseman. A recruit to the varsity who is regarded as of great promise is Hall, who is the pitcher on the freshman team last season.

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WAGE INCREASE FOR 3,000 MEN

PITTSBURG, Feb. 1.—The Westinghouse Electric & Manufacturing Company has, without a word of warning, restored the 10 per cent wage cut of last year, which was put into effect last March, when the policy of retrenchment was being inaugurated.

The only announcement made by the company was in a slip put with the pay envelopes, issued from London to San Francisco, including the Pittsburg and Cleveland, to-day. The slip was in effect that wages cut last March had been restored to the rate of pay would be found in the envelope.

New England Items

MARSHFIELD.—Captain John Cummings of the three-masted schooner Helena, which went ashore at Duxbury, Mass., was rescued by Surfman Carlton, who went overboard for the purpose.

MANCHESTER, N. H.—The business men of this city say it is the only one in the state which is not to get any relief $250,000 is now offered to build a new capitol building here, provided the state will spend an additional million on such a structure.

WORCESTER.—Elmer P. Howe of Boston has given $15,000 to the Worcester Polytechnic Institute as a gift from the Howe estate. It was the wish of his mother, the late Julia A. Howe.

MALDEN.—Delegates representing 90,000 members of the Massachusetts Federation of Catholic Societies of Middlesex county met here and took steps to campaign for the larger installation of craft and books relating to the trades in the libraries.

NORTHAMPTON.—The clothing shop of A. J. & R. Livingston with stock was damaged by fire to the amount of $17,000.

NEWBURYPORT.—Made mad by drink, William Sprague, thirty-five years old, seeks a furious attack on Fireman Murphy, fireplaced and beat him into unconsciousness when comrades went to his rescue.

ATHOL, Mrs. Pietro Bargiolini has been adjudged insane. She is an aged woman who was attacked by an insane woman a few weeks ago. He attempted to cut her throat.

SOUTHBRIDGE, Mrs. Jane Hall of Central street, Southbridge, says the old song "Home, Sweet Home," will be sung at her funeral which is conducted by Rev. Dr. McMeekin, who has been elected president of Mt. Union College, Ohio.

MRS. NICK TAKES UP NEW DANCE

WASHINGTON, Feb. 1.—The dancing class of four years ago, when Mrs. J. R. Brockenbrough had a number of society women, young and old, carrying in age from 18 to 40 years, is to be revived. Mrs. who came each week from New York, is to be followed by a new small organization having its first lesson on Friday.

Mrs. Nicholas Longworth, a new member of Washington society, is now one of the class; Miss Olga Cottenet, daughter of Count Cassini, Corporal Thomas, Lieutenant Burrell, daughters of Brigadier-Commander John C. Gresham, and Miss Virginia Fairfax, daughter of Admiral Fairfax, are among the members.

All except Mrs. Longworth are already well known as dancers in amateur theatricals.

The teacher selected to lead these young women through the mazes of fancy art set to music is Minnie Hawkes, whose name became recently was established favor in giving "Jack, the Giant Killer," at a local theater.

MRS. BILLINGS GUEST AT ROME

ROME, Feb. 1.—Mrs. Edmund Billings, wife of Edmund Billings of Boston, who came here for relief work, is awaiting the return of her husband from the earthquake zone. Mrs. Billings is the guest of Mrs. Tirrell Briggs, formerly of Boston. Mrs. Briggs, the naval attache at Rome and Vienna and Mrs. Belknap are still here because he's in love with you which of course he ain't any more than you be with him—"

"Of course," said the girl.

"But just to show you what I mean. It was a long spell ago when I was at Nome, and things were pretty rough in those days like this is now. We freighted in from Dodge City with four teams and it was sure the fringe of the frontier; no women—no society—nothing much except a few of Injuns, and a few officials with their wives and families. Now there was a feller there named Gale—I guess you met him—he's the biggest skeller for single ones, and after each whole a feller gets married success about him-self. Gale was always a good scout, but he's been mighty quiet when he gets away from civilization and like people and sentimentals and such things; he gets plumb locoed on women, and that's the truth. Well, there was a captain with us, a fine young feller that had like me become sick out here, and a good deal the same sort of trouble. He was a West Pointer, too, and finally and all this, which is more, a captain at twenty-two. Now, our boys at Dodge City were kind of rough or boatswain-like and been, but in them days they did not have the style that they have do up here now, and particularly the women. Of course there was a big contract for a long while, on a big gang of men, and there was a big chance for a lot of money. Likewise he had a girl, who was the only one there, and he used to look at, and restful to the eye after a long spell of nothing but Injun squaws and buffalo-grass. She was twice as high class as any of the rest of the women at the post, and so for money—well, her dad could have bought and sold me a dozen times, but they and their wives looked down on her same as they did on me, for I was none whatever.

"Well, in short, the captain married her. Seemed like he got disgraceful of everything, and used to have a row with us just overpowered him. She'd been courted by every officer at the post, and more. She was pretty and full of fire, and they was a mighty nice girl. Well, the captain and she seemed like make the other women take her, and finally we kind of accepted her as one of us, and the army has got some mighty fine fellers in it, the captain got tired of trying and gave up another company and then went back to her—and then we was transferred, and I lost him. We always had a hard post, but Captain Jefferson was changed completely, just like he was kid down and never could get him to have a word with us. I was told, and it drifted on that way for a long time, but for a long spell I've still fight to get his wife recognized and treated right.

His folks back East was scandalized and called her a mixed, cattle, and a squaw, and the story went all through the army, till his brother officers had to treat her decent in order to keep enough warmth in Jefferson to live by, one thing or another it is another till he finally resented it openly. After that it was all right and long.

They made us so impressed that he quit the army—crowded him out, that's all. He was a born soldier, too, and didn't know anything else but army life, and they've given a man as I ever served under, but it seemed like as that a certain number have lived with him. He tried to go into some kind of business after he left the army, but he wasn't cut out for it, and finally—well, good as I am, I know that. The last time I seen him was down on the border, and he had a ranch and was just about quit the squaw, who was livin' with a man in Tucson.

"And do you think I'm like that wo-man?" cried Necia, in a voice of indignation.

She had listened intently to the Corporal's story, but he had carefully avoided her eyes and could not tell how she was taking it.

"No! You're different, but the army is just the same. I told you this to show Meade, and he has got to have a wife to apply to you, of course—and a mighty fine wife of course," agreed Necia again. "But what would happen to Lieutenant Burrell if—if he didn't marry you? Would you like that? There are many half-breed girls, and they like this other girl, Mrs. Nick-ne."

She did not flush now as before; instead, her cheeks were pale.

"I'll go a heap worse with him than it did with Captain Jefferson," said the Corporal, "and I'm mighty fond of him and he comes from better stock. Why, he's a swell, and he's way up in society, and they're strong at headquarters; they're pretty good, too, and they've got a place for his doing such a thing, even if he wasn't in the army. He wouldn't try for a too much sense, and loves the army too well to quit. When he gets back he'll have long ways, that bor will, if he's let alone."

"I never thought of myself as an

To Be Continued To-morrow.

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THE AMERICAN'S MAGAZINE PAGE

The Heroism of a Father

Vain Sacrifice, Perhaps; but Divinely Loving

By LILIAN BELL

It isn't always the sensible thing—the reasonable thing which grips our hearts and starts the unbidden tear.

Sometimes it is the childish, mere superstitious incident.

Who can help weeping over the story of a child losing her life to save that of her pet kitten or her doll?

Sensible people, who must first see a reason for their tears before they will consent to shed them, lose much of that spontaneity which keeps the sympathies ready and the heart tender to another's woe.

But from Italy comes the most touching story of the earthquake which has yet reached us. It was told by Paula Lombroso, the daughter of the famous Professor Lombroso, who is the authority for all the alienists of this or any other country on degenerate brain diseases.

I quote her words:

"A father, after rescuing his wife and three children, found that the fourth and last one could not be extricated alive. He assured the dying little girl that he would keep her company on the road to Heaven, and, putting his arms around her, stabbed himself to death."

Breaks All Barriers

What defence does your common sense, your reason, your higher thoughts or your advanced religious views put up against the pathos of that vain sacrifice, that superstition, if you will, that one soul can keep another company on the road to heaven and soothe a child's fears if that road be dark or dangerous?

None. Every barrier reared by your education breaks down before the flood of tears which overwhelms you at the picture your imagination paints of that pas-sion of father love and tenderness.

Forgotten were those he had raised to safety and the light of day.

Down in the darkness, pinned under heavy timbers, lay a frail little frame, made of soft, tender baby flesh—the same sort of little pink and white softness you other fathers cradle in your arms every night—yours, safe, warm, cooing and smiling—his, bleeding, agonized, crushed, crying out vainly for her father, who had never failed her before, to save her now and to take the pain away which her baby strength found so hard to bear.

Do you wonder that a perfect frenzy of fierce, unreasoning, protecting love assailed that father, and that, without counting the cost, he promised his dying baby that she should not make the journey alone?

No man would send his smallest girl out on a dangerous errand after dark.

And so this man——

I can feel the whole thing in my own heart.

"Don't cry, darling; Daddy will go with you. Daddy won't leave his little girl."

A promise which took away much of the pain. And when she felt her father's arms around her, we who know babies know that she died at least content.

Where are our advanced beliefs now?

All gone. We are back in the fold again. We can see the light through the stir of that devoted father bearing his baby in his arms to lay her at the feet of the All-Father and to cry:

"If I have sinned, O Lord, forgive! The way was dark, the road unknown and I could not leave my baby to come alone!"

And for such, we *know* there will be no condemnation.

Vain sacrifice, and wrong to have left the wife to struggle alone, you say?

Perhaps. But divinely human and loving and protecting for a father to his "little one."

The Smallest Woman's Foot

Beatrice Fairfax Says It Is Much Better to Be Concerned About the Head and Heart

Miss Rita Harris and Her Foot, the Picture Showing Its Exact Size.

By BEATRICE FAIRFAX

If this picture shows the exact size of Miss Rita Harris's foot, it is a 12½ "A," and it is claimed that it is the smallest woman's foot in New York.

I know quite well that many a maiden would sing this foot, and then study her own, and in her foolish little heart there would be great dissatisfaction. And it is not at all unlikely that she will hie her straightway to the nearest shoe shop and invest in a pair of shoes much too short and not narrow for her.

It is well to remember one fact, and that is that in order to be truly beautiful, the foot must be in proportion to the rest of the body. If you are short and slender, your foot should also be short and slender. But if you are built on large lines, it is quite natural that your foot should be large also.

In China, small feet are considered of great beauty, and in order to wear a small shoe she sees the women torture their feet out of all resemblance to a human foot.

Tight Shoes Mar Beauty

If you wear a shoe that is in any way too small, your foot is bound to show the effect by enlarged joints; and they, as you know, would spoil the beauty of the smallest foot.

Don't waste your time in longing for small feet. If you heart and brain are small, you really have something to worry about. Small hands and feet are said to feel slow deterioration of the race.

If you keep your feet well and neatly shod, no one will notice their size.

Keep your hands clean and your heart clean, and let Cuban and French heels alone.

If you want to see a foot that is in perfect proportion, look at that of the Venus di Milo. She is large, and so is her body, but nevertheless it is beautiful.

The Cause for Red Noses

Some way or another, woman seems to be perfectly insane on the small foot question. It does not enter her head to squeeze her hands into gloves much too small for her; but it is almost impossible for her to reconcile herself to wearing the size shoe that nature intended she should.

She just can't look the shoemaker in the eye and say, "I wear a 5½," although she knows that it will be torture to wear a smaller size.

So she teeters along in shoes that are too short and too light, and raises her skirts unnecessarily high in crossing the street, in the vain hope that people will notice her tiny feet.

Instead, people notice her agonized expression, and her red nose. Maybe you haven't been aware of the fact, but tight shoes make red noses.

They Do Not Win Admiration

And the wise ones, instead of admiring her, shrug their shoulders and say: "There goes a woman whose shoes hurt her."

This I know to be true, for I have been both foolish and wise on the shoe question.

You absolutely cannot "look pleasant" and wear a tight shoe.

Some of the greatest women of the world have had big feet, and big hands and heads also. Nancy Hanks, the mother of Abraham Lincoln, had enormous feet. Napoleon Bonaparte, mother of Napoleon, also had large feet.

You may be quite sure that they never bothered their heads about the size of their shoes.

The Poor American Man

"Truth" Says Nobody Wants to Marry Him! Who'd Have Thought It?

By DOROTHY DIX

According to London Truth, the American man is persona non grata, matrimonially speaking, with women. He is the very off-scouring of Cupid's realm, the last resort of the spinster who has reached the stage when, in praying for a husband, she says: "Any man, good Lord, any man."

"The American man problem puzzles all," says Truth, in its latest issue. "The American man is, apparently, objectionable to the American woman, for when the latter is sufficiently rich she generally marries a European. Though the pick of European men are prepared to marry rich American women, the European woman can seldom be induced to marry an American man. The deficiencies of the American man must be serious, for they appear to render him equally unlikable to the women of his own country and of other countries."

It Is News, Indeed

The statement that American women object to marrying American men will be news, indeed, to the rulers of the water. Most of us who have watched the strenuous efforts of about forty-seven beautiful and charming women to catch even a very eligible youth who showed his head above the matrimonial dead line have gathered that "there was willin'," at least. Old bachelors and widowers, too, go off like hot cakes, and if, indeed, the American man is objectionable as a husband to the American woman, she is the arch dissembler of her sex, for you certainly never gather that impression from her actions.

Doubtless, however, Truth would explain the phenomenon that tens of thousands of American women every year marry American men, with every outward semblance of joy and satisfaction, by saying that these unfortunate creatures are poor women who have to take what they can get, because they cannot afford the luxury of a European husband.

Go to! Does any one suppose that the rich American girl who buys a duke, or prince, or count for a husband, does so because she prefers the foreign man to the domestic variety? If the idea prevails abroad, we know better at home. Miss Millionaire doesn't marry the man at all. She marries the title. The thing that enraptures her soul is not the superlative charms of the husband she is getting for her good, hard American dollars, but the sweet bliss of having strawberry leaves, or a coronet embroidered on her underclothes, and of being addressed as "Your Grace" or "My Lady."

Titles Alone Are Sought

Really, in justice to our rich American girls, this subject ought to be understood abroad. It is certainly a reflection, not only upon their tastes, but upon their judgment, to suppose that when Anna Gould married Count Boni de Castellane and the Prince de Sagan, and their sister married the Earl of Yarmouth, or Miss Morton married the Due de Talleyrand, or any one of a dozen other millionairesses, that she might mention, married decadent whipper-snappers with titles, that they were looking out for men that were superior to American men.

Not at all. They were hunting titles. The husband that went with a title was a necessary, but inconvenient, appendage that the ladies would have gladly done without had it been possible. They knew that as far as the man part went, they could shut him up in a room with a geek in the dark and get six men at home that in every quality that goes to make a desirable husband could give any mixed pair cards and spades and beat him hands down.

Probably there has never been an American heiress who walked to the altar with the aristocratic husband her money had bought, and with a heart swelling with pride at the thought of how she had put it socially over the other girls in her set, who was not thinking of the same time that she wished that she could have the title and the ancestral castle, and at the same time have a good American husband instead of one with a dozen lurid pasts and who was liable to beat her when she vexed his noble temper.

No Monopoly on Intelligence

If it is not true that rich American girls marry the titles instead of being swept off of their feet by the charm of the foreign man, why is it, pray, that we do not hear of some millionaires marrying a poor foreigner, for nobody will contend that the gentleman with titled have a monopoly of intelligence and wit and grace of manner, and the ability to make love?

Truth's assertion that the foreign woman cannot be induced, or bribed, even, with millions, to marry an American man, needs some data to support it. My opinion is that the impoverished Lady Gwendolins, and Bernice Highnesses on nothing a year, might be induced to look with favor on a handsome American with a few yachts and hotels and things like Nancy Brown's pa.

This is, of course, if they were sufficiently urged, but the real explanation of why so few foreign women marry American men is because the American men don't ask them to.

The international match is a one-sided affair, because while the titled foreign man can bestow his title upon his wife, the title of the foreign lady is not big enough to cover her husband, and the American man has small stomach for playing the tail to his wife's kite. Therefore, there being no material advantage to gain, he is free to follow his taste, and that leads him to select a wife from among his own people.

To an American man, all other women are, as a rule, dull and commonplace beside those of his native land. It is like turning from eating cakes to bread and butter. He is accustomed to the pleasant independence, to the sprightliness and vivacity and quick responsiveness of his own women, and those bred in a different environment, used to other ways of thought, trained by the conventions of a different society, seem to him tasteless and colorless and so he seldom asks the heavy handed German Fraulein or the ingenue mademoiselle, just out of her French convent, or the prunes and prisms provincial Knglish miss, to leave her happy home and voyage over the stormy Atlantic with him.

No Need for Worry

When foreigners emigrate to this country, though, and get acclimated, there are many intermarriages between them and Americans, and it is noticeable that the women show no disinclination toward an American husband.

All of which leads one to infer that Truth is not worry about the matrimonial chances of the American man. He need not be left to pine in celibacy because neither the title or all the money abroad will marry him. He is the best husband in the world, and the most considerate, the most devoted, and the most faithful, and women will find it out. And as there is a single lady left who knows a good thing when she sees it——

And, if there is no smart demand for him, the Turkish harem will always open to him for home consumption, anyway.

DOROTHY DIX.

Advice to the Lovelorn

By Beatrice Fairfax

NERVOUSNESS THE CAUSE

DEAR MISS FAIRFAX:

I am a young man about twenty-three years old, am student, and in about six months or a year will be admitted to practice law. At the present time I am working as clerk for a commercial concern and I am getting a pretty fair salary. I am in love with a young lady about two years my junior, and have known her for three years. The truth of the matter is that although I know her for that length of time, I have only had two or three conversations with her, and no matter how I try I don't seem to be able to get better acquainted with her. I am not in the least bashful, but it is the

Sayings of a Cynic

Stealing time from sleep, is a poor way to beat it.

There are two sides to every story—and some have four and a dozen.

The wind frequently turns an umbrella, but a borrower seldom returns it.

The right kind of a man doesn't have to spend half his time looking for a job.

A woman gets more pleasure out of a good cry than a man does out of a hearty laugh.

Remember, girls, that boasting of an old love affair is a mighty poor way to get a new one.

It's an easy matter for a man to cut down his living expenses. All he has to do is break into jail.

A woman writer says a man should keep nothing from his wife. As a matter of fact, he can't.

You cannot convince a farmer that city people get up early enough to do an honest day's work.

When a girl jilts a young man, and he refuses to let it spoil his career, it is an awful jolt to her pride.

It's a gay old world when you are gay and a sad old world when you are sad. It all depends upon the point of view.

To-morrow's Best Bargains

IN BOSTON'S BIG STORES

BAILEY'S Rubber Store, 22 Boylston street, has just had made up several two beautiful raincoats which they would ordinarily retail for $15, they are made of heavy twill rubberized silk in black and navy, with plaid satin collar and cuffs to match. Just as a special offering for Tuesday these coats will be sold to gulf customers at $8.75. Sizes range from 32 to 44.

THE SHEPARD NORWELL CO. will hold a special sale of wrapper blankets on Tuesday, and among them you will find some unusual values in blankets suitable for making up bath robes for either men or women. About forty in the lot, in cotton or wool, of very desirable colorings, all made fairly full. Blankets formerly priced $2.25 may be had for $1.13, and the $3.50 kind for $1.75 and the $4.50 kind for $2.25. Just half price in every case.

JAMES A. HOUSTON & CO. have had on exhibition a very handsome mantel clock for $3 that is considered excellent value, as it is beautifully finished and has the very best American works. For to-morrow's selling this same little clock will be marked to $2 for readers of this column. It is mahogany finished and may be had brass or French gray.

MEYER JONASSON & CO. have arranged to close out all odd for scarfs at one price on Tuesday. Beautiful novelty and fancy pieces that originally sold for prices from $18 up to $18.50 will be moved for $6 each. In the lot will be found mercerized and blended taffetas, fancy stone marten, mole and a few black lynx scarfs, a rare bargain at this clearance price.

F. P. O'CONNOR & CO. will clean up several dozen smart peek bows, mull ties, turn-over collars and heavy silk neck cords at greatly reduced prices on Tuesday. There will be two lots, the first lot containing butterfly, rosette and pendant bows, in messaline, taffeta and linen, marked at two for 25 cents, and the second lot nicely made turn-over collars and beautiful neck cords at 25 cents each. Every one formerly sold for 50 cents each, and some even higher.

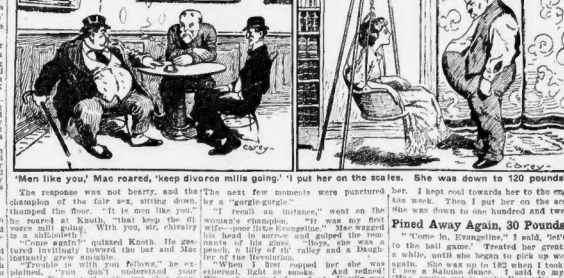
THE HENRY SIEGEL CO.'S special offering on Tuesday will interest the housekeeper. Full-sized sheets and all-linen pillow slips will be offered for 25 cents. Only seventy-five of these sets will be placed on sale at this price, so shop early.

GILCHRIST'S have just reduced sev-eral pairs of dark-colored, cross-stripe curtains to half price. They are just the thing for your living room or den. They are made from heavy madras and basket weave material in brown, green or red, with contrasting colored cross stripe, and were originally $2 a pair, but you can buy them for $1 a pair or a single curtain for 50 cents.

Mendacious Mac

He Tells the Sad and Tragic Tale of a Slave Wife Who Was Slain by Love

By Allen Sangree



'Men like you,' Mac roared, 'keep divorce mills going.' 'I put her on the scales. She was down to 120 pounds'

Knoth, the boniface and cynic from the suburbs, was holding forth in Tim Church, denouncing suffragettes.

"What's this nation coming to?" he demanded. "Here's a gifted gentleman that says a woman has a right to frisk her husband's pockets when he's asleep! There's a raid over in Philadelphia where all the squaws t' get a divorce if their husbands lay a hand on 'em.

"An' now's this lady that says under th' United States Constitution she's a slave—wants th' gov'ment t' free her just because her hubby doesn't act frickseed tripe, or something. Holy saints! It makes me feelin'! They get too much freedom; that's what's th' matter.

"Well, I don't care," said the hatchet-faced fan on statistics. "I understand that out of every three divorces, two are granted to the weaker sex. They must get a pretty rum deal. No," he added, "I'm not married. That's right, but I've seen a good deal of th' world, at that."

Knoth drew down his mouth corners in derision. "You're a goat," he cry was all like you we'd have an unwritten law for women. They'd be carrying pistols and rumpin' saloons. Slaves, eh? What they need is th' iron fist once in a while. Keeps 'em——"

Mac Champions the Fair Sex

The interruption came from Mac, who upset a couple of chairs as he waddled across the floor. His usually florid face was beaming chastening.

"Mr. Friend," he rebuked, "I am amazed to hear one of your age advocate meastic and brutal methods in the treatment of our fairest. Here, gentlemen," in fiery pique, striking his fist on the bar, "I'll make Mac hold aloft his walking stick, "I pledge you the most sacred flower—woman, noble woman!"

The response was not hearty, and the champion of the fair sex, sitting down, thumped the floor. "Set up the house!" he roared at Knoth, "that keep the divorce mill going. With you, sir, chivalry is a shibboleth."

"Come again!" quizzed Knoth. He gestured willingly toward the bar and Mac instantly grew amiable.

"Why, my friend," he said, with a pained, "you don't understand your position. You got it make you every bit as much as they do. Love, gentlemen," pleaded Mac, "is the most tremendous power in th' world. It is, by gravity!"

Horrors! She Was Getting Fat!

"On the second week of our honeymoon, th' happiest a loving couple ever spent, I noticed to my horror that her cheeks were filling out. In other words she was getting fat!

"Now, in a big man like me or—a certain number of ounces means dignity, dignity, power." Mac made a fat gesture. "But a woman, no! It's disgusting!

"I loved her too much to turn her out of th' house; but what with the disgrace, and one thing and another, I was almost crazy. The neighbors were talking about it.

"Yet," he turned upon Knoth, "would probably have made her work or beat her, I said to myself, Mac, the age of chivalry is past.

"All of a sudden an idea came to me. It was at the breakfast table. Evangeline asked me to pass the Philadelphia scrapple. I didn't notice her.

"Mac," she said, 'I asked you twice to pass me th' scrapple. Don't you love me any more?' I never answered her, and left th' table without waiting to pick my teeth. Stayed out all day, and when I came home late that night I saw that she had pined away fifteen pounds.

"Hied to laugh at myself how I'd worked the next few moments were punctured by a 'gurgle-gurgle.'

"I recall an instance," went on the woman's champion, "it was my first wife—poor little Evangeline." Mac wagged his head in sorrow and gulped the remnants of his glass. "Boys, she was a peach, a lily of th' valley and a Daughter of the Revolution.

"When I first copped her she was ethereal, light as smoke. And redhead! Why, she sent had me beat. Finally was refined; but had twelve billiard tables in the house; and only her father beat her mother and Evangeline.

"Mac," said my wife, 'you've known that woman before.' 'I did not,' I said, and the flame of mine. Well, sir, she couldn't eat a bite that evening, although I took her to a swell restaurant and ordered pigs' head and turnips.

"She paid some thirty pounds. Then I showed her as much love as ever, and we was happy as two turtle doves.

"Boys, what I'm going to tell you now will be a shock to you. It is one of the grim tragedies of this mundane sphere. Mac pulled out a red silk handkerchief and slipped it over his eyes.

"I had played th' game for months. When she reached 120 pounds, weight were happy as it was possible for mortals to be. Then one dread day I left her in the pine—took a little trip t' Philadelphia, intending to remain about forty-eight hours.

"That night a blizzard began to rage. The snow came down and swept across th' prairie, and my train was held up nine days in a terrible drift. Couldn't send a telegram, or anything. I cheer her up.

Only a Little Smile Left

"When I got back I didn't even stop t' get a drink, but went to the house and all the way. There were fourteen doctors around th' bedside, but they couldn't do a thing for her.

"I entered the room she gave a cry like a crippled sea gull and fluttered to my arms, saying: 'Oh, my beautiful Mac, my darling, darling Mac!' and she passed away happily on my bosom. She had pined away until there was only a little smile on the end.

"Hic," concluded the woman's champion, artlessly. "I did all that a loving husband could do under the circumstances. Bought her a dandy tombstone—cost me twenty dollars, solid cash. I inscribed on it: 'Sacred to the memory of Darling Evangeline with my love.' Faithful to the Memory of Mac.'"

The Hall-Room Boys' Food Problem

"YOU must learn to restrain yourself," said Ferdie; "your check is twice as much as mine."

"I was always a good feeder," admitted Percy, "and besides, if your check were twice as much as mine we'd be forced to ask credit from the management to the extent of fifty cents."

"Very true," responded Ferdie, "but, dwelling on what might have been, if your check were only half as much as mine, we'd have 8 cents left for the smokes."

Can you sort out this table talk and tell just how much money the Hall-Room Boys had between them?

One hundred prize puzzle books will be distributed among those who send best answers to Puzzle Editor, in care of this paper.

Here are some views on the Hall-Room Boys already received from puzzle solvers:

Dear Puzzle Editor—Percy and Ferdie had $1.19 before they went to food.

FRIEDA KAPLAN.

Dear Puzzle Editor—I think that Percy and Ferdie had 17½ cents between them.

FRIEDA BERGSTEIN.

Dear Puzzle Editor—The Hall-Room Boys' meals cost 16 cents and 33 cents, which equals 49 cents. They had 62 cents between them.

JOHN MEIGH.

Dear Puzzle Editor—Enclosed is your puzzle. I think that the boys had between them fifty-four times (54 cents). Percy had 36 cents and Ferdie had 18 cents.

A. KATZ.

Just a Few Assorted Jokes

District Attorney Heney of San Francisco, a short time after his wounding, discussed with a reporter at his bedside one of his statements about the San Francisco boodlers.

"They expect me to retract that statement, do they?" he said grimly. "Well, if I did retract it my retraction would be like the Tombston editor's.

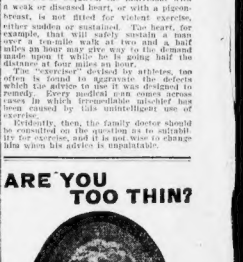
"He, you know, printed a story to the effect that a rival editor's father had served thirty-seven years in jail. Pressure was brought to bear on him, and finally he agreed to retract that statement. In his retraction he said:

"We find that we were mistaken when we said in last weeks issue that that Clarion editor's papa had passed thirty-seven Summers in the penitentiary. All Stories.

Caller (on crutches and with a handkerchief over one eye)—I have come, sir, to ask reparation for the wrong due me on an accident insurance policy. I fell down a long flight of stairs the other evening and sustained damages that will disable me for a month to come.

Manager of Company—Young man, I have taken the trouble to investigate your case, and I find that you are not entitled to anything. It could not be called an accident. You certainly knew the young lady's father was at home. —Short Stories.

ARE YOU TOO THIN?



Would a little more flesh make you more stylish and attractive?

Would a few pounds more make you better satisfied with your personal appearance?

Would you gladly welcome both if we could please you and others more if you were a bit stouter?

If so, you will be pleased to learn that we can give you the additional flesh that you desire?

I PROVE IT FREE

If you write me today I will send you promptly sufficient Dr. Whitney's Nerve and Flesh Builder to demonstrate to you that a superb figure with beautiful arms, shapely neck and shoulders, full bust, rounded cheeks and well developed form can be yours in the time being, but permanently.

I will send it to you entirely free of charge for this, my experience proves that I can well afford to take all risks in proving what this Treatment will do.

This is a purely vegetable compound and cannot possibly do you any harm but is always of great benefit to the general health.

It will positively enlarge the bust from 2 to 6 inches and give a healthy tint to the complexion the Free Trial Treatment proves this.

Don't delay, write today to the C. L. JONES CO., 5434 Prince Bldg., Elmira, N. Y., for even if this generous offer overcrowds us it will have to be withdrawn.

Read the "Want Ads" Next to Last Page.

How to Exercise

By DR. ALEXANDER DAVIDSON.

In these days of athletic sports for old and young, men and women, a word of warning is urgently demanded.

Hereditary weakness required, the individual with a weak or diseased heart, or with a pigeon-breast, is not fitted for violent exercise, either sudden or sustained. The heart, for example, will safely sustain a long run over a ten-mile walk at two and a half hours, but may give way to the demand made upon it while he is going half the distance at four miles an hour.

The "exercises" devised by athletes, too often found to aggravate the defects which the advice to use it was designed to remedy. Every medical man comes across cases in which irremediable mischief has been caused by the unintelligent use of exercise.

Evidently, then, the family doctor should be consulted on the question as to suitability for exercise, and also as to the advice to change him when his advice is unpalatable.

UNIONS URGE REFERENDUM ON CHARTER

Union labor demands that a referendum clause be attached to the proposed new city charter for Boston. This battleries the right of recall and some form of municipal woman suffrage are also asked.

The State Branch of the American Federation begins to-day an active campaign, particularly in behalf of the referendum. The watchword of the fight is: "No new charter at all without a referendum clause."

Circulars will be sent to all legislators, demanding the referendum. Others will be sent to all affiliated unions in the State, urging the endorsement of the referendum.

Meanwhile the Boston members of the Legislature are lining up against the new charter as it now is on account of the absence of any provision for submitting it to the voters.

If the committee on Metropolitan Affairs reports the charter proposed by the Finance Commission, or any other charter without a referendum clause, the committee will have the fight of its life when the charter comes up for debate.

The Finance Commission is coming in for more and more comment for omitting the referendum provision from the charter.

Urge Woman Suffrage.

The executive committee and the legislative committee of the State Branch, A. F. of L., held a joint meeting at the Wells Memorial Hall yesterday. It was unanimously voted that the legislative committee should endeavor to have a referendum clause attached to any new city charter passed by the Legislature, that the committee should urge the insertion of provisions for the initiative, referendum and right of recall, and that the committee should attend to its duty in the matter of municipal suffrage for women provided for.

Secretary-Treasurer Edward H. Driscoll was instructed to communicate the position of the State Branch on this subject to all organizations interested in direct legislation.

It was further voted to have the legislative committee to take such action as would result in the amendment of the charter to the proposed charter.

Members called attention to the new Haverhill city charter, which has been declared constitutional by the Supreme Judicial Court, and which provides for initiative, referendum and rights of recall. It was argued that it was absurd for anyone to suggest that Boston citizens should have less control of their own affairs than the citizens of Haverhill or any other place.

Driscoll Leads Fight.

The suggestion of the Finance Commission regarding action which might be taken concerning a margay at the end of his second year, which has been entered to a recall provision, was also described as absurd.

It was voted that Secretary-Treasurer Driscoll of the state branch should spend next, under direction of the legislative committee, A. F. of L. campaign in the State House.

Circulars to be prepared for organizations bodies in the state and for the legislators. The aim is to urge the unions to go personal work with the legislative committees from their districts. The other circulars will be sent addressed to the unions, calling their personal attention to the question.

In this way there will be no chance of any legislator being unaware of the attitude of union labor.

Majority for Referendum.

A poll of the Boston members of the legislature shows a big majority against the new city charter without a referendum clause. Out of fifty-two Senators and Representatives, thirty-five came out for referendum and fights on the legislative matters from their districts. The other fifteen could not be seen about legislature

EDITORIAL PAGE OF THE **BOSTON AMERICAN** BOSTON FEBRUARY 1, 1909

BOSTON AMERICAN

NO. AND 82 SUMMER ST., BOSTON, FEBRUARY 1, 1909

Dr. Parkhurst to Write for the Boston American

An Announcement That Will Interest and Please All of Our Readers.

It is a pleasure to tell our readers that Dr. Charles H. Parkhurst has consented to write regularly for the great family of readers to whom the AMERICAN goes every day. Dr. Parkhurst has accepted the suggestion that he should speak at frequent intervals to our vast army of readers—an army so great that no church, or hundred churches, could possibly contain it.

Dr. Parkhurst has been a fighter all his life, a fighter in defence of just law. Every public question interests him as a good citizen and an earnest man. He will discuss matters of public interest in our columns, and we hope that his discussions may continue for many years.

Certainly our READERS are to be congratulated, and we feel that Dr. Parkhurst should be congratulated upon having the greatest, most influential audience that has ever been gathered together in Boston—THE READERS OF THIS NEWSPAPER.

Not Animals Alone Are Vivisected

Vivisection of Human Beings Has Been the Price of Progress. Vivisection Is the Currency With Which Humanity's Big Bills Are Paid.

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Mr. J. A. Mitchell keeps up a determined fight against vivisection. He won't stop vivisection—until vivisection shall have stopped disease—but he and others deserve credit for their fighting. Science, progress and health demand the vivisection of animals. Human decency demands supervision and restriction of vivisection.

Mr. Mitchell quotes a Dr. J. S. Harndall, who says:

> "There is no proof that the millions of animals that have been cruelly tortured and sacrificed to the whims of scientists have produced the slightest benefit to science."

Dr. Harndall's statement is inaccurate. Dr. Harndall is a veterinary surgeon. When he docks a horse's tail or "nerves" the lower foreleg to cure "Navicular," he uses a drug that makes the horse unconscious, or deadens the nerves that are cut.

Such drugs, cocaine or anesthetics, have been in use only a short time. Chloroform, laughing gas, and all the other agents for destroying sensation, are recent discoveries. A man no longer has his leg cut off on the battlefield screaming with pain while three men hold him. Millions of children are benefited in health by various mild operations, pulling teeth, cutting out adenoids and so on. They never know it.

The amount of suffering that the children of the world have escaped, thanks to that single invention of the anesthetic, exceeds by far all the sufferings of all the animals that ever were vivisected. Were not animals used in the early experiments with anesthetics, just as they are used now in experiments with various serums that fight disease? Will any good-hearted anti-vivisectionist deny that the anesthetic is a great blessing?

The antitoxin that has made a joke of diphtheria, that was once a dreadful child killer, is the result of vivisection. HASN'T THAT DONE GOOD?

Doctors are working now with the aid of vivisection upon cures for consumption and cancer. They will conquer those diseases.

A conscientious vivisectionist is a public servant, to be thanked, not abused. The kind-hearted man insists that all vivisection shall be conducted under anesthetics, or at least with a minimum of pain. AND THAT THE MAN GUILTY OF WANTON VIVISECTION, OR VIVISECTION WITHOUT AUTHORITY, SHALL BE PUT IN JAIL. He also deserves thanks.

Let us take for granted Mr. Mitchell's quoted statement, "There is no proof that vivisection has produced the slightest benefit." What about the vivisection that has been practised upon human beings by nature herself since the beginning of human life?

Isn't every mother that brings a child into the world subjected to suffering that, by reason of her greater sensibility, far exceeds the pain suffered by any animal? If the vivisection of a few unhappy animal mothers should enable doctors to deaden in childbirth the nerves that carry sensation to the brain, and thus make childbirth painless, wouldn't that be justified through the abolition of so much pitiful agony throughout all future ages? Animals as well as men would be gainers.

And what about the millions, tens and hundreds of millions of human beings that have been vivisected in the course of human history?

Isn't the Wisdom that controls us and our development the greatest of all vivisectors? A few animals suffer when science wins a victory.

Think of the millions of human beings that have suffered for every victory of liberty in the history of the world's progress.

Think of the dreadful VIVISECTION OF POVERTY practised on thousands of millions in the past and on hundreds of millions to-day! Isn't there the vivisection of the sweatshop back of the handsome coat that Mr. Mitchell wears? There's a vivisection WORTH fighting.

Isn't there the vivisection of childhood in the coal in Mr. Mitchell's grate? Fight the vivisection of children in the mines and the children in the mills. THAT is a vivisection worth fighting.

This earth of ours is no flower garden for sentimentalists. And many of our "best people" are too apt to weep over Marie Antoinette's head cut off, and forget the millions of necks upon which her palace, with its gambling saloon, was built.

And many are too much inclined to devote all their sympathies to the vivisected mother dog that leaves her puppies to starve, and forget the vivisected human mother from whom the mill, or starvation itself, takes the strength that would have kept her baby alive.

This is a WORLD OF VIVISECTION, Mr. Mitchell, and all our history is a HISTORY of vivisection. Men have vivisected each other on the battlefield, and through ages of slavery and serfdom.

Religion has vivisected men on the rack and with the boot and the burning fire. Arrogant power has vivisected the unfortunate masses made helpless by want.

Save the mother dog, if you can, and feed the little puppies through a tube if you have time, and weep over the thousand-pound horse that goes on eating his oats when he is tapped for the diphtheritic serum that saves the child's life. BUT DON'T FORGET THE HUMAN BEINGS AND THEIR BABIES. THEY ALSO NEED YOUR SYMPATHY.

MRS. TRUBBELL

By T. E. Powers

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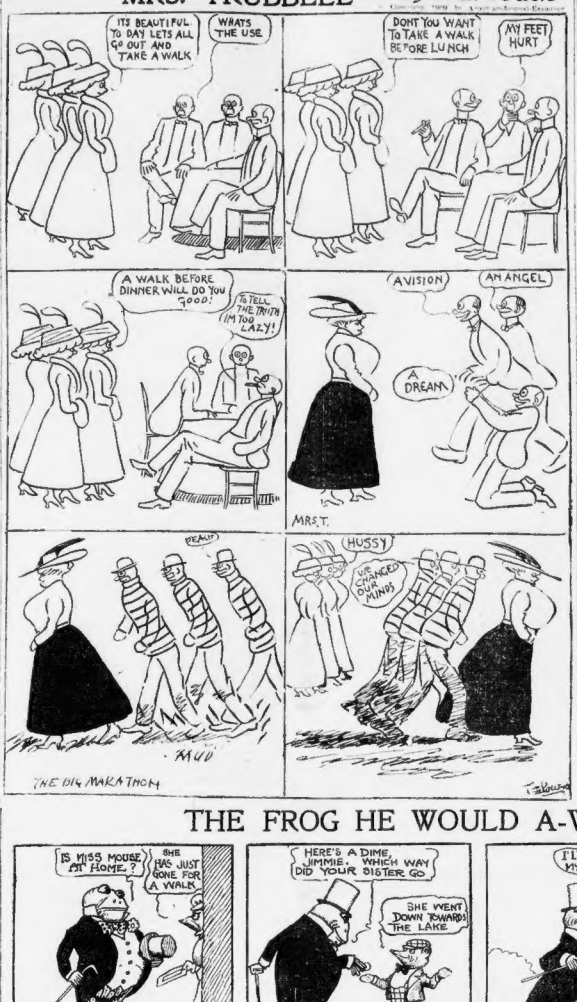

Casting Out Fear

Timidity of Soul Means Defeat, but Higher Forces Can Banish It

By ELLA WHEELER WILCOX

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FEAR is the twin of Faith's sworn foe, Distrust;
If one dwell in your heart, the other must.

Fear is the open enemy of good.
It means the God in man misunderstood.

Who walks with Fear adown life's road will meet
His boon companions, Failure and Defeat.

But look the bully boldly in the eyes,
With mien undaunted, and he turns and flies.

ELLA WHEELER WILCOX.

MOST of us shelter some pet fear in our hearts.

Many of us give room, rent free, to a whole brood of fears.

The old orthodox religion of our early Christian Fathers was built on fear.

The Puritans loved the fear of God more than they loved the love of God or humanity.

A more wholesome creed is taught in our day; even the churches are beginning to teach love, in place of fear.

The New Thought philosophy makes fear the only devil.

Yet even those who know the foolishness and danger of entertaining fear find it difficult to exile the demon from their hearts and minds. So absolutely that it cannot find some window left open through which it may creep and curl up to our ruin.

The fear of poverty, when it becomes a settled thought, is classed as insanity by brain specialists. Many men of wealth die in misery, victims of this mania.

Fear of being slighted or injured by others, when indulged and dwelt upon, becomes another form of insanity, called paranoia.

The Evil Effects of Fear

Fear of misfortune and bad luck caused a successful and healthy man to commit suicide recently, because he found the ship on which he had taken passage for Europe was to sail on the thirteenth of the month. So deeply rooted had become his superstitious fear of the date that he lost his reason.

Fear of death caused a man who was challenged to a duel to kill himself before the hour set for the duel arrived.

Fear of sickness sends many a man and woman to the sanitarium, and many others to the grave.

Yet how to rid our minds of these fears, or others like them, is oftimes a serious problem. The mind that has long entertained fear becomes weakened, and is seemingly unable, alone and unassisted, to drive out the enemy to peace and happiness.

That is the time when we appeal to the Higher Forces, to the "Invisible Helpers," will bring its sure response.

Go alone to your best-loved room, or to the spot where you can be sure of silence and seclusion. Sit quietly and breathe deeply, until your nerves are calmed; then lift your whole nature in an earnest appeal to the "Great Friends," the "Invisible Helpers," to come to your aid. Ask them to take away fear from your heart, and to replace it with infinite trust, absolute faith, joy unspeakable.

After you have made this appeal, assert that peace, happiness and trust are yours.

The Way to Banish Fear

Say to your subjective mind, when you are falling asleep, "I am taking my thinking, objective mind to the land of sleep. I leave you in charge. Fill my being with serenity, confidence in God, and in myself; drive away fear and despondency."

Then make your little assertion the very last conscious moment, "I am encircled by the arms of Divine Love, and nothing but good can come to me."

You will waken with a new sense of security and strength in the morning.

If during the day old fear tries to creep in, make your good night assertion again, and refuse to think of fear-inspiring things.

Recall to yourself the innumerable times when fears which you have entertained in the past proved to be nothing but the result of your own imagination.

If you are inclined to question the existence of Angel Helpers, or Invisible Friends, rest on the fact that there can be produced a mighty army of brilliant and sane souls who have proven those things to their own satisfaction, and that the greatest achievements in the history of the world have been done by men and women who have believed in Spiritual intelligences and their power to aid mankind.

These intelligences, these helpers, do exist, and Help will belong to you. Go kingdom of your own soul, and drive away fear, if you ask their assistance.

But after it is given, and while you are asking, you must help yourself by practical and persistent methods. Their work is to help those who help themselves, not to do your work for you.

Peace, Power and Plenty belong to you. Claim your own.

THE FROG HE WOULD A-WOOING GO

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IS MISS MOUSE AT HOME?
SHE HAS JUST GONE FOR A WALK
HERE'S A DIME, JIMMIE. WHICH WAY DID YOUR SISTER GO
SHE WENT DOWN TOWARD THE LAKE
I'LL TELL HER MY LOVE AS WE WALK BY THE RIPPLING WATERS
TO THE LAKE
IT'S GREAT TO BE WHERE NO PESTS CAN BOTHER US, ISN'T IT?

THE HALL-ROOM BOYS

They Didn't Know It Was a Charity Affa'r

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SAY, HALL-ROOM, PUDGEWAY SENT ME TICKETS FOR SOME SOCIAL AFFAIR. HE'S CONNECTED WITH. HE TOLD ME TO BRING YOU FELLOWS ALONG. WANT TO TAKE IT IN?
SURE! I SPOSE THERE'LL BE SOME KIND OF A HAND OUT IN THE EATING LINE.
MERCY ME. WONDER WHAT OPENED HIS HEART TO INVITE US.
1
GEE-WHAT ARE WE UP AGAINST!
GOSH! IT LOOKS AS IF IT WOULDN'T TAKE VERY LONG TO SEPARATE A FELLOW FROM HIS BANK-ROLL IN THIS BUNCH. I WONDER HOW FAR MY 50¢ WILL GO?
HERE'S LORD PERKINSON. WON'T YOU TAKE A CHANCE ON AN AUTOMOBILE?
2
50¢ MR. HALL-ROOM.
AH MISS SIBYL, IT IS WORTH THAT ALONE TO HAVE YOU PIN IT ON.
OH MR. HALL-ROOM WONT YOU TAKE A CHANCE ON A PANSY ONLY 50¢.
EH-SURE! HOW MUCH?
3
HEAVENS PERC, LET'S BEAT IT DOWN TO THE SMOKING ROOM.
HERE'S FERDIE.
OH PERCY, WONT YOU TAKE A CHANCE ON AN AUTOMOBILE!
I-ER-SURE. I'LL TAKE 10, BUT COULDN'T SEE YOU LATER IN THE EVENING!
4
OH BOYS, SUCH A LOVELY PAINTING, WONT YOU TAKE A CHANCE?
NIX!
5
GAD PERKINSON, THAT WAS A LOW DOWN TRICK BRINGING US HERE. WHY I HAVEN'T EVEN CAR-FARE TO GET HOME WITH.
SCURVY ALL RIGHT.
REALLY HALL-ROOM, I DON'T KNOW IT WAS GOING TO BE A CHARITABLE AFFAIR. HONEST!
6